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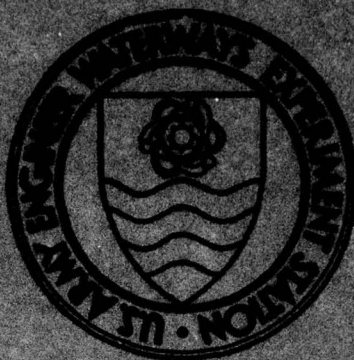
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TECHNICAL REPORT M-74-5

**COMPUTER-CALCULATED GEOMETRIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF MIDDLE-MISSISSIPPI
RIVER SIDE CHANNELS**

VOLUME I: PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

by

V. E. LaGarde, S. J. Winfrey

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June 1974

Sponsored by U. S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis
Office of Environmental Resources, St. Louis, Missouri

Conducted by U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station
Mobility and Environmental Systems Laboratory
Vicksburg, Mississippi

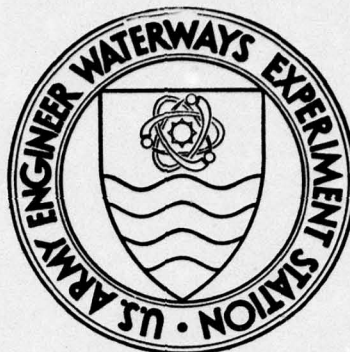
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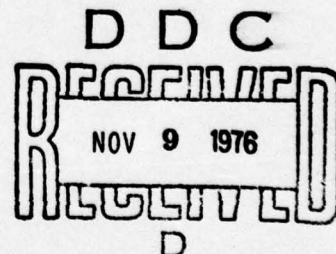


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FOREWORD

This study was conducted for the U. S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis (SLD), from January to August 1973. It was performed under the general supervision of Messrs. W. G. Shockley, Chief, Mobility and Environmental Systems Laboratory, W. E. Grabau, Chief, Environmental Systems Division, and J. K. Stoll, Chief, Environmental Simulation Branch (ESB), and MAJ W. P. Emge, Office for Environmental Studies. Dr. V. E. LaGarde, Project Manager, ESB, was responsible for design of the project, development of calculational procedures, and development of a portion of the computer software. Mr. S. J. Winfrey, ESB, was responsible for the development of the remaining computer software and the operation of all stages of the calculational procedures. This report was prepared by Dr. LaGarde and Mr. Winfrey.

Directors of WES during the study and preparation of the report were BG E. D. Piexotto, CE, and COL G. H. Hilt, CE. Technical Director was Mr. F. R. Brown.

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CONVERSION FACTORS, BRITISH TO METRIC AND METRIC TO
BRITISH UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

Units of measurement used in this report can be converted as follows:

<u>Multiply</u>	<u>By</u>	<u>To Obtain</u>
	<u>British to Metric</u>	
feet	0.3048	meters
miles (U. S. statute)	1.6093	kilometers
acres	0.4047	hectares
acre-feet	1232.75	cubic meters
	<u>Metric to British</u>	
meters	3.2808	feet

SUMMARY

Several geometric characteristics of water-basin regimes, including basin size and shape, area underwater at specific water depth, and cross-sectional area, are commonly associated with benthic, plankton, and fish community population structures, although little quantitative data are available to support the association. This two-volume report describes a general procedure that was developed to calculate values of selected parameters used to define the above-mentioned geometric characteristics of any water-basin regime. The procedure was successfully applied to yield quantitative information for those parameters for 18 side channels of the Middle Mississippi River. Which of the parameters selected as quantitative descriptors of the characteristics are best indicators of animal community population structures is expected to be determined as a result of other projects currently under way at the U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station.

Volume I contains a description of the procedure and the results of implementing it. Volume II contains a set of computer-plotted contour maps for the 18 side channels.

COMPUTER-CALCULATED GEOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
MIDDLE MISSISSIPPI RIVER SIDE CHANNELS

VOLUME I: PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

PART I: INTRODUCTION

Background

1. The continued implementation of engineering structures, such as wing dams, is under study as an aid in maintaining the 9-ft*-deep by 300-ft-wide channel between St. Louis, Missouri, and Cairo, Illinois. Dams constrict the river flow to midchannel, so that the scouring action of the swifter midstream flow helps maintain the desired channel depth. The materials scoured from the main river channel and other solids already in suspension are transported downstream, and portions are deposited in slack-water areas. The deposit of those materials along the riverbanks has an effect upon the aquatic regimes along the river, particularly side channels that are open to the river and have flow through them at normal river stages. Since the side channels are important as fish and wildlife habitats, particularly as sport and commercial fish spawning areas, there is a need to examine the scouring action and transport within the main channel and the probable effects on geometric, chemical, and biological characteristics of the side channels. An analysis of the relation between those characteristics and animal populations can be used as a basis for predicting possible changes in animal populations caused by changes in side-channel characteristics and, indirectly, the changes in animal populations caused by maintaining the 9-ft-deep channel.

* A table of factors for converting British units of measurement to metric units, and metric units to British units, is presented on page ix.

Purpose

2. The purpose of the research program under which this study was performed was to provide reference material to the U. S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis (SLD), for preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement relative to the development and maintenance of a 9-ft-deep navigation channel in the Middle Mississippi River.* The primary purpose of the study reported herein, which is one of several conducted by the U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) in support of the program, was to provide a portion of the environmental inventory information needed to analyze relations between animal populations and the geometric, chemical, and biological elements of the project side-channel areas. A secondary purpose was to establish a comprehensive computer-accessible data base containing Middle Mississippi River side-channel data for use by analysts to calculate parameter values for additional side-channel geometric characteristics.

Scope

3. This study encompassed the definition, development, and use of a general procedure to quantify geometric characteristics of 18 Middle Mississippi River side channels from St. Louis, Missouri, to Cairo, Illinois.

Approach

4. Several geometric characteristics of water-basin regimes, including basin size and shape, area underwater at specific water depth, and cross-sectional area, have been associated with benthic, plankton,

* The results of the program will be published by the Waterways Experiment Station in a report entitled "Environmental Analysis and Assessment of the Mississippi River 9-ft Channel Project Between St. Louis, Mo., and Cairo, Ill.," by W. P. Emge, and others.

and fish community population structures,* typically through the food chain. For example, penetration of sunlight to the basin bottom has a major influence on the type and mass of aquatic vegetation, which, in turn, provides hiding places for some fish species and a major link in the food chain of all fishes.

5. The following parameters were selected to describe quantitatively the geometric characteristics of side channels.

- a. Center-line length.
- b. Average width between high banks.
- c. Water volume as a function of water elevation.
- d. Shoreline length as a function of water elevation.
- e. Water surface area as a function of water elevation.
- f. Shoreline development as a function of water elevation.
- g. Rate of change of water surface area with respect to water elevation (derivative of water surface area with respect to water elevation) as a function of water elevation.
- h. Ratio of water surface area to volume as a function of water elevation.
- i. Ratio of shoreline length to water surface area as a function of water elevation.
- j. Bottom surface area underwater as a function of water elevation and water depth.
- k. Water cross-sectional area as a function of water elevation at selected sampling locations (stations).

Since values of side-channel characteristics change as a function of water elevation within the side channel (and therefore as a function of season), the appropriate parameters were calculated as a function of water elevation as indicated above. The calculation of parameters as a function of water elevation makes possible the analysis of the data during the major phases of animal life cycles; for example, fish

* C. E. Warren and P. Doudoroff, Biology and Water Pollution Control, Saunders, Philadelphia, Pa., 1971.

G. E. Hall, ed., "Reservoir Fisheries and Limnology," Special Publication No. 8, 1971, American Fisheries Society, Washington, D. C.

C. D. Sculthorpe, The Biology of Aquatic Vascular Plants, Edward Arnold, London, 1967.

spawning, juvenile, and mature phases, which occur during different seasons of the year and, thus, usually at different water levels.

6. The Middle Mississippi River side channels identified during the research program are indicated in fig. 1 and listed in table 1 in decreasing order of river mile location. (Side channels are identified and numbered identically with those described in the report to be published containing the research program results.) River mile locations of the extremities of each side channel and sampling locations (stations) within each also are noted in table 1. The parameters listed in paragraph 5 were calculated in this study for all side channels except side channels 5, 7, 13, 14, 15, 24, and 25.

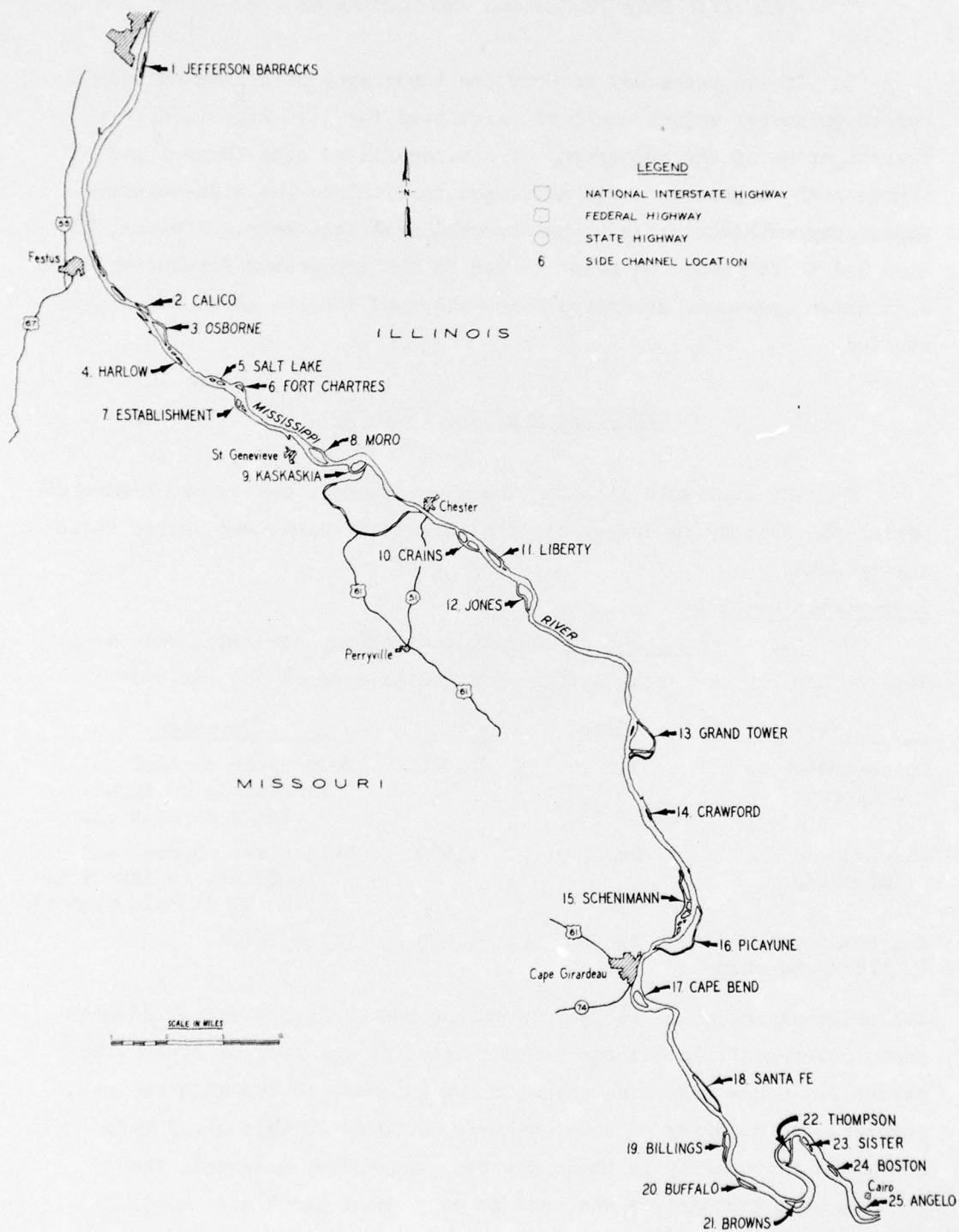


Fig. 1. Index map of Middle Mississippi River side channels

PART II: DATA PROCESSING AND TOPOGRAPHY SIMULATION

7. It was necessary to know the topography of a side channel before parameter values could be calculated for it. Since a direct investigation of the topography of a water-filled side channel was impractical, a procedure was developed to simulate the side-channel topography mathematically using assorted available data. However, the data had to be processed prior to use in the topography simulation. The simulation procedure described below was used for the 18 side channels studied.

Processing of Available Data

8. The available data for the side channels consisted of complete aerial photography coverage, limited fathometer data, and sparse field survey data.

Preparation of data

9. Aerial photographs. Aerial photography coverage, made available by the SLD and used in this study, consisted of the following:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
Black-and-white infrared	Jan 70	1:12,000	Main river channel and floodplain in immediate vicinity of main channel
False-color infrared	Aug 71	1:12,000	Main river channel and floodplain in immediate vicinity of main channel
Panchromatic (black and white)	Jun 69	1:24,000	Floodplain

The original intent of the SLD in having the black-and-white infrared photo coverage flown did not include specific coverage of river side channels. Since most side channels are adjacent to the main channel, however, the majority of side channels included in this study were contained in totality in those photos. Where they were not, the panchromatic photography was used to supplement the black-and-white infrared coverage. The supplementary panchromatic coverage was enlarged

by a camera process to the scale of the black-and-white infrared coverage.

10. Only one of the 18 side channels was totally contained on a single black-and-white infrared aerial photo. A complete picture of the remaining side channels was produced by constructing photomosaics with the black-and-white infrared photos, supplemented by the panchromatic photos where necessary. According to SLD, the photos were rectified and were at a scale of 1:12,000, and these statements were taken as the basis for assuming nondistortion of the side channels' spatial configurations on the photos and for calculating the side channels' horizontal dimensions from the photos, respectively. No control points were available on the photos to validate these statements. Fig. 2 is a reproduction of that portion of the photomosaic containing side channel Osborne and a portion of the main channel. The photomosaic was made up of two black-and-white infrared photos, and is approximately nine-tenths the scale of the original. In fig. 2 the notations in the area of the side channel include locations where fathometer and survey data were taken (paragraphs 16-19) and water levels at the times of the aerial photo coverage and the fathometer runs.

11. The black-and-white infrared coverage was used as the basis for side-channel horizontal dimensions data for several reasons. It contained the most complete coverage, with a late flyover date, at the largest scale available. In addition, the coverage was flown during the time when deciduous tree foliage was at a minimum and the water stage was low. Also, the black-and-white infrared film energy response functions are such that the water-land interface is most easily interpreted on that type of film.

12. The false-color photography was examined in a limited number of situations to resolve ambiguities on the black-and-white photography. It was not found useful for supplementing the data to any extent because the foliage was in full bloom in that photography, making interpretation of high bank difficult, and the water level was higher than in the black-and-white coverage. In addition, false-color photography does not always show the land-water interface distinctly; it is frequently



Fig. 2. Aerial photomosaic of side channel Osborne

difficult to determine whether a flat sand structure is above or immediately below the water surface.

13. The river stage in the immediate locale of each side channel was calculated jointly by SLD and WES for the time of photo coverage. Most side channels contained water at the same level as the main river channel, providing a ready source of elevation data within the side channels at the land-water interface locations. Procedures described in paragraph 28 were used to deduce the elevation of pools not connected to the main river channel.

14. The spatial extent of each side channel was delineated on transparent overlays from the aerial photos by photo interpreters. The high-bank position, as indicated by mature willow growth, was used to define the side-channel edges. The water entrance and egress locations (ends of the side channel) were defined at their junctures with the main river channel, or preferably at the location of water-flow control structures within the side channel close to that juncture. An example of such a transparent overlay is shown in fig. 3, which is a reproduction of the overlay for side-channel Osborne at the same scale as fig. 2. It shows the total outline of that side channel, the locations where fathometer data were obtained, the locations of dikes, the waterline within the side channel, and stations where the cross-sectional area of the side channel was to be calculated.

15. Since the data on the transparent overlays were at an inconveniently small scale for subsequent operations, the overlays were digitized and input to the WES computer, and expanded overlays were computer-plotted at a much larger scale to yield working base maps. Digitizing was performed through the use of a manually operated device, which recorded the two-dimensional Cartesian coordinates of points and lines at positions dictated by the equipment user. Information other than Cartesian coordinates, e.g. the elevation of a specific point, was recorded through a keyboard. All recorded data were automatically placed on magnetic tape during the digitizing process, and were immediately available for input to computer software at completion of the digitizing process. A computer graphics rather than camera expansion procedure was

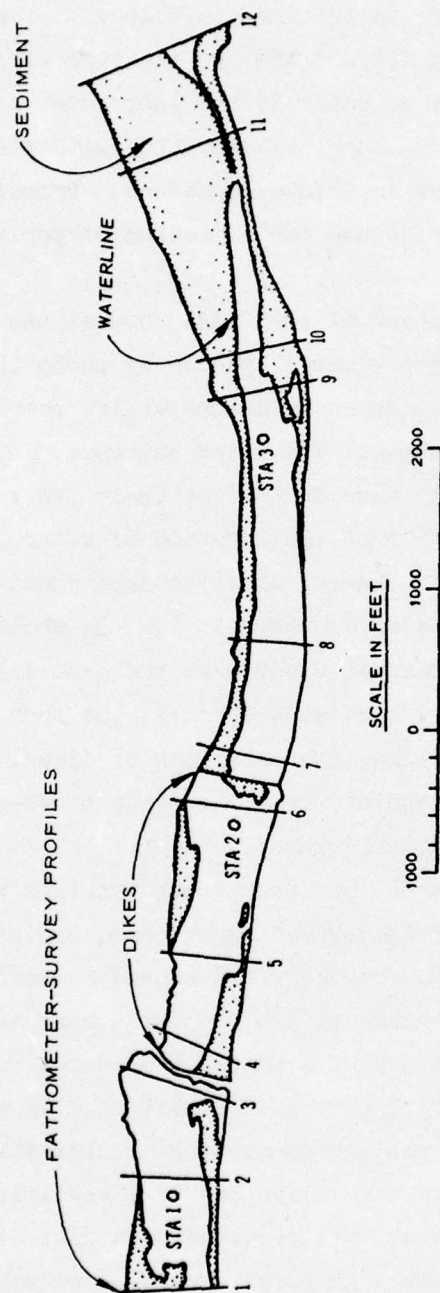


Fig. 3. Reproduction of transparent overlay for side channel Osborne

used because of the overall time and funds savings and the fact that perfect linearity and scale control were assured in the computerized expansion process.

16. Fathometer and survey data. During May 1972, personnel of the SLD operated the SLD's fathometer equipment to obtain bottom profiles within the side channels. Bottom profiles for any side channel consisted of both selected profiles across (cross profiles numbered 1-12 in fig. 3) and a single profile down the estimated position of the thalweg. Attempts were made to locate the cross profiles at the side channel ends (often at or near control structures), on both sides of any known underwater control structures, and at one position between control structures. Since the operation occurred during high water, the fathometer was carried over the maximum possible extent of the side-channel width on cross profiles and over all dikes along the thalweg profile. Because of the high water, the boat carrying the fathometer was able to reach the high-bank positions and, in a few cases, to actually pass over the high banks on cross profiles. The distances of the starting and ending points for a cross profile from local reference points (e.g. willow line) were noted on the fathometer strip charts. The inability to measure cross profiles over the entire distance from high bank to high bank for most of the profiles was primarily due to trees protruding from the water over the high banks and, in a few cases, to bluffs forming the high banks.

17. A survey team, operating in August 1972 during a period of relatively low water, supplemented the data. The team located the fathometer-profile positions and took profile data over the ends of the profiles up to the high-bank position, and measured the horizontal distance from high bank to high bank along the profiles, the distances along the side channel between cross profiles, and dike elevations. All measurements were performed with rod and transit.

18. Figs. 4 and 5 are examples of the profile data available for this study after the fathometer and survey data were spliced. The figures consist of one of the cross profiles and the thalweg profile, respectively, for side channel Osborne. The location of the cross

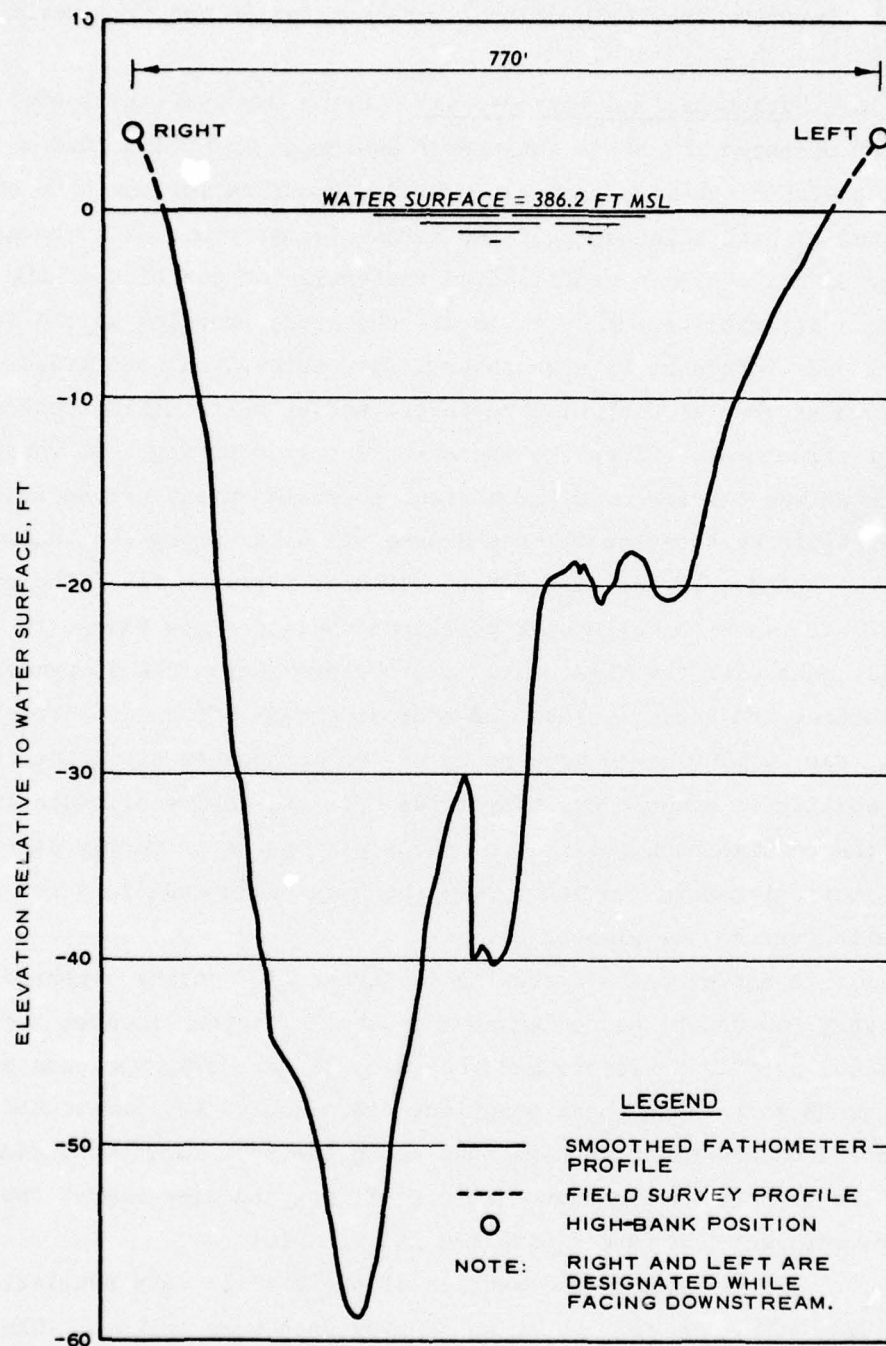


Fig. 4. Profile 3 of side channel Osborne

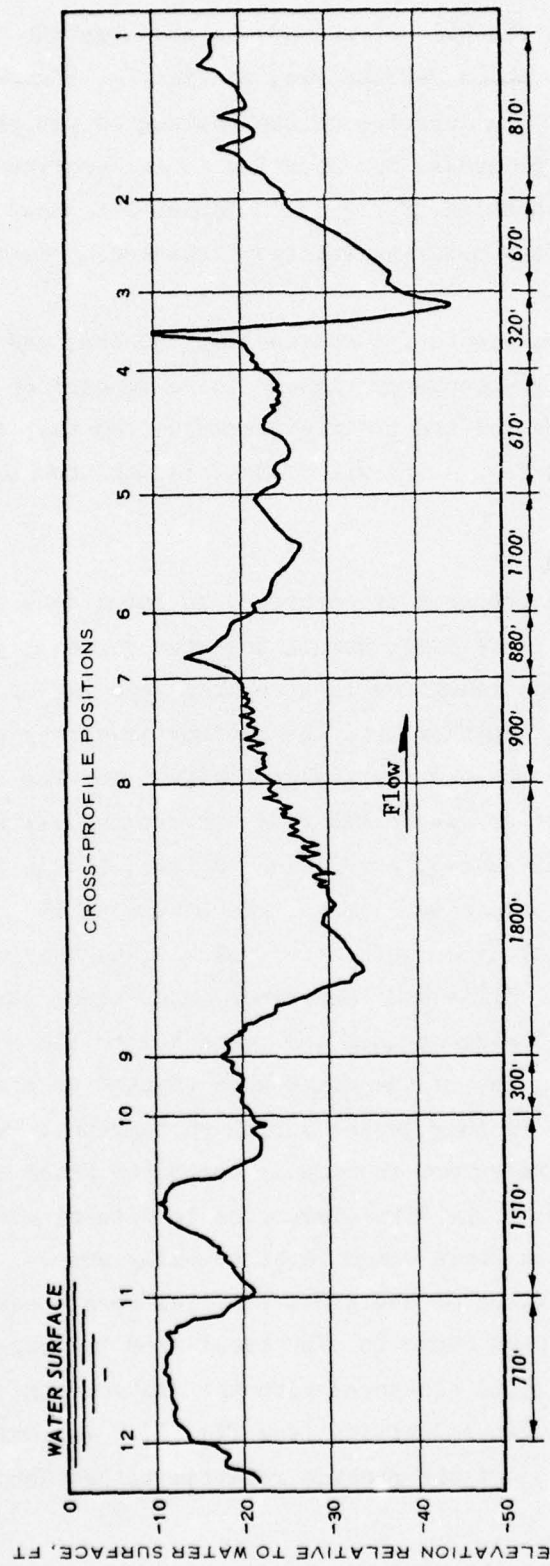


Fig. 5. Profile of side channel Osborne along thalweg

profile in the side channel corresponds to the location of the line in fig. 2 where the notation 3-3 appears, and in fig. 3 where the line labeled 3 appears. The location of the thalweg is not shown in figs. 2 and 3; the procedure for locating it is described in paragraph 24. The orientation of fig. 5 is opposite to that of figs. 2 and 3 because the fathometer-survey team traveled downstream to obtain the thalweg profile.

19. Submerged vegetation and debris, bubbles, and equipment noise frequently cause high-frequency signals to be imposed on the true bottom signal. The portions of the profiles derived from the fathometer data (e.g. solid line in fig. 4 and all of fig. 5) were smoothed to remove these effects.

Integration of data

20. The data prepared as described in paragraphs 9-19, except fathometer-profile elevations, were integrated for each side channel in an identical fashion, resulting in a working base map of the side channel. This map, together with the fathometer-survey profile elevations was used to calculate the topography data for the side channel.

21. The base map was formed by superimposing all available data, except the fathometer-survey profile elevations, on the computer-plotted expanded overlay of the side channel (see paragraph 15). The locations and elevations of all dikes were noted, as well as the locations of all fathometer-survey profiles and land-water interfaces, particularly where the water within the side channel was connected to the main channel.

22. The positions of the dikes were checked by comparison with the dike structures visible in the aerial photography. The survey elevation data for the dikes were checked by comparing water elevations in the side channels with the dike elevations to determine whether dikes that should have been above water level actually were.

23. The positions of the cross profiles were checked by measuring the distances from high banks to high banks from the expanded computer plot and comparing those distances with the distances measured by the survey team for the cross profiles (see fig. 4). In addition, the height of one portion of the profile relative to another (the profile

shape) could be deduced by examining the positions of land and water along the profile on the aerial photo. Deduced features included the general position of the thalweg relative to the center of the side channel and the locations where the profile should be high (e.g. above water) or low (e.g. below water). The deduced shape of a profile from the base map was checked against the fathometer-survey profiles as a second check to ensure that the fathometer-survey profile was properly located and oriented. Various data errors were encountered in this data editing procedure. In several instances, the orientations of profiles were opposite to what they should have been; the confusion in alignment was easily detected and corrected. In a few instances, the survey-measured bank-to-bank distance on a fathometer-survey profile did not agree with the scaled-off aerial photo distance. Since the boat crew performing the fathometer measurements attempted to keep the boat speed constant during a profile measurement and at the same speed from one profile to the next, the length of the profile in question was estimated roughly from the horizontal length of the fathometer chart of the profile relative to that of neighboring profiles for which the horizontal ground distance was known. In a few cases where errors were detected, the survey-measured distance was found to be in obvious error (e.g. factor of two incorrect). In all situations where data corrections were performed, the photo-interpreted distance was given preference, since the chance of gross error was less than for the field measurement.

24. The thalweg profile data (see fig. 5) contained notation as to where it passed over cross profiles. Locations in the profile where the fathometer had passed over dikes were obvious. The dike elevation survey data were checked against the profile depth data converted to elevation as one consistency check, and no problems were encountered. The water depth on the thalweg profile was checked against the water depth on the cross profile for each cross profile where they intersected. The position of the intersection of the two was chosen so that the thalweg profile was toward the center of the side channel, since the boat crew had attempted to keep to the center, and the water depth at the point of intersection of cross and thalweg profiles was the same. Where

possible, the structure of the side-channel bottom, as seen on the aerial photo, was correlated with the shape of the thalweg profile as a counter-check of the data (in particular, a check on the correct horizontal positioning of the thalweg profile). No extensive checking of this type could be performed, however, as the thalweg profile was typically measured along the deepest region of the side channel, and, therefore, the majority of the profile position was underwater even in the aerial photos taken during low water. No particular problems were encountered where correlations could be made.

25. There was a time lapse of 28 months between the aerial photography and the fathometer measurements. As a result of the data editing process, it was discovered that, insofar as it could be determined, the two data sources were in close agreement as to the side-channel bottom structure. Any differences in shoaling patterns between the two measurements were not extensive. Channels did not move from one side to the other in the side channels, nor did the shoaling patterns appear to change extensively.

26. In addition to including on the base map the locations and elevations of all land-water interfaces where the water within the side channel was connected to the main channel, so that the water elevation was known, various elevation data were interpolated onto the map using a combination of the measured and interpreted data as a basis. This step was necessary to make the full informational content of the measured and interpreted data available to the computerized topography calculation. The interpolated data consisted of high-bank elevations and elevations of the land-water interface for pools within the side channel not connected to the main channel.

27. Measured data on the high banks consisted of field survey measurements on the cross profiles at the high-bank positions. Photo interpreters interpolated elevations along the high banks between those data points with the aerial photos as an aid. An attempt to use available contour maps was unsuccessful, since their data, when available, were much coarser than those which the photo interpreters could reasonably interpret. Most side channels exhibited a smooth change in

elevation along the high banks, typically changing a few feet per mile, thus making interpolation simple. Since the parameter values were calculated as a function of water elevation up to a maximum elevation equal to that at which 50 percent of the high banks were overtopped (see Part III), the results of this study are independent of elevations along a high-bank bluff.

28. The water elevations of standing pools were interpolated by studying the shapes of the pools and attempting to locate the intersection of the water surface with cross profiles. The distances of the land-water interfaces from the high banks, as well as the pool width, were measured from the aerial photography and scaled onto the cross profiles to provide the approximate intersection points. Locating a pool's elevation was not difficult in most cases, since the side-channel shapes did not change radically in the time between aerial photo coverage and measurement of profiles.

Topography Simulation

29. The production of topographic data that describe the geometry of each side channel required five operations and resulted in three products. The five operations were the manual digitizing of the data on the base maps and profile plots in a format suitable for computer operations, production of a set of (XYZ) data from the base map and profile data, computer calculation of an elevation grid array over the side channel, computer calculation of a contour map of the side channel, and the manual digitizing of that contour map to produce a file containing the (XYZ) coordinates of the contour lines.

30. The three products resulting from this sequence of operations were the elevation grid array, the contour map, and the computer file of (XYZ) coordinates of the contours. The elevation grid array and the computer file of (XYZ) coordinates were produced to provide topographic data in a form necessary for calculation of the parameter values. The contour map was an intermediate product in producing the contour (XYZ) coordinates.

Data retrieval

31. The data on the base map and fathometer-survey plots were digitized using the same equipment described in paragraph 15. The information retrieved from the base map included the (XY) coordinates for the boundary of the side channel, the base map scale, the identification numbers and (XY) coordinates for the end points of each cross profile, the identification numbers and (XY) coordinates for each section of the thalweg profile where it intersected the cross profiles, and the (XYZ) coordinates of all elevation data, such as waterlines, high banks, and dikes. The information retrieved from each of the cross-profile plots included the elevation scale, the mean sea level elevation of the water surface, the identification number, the high-bank positions, the orientation of the profile relative to direction of water flow, and the (XY) coordinates of the profile in sufficient detail to describe the profile with straight lines between data points. The information retrieved from each thalweg profile included the elevation scale, the mean sea level elevation of the water surface, the (XY) coordinates of the profile in sufficient detail to describe the profile with straight lines between data points, and the location of each position on the profile where it intersected a cross profile.

32. Because of the differences in side-channel sizes and complexity of data, digitizing time varied from 2 to 6 hr/per side channel. Typically, a relatively unskilled equipment operator could digitize all the necessary data for one side channel in an average of about 4 hr. At the conclusion of the digitizing process, the digitized data were on magnetic tape and ready for use in the next operation.

(XYZ) data preparation

33. The data for a side channel contained on a magnetic tape from the digitizer were used as input to a computer program that produced a second data file containing (XY) coordinates of the boundary (high banks and ends) of the side channel and (XYZ) coordinates of the elevations within the side channel.

34. The coordinates of the boundary and the (XYZ) coordinates of the elevation data derived from the base map were simply repeated in the

output data file by that program. The program then "recognized" each profile by its identification number and superimposed it on the other base map data in the form of (XYZ) coordinates between the positions of the high-bank coordinates for that profile. Each profile was positioned properly across the side channel relative to the direction of water flow and scaled linearly so that the high-bank positions on the profile were made to coincide with the high-bank end positions for that profile on the base map. Finally, each digitized point along the profile was transformed into an (XYZ) coordinate on the base map.

35. The same operation was performed with the sections of the thalweg profile, except the sections were scaled linearly so that the end points of each section were made to coincide with the points of intersection between the thalweg and the cross profiles.

Grid process

36. The set of (XY) points defining a side-channel boundary and the set of (XYZ) coordinates within that boundary were input to a computer program that calculated elevations on a grid across that side channel. "Calculated elevations on a grid" means that an elevation was calculated at each intersection of equally spaced horizontal and vertical lines (20-m spacing) superimposed over the side channel. The (XY) coordinates defining the side-channel boundary were used by the program to restrict its calculations to the region within the side-channel high banks and ends.

37. The elevation grid was calculated because data in that format make many analysis procedures straightforward, including calculations of values of some of the parameters of this study and the calculation of the contour maps. (The calculations of parameter values and the contour maps are discussed in Part III.) Also, the maximum amount of informational content can be compressed into the computer data file compared with the space required by other (than grid) formats, since only the uniform grid spacing and the elevations of the grid points are required to describe the geometry rather than a set of (XYZ) coordinates. The elevation at any (XY) position can be found by retrieving the elevation from the proper row and column position.

38. The procedure used for calculating the elevation at each grid position is one that has been successfully applied at the WES in many prior studies involving reconstruction of topographic surfaces from sparse data. The calculational procedure is as follows: A local coordinate system is first centered at the grid position for which an elevation is to be calculated, and the space about the grid position is divided into quadrants. The data point in each quadrant closest to the grid position (nearest neighbor) is selected out of the total available data set. The elevations and positions of those four data points are used to calculate the elevation at the grid position, using the inverse-distance-square weighted elevations of the four data points. The algorithm used is

$$Z = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^4 \frac{Z_i}{R_i^2}}{\sum_{i=1}^4 \frac{1}{R_i^2}}$$

where

Z = the elevation at the grid position

i = the index over the four nearest neighbors

Z_i = the elevation of the i^{th} nearest neighbor

R_i = the distance of the i^{th} nearest neighbor from the grid position

If a nearest neighbor cannot be found in all quadrants, as frequently occurs when a grid position is close to the boundary of the site, as many nearest neighbors as are found are used. If a data point is located within the immediate vicinity of the grid position (within a radius less than one-tenth the space between grid positions), the elevation of that data point is used for the grid position elevation.

39. A topographic surface produced with the algorithm above has the qualities of being smoothly varying with no discontinuities and of providing an exact fit in the locale of all data points. Other

advantages of the grid representation are that the interpolative procedures bring out surface details not immediately apparent and frequently overlooked when the data are handled by other procedures.

40. The informational content of a grid array representation of a topographic surface is a function of the grid spacing. Since the grid array representation is achieved by an interpolative procedure, it can contain no more information about the surface than the set of (XYZ) coordinates used as input. Based on past experience, a grid spacing of 20 m was chosen for the grid arrays of all side channels based on the estimated accuracy and distribution of the data, the resolution required for the calculation of parameter values, the desire to make any errors in the final results due to the grid spacing both systematic and in the same direction for results for all side channels, and computer time and memory space limitations.

Contour maps

41. Computer-calculated and -plotted contour maps were produced for each of the 18 side channels. Reproductions of these maps are contained in Volume II. The contour maps were produced to yield a simple and rapid means of checking the contents of the grid array file for errors in the data input to the grid array calculation, and to provide the topographic data in a form needed for a subsequent operation. Some input data errors were discovered using this process and subsequently corrected.

42. The computer procedure used for calculating the profiles was as follows: The topographic surface of a side channel was broken into a series of grid squares, where each grid square was defined by the elevations of the grid positions at its four corners. Each grid square was further subdivided by cutting it diagonally into two triangles, and then planes were uniquely fit to the two sets of triangularly arranged points in each grid square. A series of equally separated horizontal planes was constructed starting at mean sea level with a separation equal to the contour interval (5 ft). Whenever a "triangular" topographic surface plane intersected a horizontal plane, the coordinates of the line of intersection were calculated and computer plotted. Since

the surface representation as a grid array was smoothly varying with no discontinuities, the total series of lines of intersection calculated and computer plotted formed closed contour lines on completion of the process over the entire grid array.

43. Since the contour lines were calculated as intersections of planes with planes, each contour line was a series of short, straight-line segments as seen in the maps in Volume II. The contour maps were plotted with straight-line segments between calculated positions on the contour lines rather than with smoothed lines, because smoothing techniques ordinarily introduce errors into the contour map in the form of contour line dislocation.

44. A series of contour maps was plotted for selected side channels at several contour intervals to determine the smallest interval that was consistent with the data content of the grid array. It was originally intended to produce maps with 2-ft contour intervals; however, such maps showed distinctive effects of interpolating between larger intervals, i.e. there was a high occurrence of parallel contour lines over most substructures of a bottom surface. Therefore, 5-ft intervals were chosen, since maps plotted at that and larger intervals did not show the above-mentioned effect to any appreciable degree.

Contour (XYZ) coordinates

45. Contour data calculated from the grid array were used to plot contour maps automatically. The maps (shown in Volume II) were then digitized manually with the same equipment previously described to provide the topographic data in a form suitable for calculating parameters d and e, paragraph 5. While manual digitizing was laborious and time-consuming, the total project time and funds did not permit the development of a more versatile automated procedure.* The manual procedure for all maps was the same and consisted of digitizing each contour line as a closed loop, thereby providing the elevation and coordinates of each line in a computer file for use in calculating some of the parameters.

* A new procedure for performing this step with increased accuracy and a drastic reduction in time and cost per side channel was developed shortly after project completion.

PART III: CALCULATIONS AND RESULTS

46. The parameters for which values were calculated are listed in paragraph 5, but are repeated below for convenience.

- a. Center-line length.
- b. Average width between high banks.
- c. Water volume as a function of water elevation.
- d. Shoreline length as a function of water elevation.
- e. Water surface area as a function of water elevation.
- f. Shoreline development as a function of water elevation.
- g. Rate of change of water surface area with respect to water elevation (derivative of water surface area with respect to water elevation) as a function of water elevation.
- h. Ratio of water surface area to volume as a function of water elevation.
- i. Ratio of shoreline length to water surface area as a function of water elevation.
- j. Bottom surface area underwater as a function of water elevation and water depth.
- k. Water cross-sectional area as a function of water elevation at selected sampling locations (stations).

Water Elevation

47. "Water elevation" is defined as the elevation of the water within the side channel. It is important to recognize certain problems associated with specifying water elevation, the errors that can arise in the calculational results because of those problems, and the error correction procedures built into the procedures for evaluating the parameters.

48. Three conditions associated with water surface slope and impoundment affect the meaning and assignment of water elevation:

- a. There is a difference between the water elevation in the side channel and that in the main channel.
- b. There is a change in water elevation in the side channel relative to mean sea level due to the surface slope of moving water in the side channel.

- c. Any impounded water within a side channel is typically not at the same elevation as that in the main channel or other parts of the side channel.

Each of these conditions is discussed below.

49. Since only the main channel water elevation was available at the time the fathometer profiles were measured and at the time of aerial photo coverage, and no data were available to specify the difference between main- and side-channel water elevations, the elevation of the latter was accepted as equal to the former when they were connected. In addition, the difference in water levels is not constant, but varies uniquely in each side channel with river stage, so that the difference at the time of photo coverage was not the same as that at the time of fathometer measurements, nor the same from one side channel to the next. This problem does not affect the shape of the parameters (how the values of the parameters, which are a function of water elevation, change with changes in water elevation), but rather introduces errors into the absolute values of those parameters. Since the difference in water elevation referred to is considered small (typically less than 1 ft for any side channel at any time), the introduced error is considered negligible compared with errors due to sparseness of data.

50. Because of the slope of the water surface in a side channel, the water elevation relative to a fixed datum varies along the side channel when water is flowing through it, but is almost constant when flow is stopped. The fathometer profiles were measured at a time of maximum flow--when the water surface slope within the side channel most closely approximated that within the main channel. The fathometer profiles contain the elevations affected by water surface slope at that time, since all elevations in those data are relative to the water surface. The values of the parameters are, therefore, already partially adjusted for that effect for the water elevations when water is flowing through the side channels. The end-to-end difference in water elevation is typically no more than 1.5 ft for any side channel, which is small compared with errors introduced in interpretation of the fathometer and aerial photo data.

51. All parameters in paragraph 46, except a and b, were calculated as a function of water elevation at a single location, recognizing the effects of water surface slope as noted above. That location was the approximate lengthwise center of the side channel. The water elevation in the main channel opposite that location was found (rounded off to the nearest foot) from interpolating between the mean sea level elevations available on the aerial photography and the elevation assigned to water in the side channel connected with the main channel. The results presented in this report as a function of water elevation are relative to that center point. The single exception is parameter k, for which values were referenced to the water elevation at the location of the cross-sectional calculation (see paragraphs 76 and 77).

52. As the water level drops in a side channel, various structures, particularly sandbars at the ends of the side channels and dikes within or at the side-channel ends, restrict water flow. As the water level continues to drop, pools are formed with different water elevations. The water level within a pool does not normally remain constant, however. The local climatic conditions, the hydraulic head, the composition of the dike or other control structures, and the composition of the base material affect the percolation, evaporation, and seepage rates in lowering the pool level. Local rainfall, runoff, and fluctuations of the main channel above the elevations of control structures work to raise the pool level. Finally, a time comes when the elevation of the main river rises above the elevation of one of the control structures, and the pool is again connected to the main channel. The locations and elevations of the major control structures are known, but there is no general theoretical relation developed that takes all environmental controlling conditions into account, nor are empirical data generally available to describe the elevations of the impounded water relative to the elevation of the main river channel.

53. If that information were available, each of the parameters evaluated in this study would be double-valued over the water elevation range, from that elevation at which water was impounded anywhere in the side channel down to the minimum water elevation in that side channel.

Lacking those data, the parameters were calculated for the entire side channel, ignoring the impoundment effects. The values of the parameters calculated in this study for water elevations lower than an "impoundment elevation" for a side channel are between the double values. There is no assurance that a single-valued function is at the mean of the double-valued function for any of the parameters.

54. The state-of-the-art incapability to provide a means of calculating the double- rather than single-valued functions over the range of impoundment is not particularly distressing, considering the purpose of this study. The purpose is to provide geometric characteristics (as one part of the physical characteristics) for correlation with wildlife population structures. The accuracy of such a correlation depends on the appropriateness of the parameters chosen to quantitatively describe the characteristics and the accuracy with which the values of those parameters are calculated. It is well known mathematically that the accuracy of the results of a correlation is a function of the accuracy of the parameters used in the correlation, and that the correlation accuracy cannot be greater than the worst accuracy of any of the set of parameters used in the correlation. The accuracy of the parameters calculated in this study is much greater than that of other than geometric parameters or of the biological data and is, therefore, more than sufficient for the intended purpose. The reason for the difference in accuracy is primarily one of sample size. Expressed simply, the geometric parameter values are typically based on several thousand "samples" per side channel, while such sample sizes are not normally obtainable, for example, for animal populations.

Pool Parameters

55. In addition to calculation of the parameters over the entire range of water elevations of all side channels, side channels Osborne, Fort Chartres, and Liberty were selected for more detailed calculations. The levels and locations of the water-control structures were identified, and all parameters were evaluated for each separate "pool" formed by the

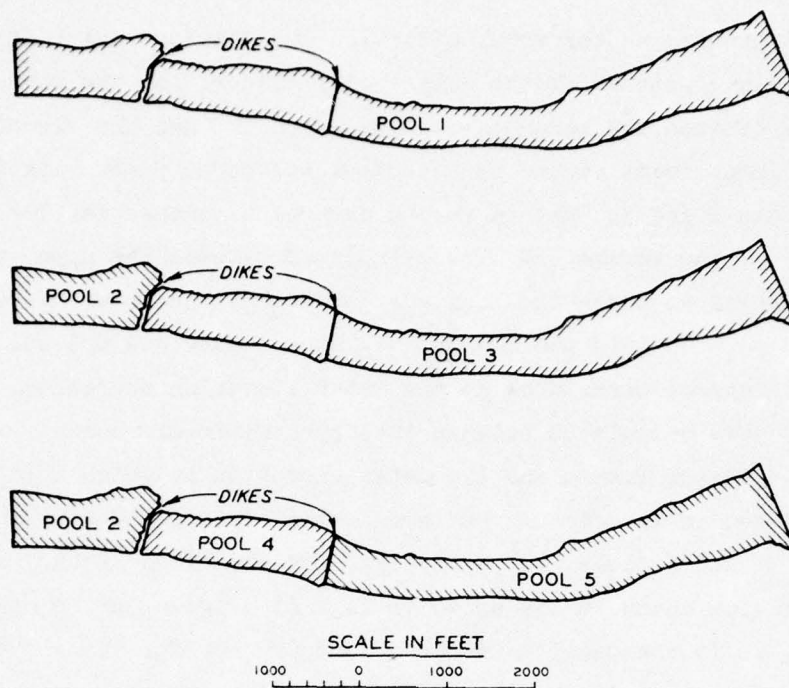
control structures as the water elevation decreased. Pool 1 of all three side channels consisted of the entire side channel for the range of water elevations between the maximum (see paragraph 56) and the elevation at which any impoundment caused by a control structure first took place, forming pools 2 and 3. When a second control structure was located in pools 1 or 2, the parameters were calculated between the upper water elevation level at which the pool was formed and the lower elevation at which it separated into pools 4 and 5. When a pool did not contain any additional control structures as the water elevation decreased, the parameters were calculated between the upper water elevation level at which the pool was formed and the water elevation at which negligible water remained in the pool. The three selected side channels contained 5, 3, and 5 pools, respectively. The locations of the pools within the side channels are shown in fig. 6. Fig. 6 can be understood by viewing it in conjunction with the contour maps for the above-mentioned side channels in Volume II. The dikes, which were the control structures for those side channels, are also shown on the contour maps in Volume II. A review of fig. 2 would also be helpful, since it shows Osborne at low water, revealing the dikes that formed the pools.

Range of calculations

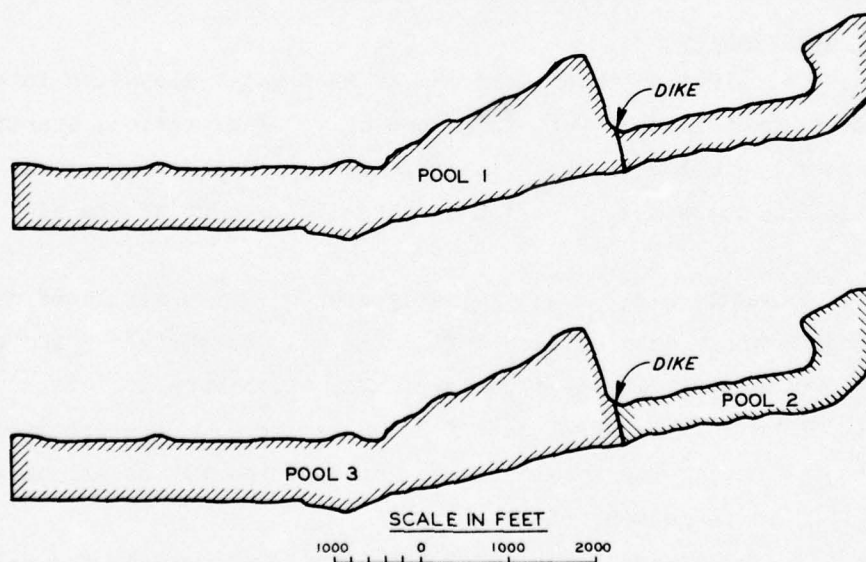
56. Calculations were performed at 2-ft water elevation intervals for those parameters that were functions of water elevation, starting at the water elevation at which the side channel was dry or nearly dry and continuing up to the elevation at which 50 percent of the high banks was overtopped.

57. Parameters c, j, and k (paragraph 46) were calculated directly from the grid array data at each 2-ft interval. Parameters d and e were calculated using the digitized contour data, which were at 5-ft intervals. The 2-ft-interval data for the parameters were interpolated from the 5-ft data. The total calculational procedure for all parameters is described in paragraphs 61-77.

58. The upper and lower water-level extremes used in the calculations for a specific side channel were chosen by inspection of the base map and the contour map, respectively. Since the side-channel high banks

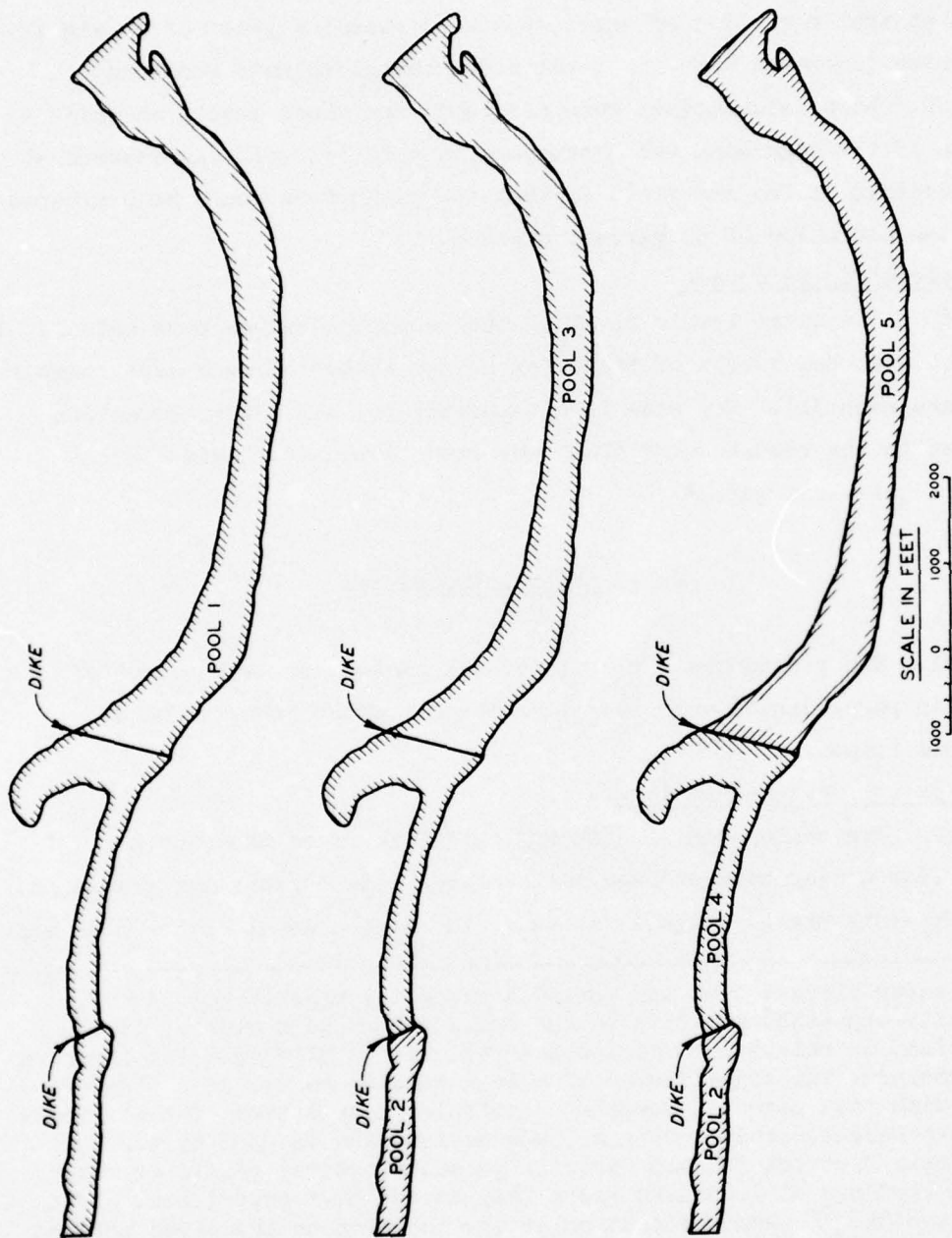


a. Five pools of side channel Osborne



b. Three pools of side channel Fort Chartres

Fig. 6. Locations of pools in selected side channels (sheet 1 of 2)



c. Five pools of side channel Liberty

Fig. 6. (sheet 2 of 2)

were typically smoothly varying, it was possible to choose the upper water-level extreme easily and unambiguously. Selection of the lower extreme was more subjective. The general rule was that the extreme be picked at that elevation at which separated standing pools of no significant size (compared with the total side-channel extent) remained.

59. When calculations were performed for those levels at which a portion of the high bank was overtopped, a vertical wall was assumed at the locations of the overflow, so that the parameters could be evaluated up to the elevation of 50 percent overtop.

Water-elevation reference

60. The water levels at which the parameter values were calculated were the mean sea levels of the water at the center of each side channel (see paragraph 51). For ease in interpretation, all water elevations reported in the results were also converted to the St. Louis (Market Street) equivalent gage.*

Calculational Procedures

61. The procedures for computer calculation of each parameter listed in paragraph 46 were identical for all side channels and are described below.

Parameter a: Center-line length

62. The center-line length was calculated from the base map. A center line midway between high banks of the side channel was placed on the photo-interpreted representation of the side channel on the base map.

* The water elevation at any position along the Mississippi River is normally expressed relative to the scale of the gage closest to that position, or relative to mean sea level. It is difficult for a person to interpret the significance of a gage reading unless he has experience with that gage. A somewhat artificial gage system, the St. Louis (Market Street) equivalent gage, was devised and is used by the St. Louis District to help District personnel better relate to river stage readings at locations where they do not have experience. Using that system, the water elevation at any location on the river between St. Louis, Missouri, and Cairo, Illinois, is converted to the equivalent elevation that would be read on the St. Louis Market Street gage if the river was in a steady-state condition.

Length was measured by digitizing the center line as a series of very short, straight segments, and calculating the total center-line length as the sum of the segment lengths with the following equation:

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^N \sqrt{(X_{i+1} - X_i)^2 + (Y_{i+1} - Y_i)^2}$$

where

L = the center-line length

N = the total number of segments

X_i, Y_i = the Cartesian coordinates of the i^{th} digitizer point on the center line

(N+1) = the number of digitized points defining the center line

The straight-line segments were made small enough so that the total digitized center line was essentially continuous.

63. When a side channel had branches (see contour map II-5 in Volume II) so that more than one center line could be defined, the length of the longest center line was calculated.

64. The "ends" of a side channel on the base map were not necessarily at the juncture of that side channel with the main channel, but were generally fixed at the first structure that controlled water flow within the side channel from that juncture.

Parameter b: Average width between high banks

65. The average width between high banks was calculated from the base map. On the average, 10 lines were constructed perpendicular to the center line, and the distances between high banks on those lines were calculated and averaged with the following equation:

$$\bar{W} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \sqrt{(X_{2i} - X_{1i})^2 + (Y_{2i} - Y_{1i})^2}}{N}$$

where

\bar{W} = the average side-channel width

N = the total number of lines

(X_{2i}, Y_{2i}) = the coordinates of one high-bank position on the i^{th} line

(X_{1i}, Y_{1i}) = the coordinates of the other high-bank position on the i^{th} line

Parameter c: Water volume as a function of water elevation

66. The water volume as a function of water elevation was calculated using the elevation grid array as a data source. The volume for a specific water elevation was calculated by summing the volumes of water over all grid squares, where a grid square was that section of the side-channel bottom surface determined by four adjacent grid elevations. The volume of water over any grid square was calculated in the following manner: The grid square was first cut into two triangles with a vertical plane passing through a grid square diagonally. The vertical plane also cut the rectangular column of water above that grid square into two triangular columns. The volumes of both triangular columns bounded by the plane of the water surface, the plane formed by the triangle on the bottom, and vertical planes passing through the three sets of vertices of the triangle were calculated and summed to yield the volume of water over that grid square. A mathematical expression for the entire operation is as follows:

$$V_k = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{R=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^M \sum_{i=1}^N D^2 \left(E_k - \bar{Z}_{ij}^R \right), \text{ for } E_k > \bar{Z}_{ij}^R$$

where

V_k = the volume of water in the side channel when water elevation is at the k^{th} level

M = the number of grid squares in the Y direction

N = the number of grid squares in the X direction

D = the horizontal distance between elevation grid points

$$\begin{aligned}
E_k &= \text{the elevation of water at the } k^{\text{th}} \text{ level} \\
\bar{Z}_{ij}^R &= \text{the average of the three grid elevations in the } R^{\text{th}} \text{ triangle} \\
&\quad \text{of the } (i,j)^{\text{th}} \text{ grid square} = \sum_{p=1}^3 Z_{ijp}^R / 3 \\
Z_{ijp}^R &= \text{elevation of the } p^{\text{th}} \text{ grid point in the } R^{\text{th}} \text{ triangle of} \\
&\quad \text{the } (i,j)^{\text{th}} \text{ grid square}
\end{aligned}$$

and where the summation is completed only for those triangles of bottom surface within the grid squares where the water elevation is above the bottom surface ($E_k > \bar{Z}_{ij}^R$).

Parameter d: Shoreline length as a function of water elevation

67. The shoreline length as a function of water elevation was calculated from the digitized contour-line data. The shoreline length at a specific water elevation was calculated by summing the lengths of all contour lines (as closed loops) at that elevation. Since the contour lines were at 5-ft intervals, a table was formed of shoreline length at 5-ft water-elevation intervals. The mathematical procedure used was as follows:

$$L_k = \sum_{j=1}^M \sum_{i=1}^N \sqrt{(X_{i+1,j}^k - X_{ij}^k)^2 + (Y_{i+1,j}^k - Y_{ij}^k)^2}, \quad \begin{cases} X_{N+1,j}^k = X_{1j}^k \\ Y_{N+1,j}^k = Y_{1j}^k \end{cases}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
L_k &= \text{the shoreline length when water is at the } k^{\text{th}} \text{ level} \\
M &= \text{the number of contour lines with water at the } k^{\text{th}} \text{ level} \\
N &= \text{the number of digitized data points on the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ contour} \\
&\quad \text{line with an elevation at the } k^{\text{th}} \text{ level} \\
(X_{ij}^k, Y_{ij}^k) &= \text{the coordinates of the } i^{\text{th}} \text{ point on the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ contour line} \\
&\quad \text{that has an elevation at the } k^{\text{th}} \text{ level}
\end{aligned}$$

and where the contour lines were "closed" in the calculation by connecting the coordinates of the first point in the string of numbers with the

coordinates of the last point by specifying the condition

$$(X_{N+1,j}^k, Y_{N+1,j}^k) = (X_{1j}^k, Y_{1j}^k)$$

Parameter e: Water surface area as a function of water elevation

68. The water surface area as a function of water elevation was calculated from the digitized contour-line data. The surface area at any water elevation was calculated by summing the areas inclosed by all contour lines with that elevation which were covered with water. The area inclosed by a contour line was calculated using the trapezoidal rule on the set of coordinates defining that contour line as a closed loop. The mathematical procedure was as follows:

$$A_k = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^M \sum_{i=1}^N (X_{i+1,j}^k - X_{ij}^k)(Y_{i+1,j}^k + Y_{ij}^k), \quad \begin{cases} X_{N+1,j}^k = X_{1j}^k \\ Y_{N+1,j}^k = Y_{1j}^k \end{cases}$$

where

A_k = the water surface area when water is at the k^{th} level

M = the number of contour lines at the k^{th} level

N = the number of digitized data points on the j^{th} contour line with an elevation at the k^{th} level

(X_{ij}^k, Y_{ij}^k) = the coordinates of the i^{th} point on the j^{th} contour line that has an elevation at the k^{th} level

and where the condition $(X_{N+1,j}^k, Y_{N+1,j}^k) = (X_{1j}^k, Y_{1j}^k)$ satisfies the condition of contour-line closure.

Parameter f: Shoreline development as a function of water elevation

69. Shoreline development is a parameter commonly used as a measure of a water body's circularity. It can be easily shown that the minimum extremum circumference of a two-dimensional geometric figure inclosing a region must have a circular shape. The value of shoreline development of a circular water body is unity, whereas that of all water

bodies with other geometric configurations is greater than unity. Thus, the departure of a water body's shoreline development value from unity is a measure of its "differentness" from a circle. The parameter values were calculated using the following equation:

$$D_k = \frac{L_k}{2(\pi A_k)^{1/2}}$$

where

D_k = the shoreline development when water is at the k^{th} level
 L_k = the shoreline length when water is at the k^{th} level
 A_k = the water surface area when water is at the k^{th} level

Parameter g: Rate of
 change of water surface area
with respect to water elevation

70. The rate of change (derivative) of water surface area with respect to water elevation was calculated using the previously calculated surface area data. A smooth curve, a third-order polynomial,* was analytically fit to the surface area as a function of water elevation data in the immediate locale of each water elevation for which a derivative would be calculated. First derivatives were then calculated at the 2-ft-interval water elevations from the analytic expressions for the data (one analytic expression per data point).

Parameter h: Ratio of water
 surface area to volume as
a function of water elevation

71. The ratio of water surface area to volume as a function of water elevation was calculated using the previously calculated shoreline-length and water-surface-area data. Ratios were taken at each water elevation as expressed by the following relation:

* A second-order polynomial was used for data points close to the low-water and high-water ends of the data.

$$R_{AV}^k = \frac{A^k}{V^k}$$

where

R_{AV}^k = the ratio of water surface area to water volume when water is at the k^{th} level

A^k = the water surface area when the water is at the k^{th} level

V^k = the water volume when water is at the k^{th} level

Parameter i: Ratio of shoreline length to water surface area as a function of water elevation

72. The ratio of shoreline length to water surface area as a function of water elevation was calculated using the previously calculated shoreline-length and water-surface-area data. Ratios were taken at each water elevation as expressed by the following equation:

$$R_{LA}^k = \frac{L^k}{A^k}$$

where

R_{LA}^k = the ratio of water surface area to water volume when the water is at the k^{th} level

L^k = the shoreline length when the water is at the k^{th} level

A^k = the water surface area when the water is at the k^{th} level

Parameter j: Bottom surface area underwater as a function of water elevation and water depth

73. The relation between water depth and wildlife populations is not completely understood. There is information (mostly qualitative), however, regarding the "typical" water depths acceptable to different waterfowl and fish species, and acceptable to fish species during the major phases of their life cycles. Using that information, seven depth class ranges were defined as follows.

a. Surface to 2 ft.

b. From 2 to 4 ft.

- c. From 4 to 6 ft.
- d. From 6 to 10 ft.
- e. From 10 to 15 ft.
- f. From 15 to 20 ft.
- g. In excess of 20 ft.

An attempt was made to class the depths such that conditions that influence wildlife population densities (for this parameter) are uniform in each depth class range, but differ from one class to another.

74. The data for the bottom surface area under water as a function of water elevation and water depth were calculated from the grid array data. The parameter results were calculated for a specific water elevation by calculating the area of the bottom surface within each range class for that water elevation. The computer calculation procedure used for each water elevation was follows. A series of six horizontal planes were constructed at 2, 4, 6, 10, 15, and 20 ft below the water surface. Each grid square within the side channel was broken into two triangles by placing a diagonal on the square, thus forming two triangular planes. Each triangle was then further broken into 10 parallelograms and each parallelogram was assigned an average elevation. The average elevation of each parallelogram was then examined to determine whether it was above water level, and therefore ignored, or below water level. If it was below water level, it was examined to determine which depth-class range it belonged to, and the area of that parallelogram was added to the accumulated total area for that class range. The operation is expressed mathematically by the following equation:

$$B_j^k = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N d^2 A_{ij}$$

where

B_j^k = the bottom area in range class j when the water elevation is at the k^{th} level

N = the number of triangles in the grid array

d = the grid spacing

A_{ij} = the fraction of the i^{th} triangle in the j^{th} class range

75. The volume of information produced by performing this calculation is large, and the parameter value trends are not immediately apparent when viewing a table of values. To partially remedy that situation, the data were also expressed in a normalized form in which the data for each water elevation were normalized to the total bottom surface area underwater. The mathematical procedure followed is shown below, and both the absolute and normalized forms of the data are presented in the results.

$$P_j^k = \frac{100 \cdot OB_j^k}{\sum_{j=1}^7 B_j^k}$$

where

P_j^k = the percentage of the total bottom area underwater in the class range j when the water is at the k^{th} level

Parameter k: Water cross-sectional area as a function of water elevation at selected sampling locations

76. The water cross-sectional area as a function of water elevation was calculated from the elevation grid array data. Calculations were performed only at specific locations (stations). The river miles of the locations are listed in table 1 and the stations are shown in the contour maps in Volume II.

77. The calculational procedure was the same for all stations. A vertical plane was placed perpendicular to the side-channel center line at the station, and the profile formed by the intersection of that plane and the side-channel bottom was calculated. Horizontal planes were then placed at 2-ft intervals through that profile and the area bounded by each plane and the bottom of the profile was calculated. The trapezoidal

rule was used for the area calculation. The mathematical equation is as follows:

$$C_k = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=N}^M (X_{i+1} - X_i)(2E_k - Z_{i+1} - Z_i), \quad \begin{cases} X_{M+1} = X_N \\ Z_{M+1} = Z_N \\ \text{and} \\ Z_i \leq E_k \\ Z_{i+1} \leq E_k \end{cases}$$

where

C_k = the cross-sectional area of the water in the side channel when the water is at the k^{th} level

M = the first point in the string of coordinates defining the profile that is above water as the profile advances upward toward the high bank from the side-channel bottom

N = the last point in the string of coordinates defining the profile that is above water as the profile advances down toward the water from the high bank

(X_i, Z_i) = the coordinates of profile in a plane that cuts the side channel perpendicular to the center line

Closure of the curve during the areal calculation was satisfied by the condition $(X_{M+1}, Z_{M+1}) = (X_N, Z_N)$. The calculation of the water cross section over only the water-covered region of the profile was satisfied by applying the conditions $Z_i \leq E_k$ or $Z_{i+1} \leq E_k$ during calculation.

Results

78. The results of all calculations are presented in tables 2-19 and plates 1-18. Each table contains the total results for a side channel. Each plate is a graphic presentation of a portion of the tabular data for a side channel. The tabular data not represented in plates 1-18 are the length along thalweg, the average width between high banks, and the side-channel bottom-surface area underwater as a function of water elevation and water depth. The former two parameters are one-dimensional and cannot be represented graphically. The lattermost parameter is three-dimensional and could have been represented

graphically, but was not, since no advantage could be gained because of the difficulty in interpreting such a graphic.

79. The tabular and graphic results are arranged by side channels as shown below:

<u>Side Channel</u>	<u>Table No.</u>	<u>Plate No.</u>
Jefferson Barracks	2	1
Calico	3	2
Osborne	4A	3A
Osborne, Pool 1	4B	3B
Osborne, Pool 2	4C	3C
Osborne, Pool 3	4D	3D
Osborne, Pool 4	4E	3D
Osborne, Pool 5	4F	3E
Harlow	5	4
Fort Chartres	6A	5A
Fort Chartres, Pool 1	6B	5B
Fort Chartres, Pool 2	6C	5B
Fort Chartres, Pool 3	6D	5C
Moro	7	6
Kaskaskia	8	7
Crains	9	8
Liberty	10A	9A
Liberty, Pool 1	10B	9B
Liberty, Pool 2	10C	9B
Liberty, Pool 3	10D	9C
Liberty, Pool 4	10E	9C
Liberty, Pool 5	10F	9D
Jones	11	10
Picayune	12	11
Cape Bend	13	12
Sante Fe	14	13
Billings	15	14
Buffalo	16	15
Browns	17	16
Thompson	18	17
Sister	19	18

80. Values for all parameters are given in the tables for both the

total side channel and also for the pools (except parameter k) of three selected (Osborne, Fort Chartres, and Liberty) side channels. The parameters that are functions of water elevation are tabulated both according to mean sea level and according to St. Louis gage equivalent water elevations at the side channel. Each table is formatted in an identical manner. Results for parameters a and b (center-line length and average width between high banks) appear at the top of the table, those for parameters c through i (volume, shoreline length, water surface area, shoreline development, rate of change of water surface area with respect to water elevation, ratio of water surface area to volume, and ratio of shoreline length to water surface area) appear in the upper box, those for parameter j (bottom surface area underwater as a function of water elevation and water depth) in the lower box, and those for parameter k (water cross-sectional area as a function of water elevation at selected sampling locations) in the boxes to the right in each table.

81. The graphic representations of the data, as seen in plates 1-18, were produced to provide data for those parameters in a form immediately useful in the first step required to correlate geometric characteristics with wildlife populations, and to present them in a particularly simple and readily interpretable form. The intention was to provide the data so that trends in parameters as a function of water elevation could be easily seen, and the trends for one side channel could be compared with those of any other. Since each side channel had a different size and shape, the absolute values of the parameters were different for each. To provide a uniform means of displaying the selected data that is consistent with the purpose, all selected data are displayed with a normalized format. Normalization of data for each parameter of each side channel was performed relative to the maximum value for that parameter for that side channel. The mathematical procedure was as follows:

$$M_k = 100 \frac{N_k}{N_k(\text{MAX})}$$

where

M_k = any of the parameters expressed in a normalized form for the water elevation at the k^{th} level

N_k = the value of that parameter when the water level is at the
kth level

$N_{k(MAX)}$ = the maximum value of N_k

The vertical scales in plates 1-18 are, therefore, expressed as percent of maximum.

PART IV: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions

82. A procedure for quantifying geometric characteristics of water bodies was successfully developed and used in the study of 18 Middle Mississippi River side channels. Values for those parameters selected to describe the geometric characteristics quantitatively were calculated using assorted available data. Since the statistical sample size used to calculate the value of any of the parameters ranged from 3,000 to 10,000, the calculated values of the parameters can be considered more accurate than the values of parameters calculated for chemical or biological characteristics (the sample sizes available for those characteristics are simply much smaller). The primary purpose of this study was to provide data for comparing the geometric, chemical, and biological elements of a side channel. The accuracy of the data calculated in this study is sufficient for that purpose.

Recommendations

83. No further calculations, either of the same parameters in additional side channels or more parameters for the 18 side channels, should be undertaken until the results of this study are used for the intended purpose. The correlation of the calculated parameter data with wildlife populations should be performed and studied to determine which of the parameters are best indicators of, for example, total fish populations and densities. The first and most basic step in that correlation should be the grouping of side channels according to similarity of parameter function shapes using plates 1-18. Since more advanced classical correlation coefficient calculations are neither straightforward nor easily understood for two- and three-dimensional parameters, attempts should be made to show correlations on gross features (e.g. total fish population density irrespective of species against shoreline development)

to aid in understanding the data and possibly to uncover simple, strong relations, if there are any.

84. The data can also be rearranged to yield new insights. The monthly river-stage records in the immediate locale of each side channel can be used in conjunction with the elevations of controlling structures to produce estimates for the parameters as a function of month rather than water level. Parameter values at approximate fish spawning, juvenile, and mature stages, and duck migration times could be used to classify the side channels according to similarity.

85. Portions of the data could be used for other purposes. New fathometer and aerial photo data could be used to perform calculations for selected side channels to study the change in shape, particularly changes possibly due to the 1972-73 flood. Contour maps for different times could synthesize the changes for ease of interpretation. Even significant changes in a side-channel contour map would not necessarily imply significant changes in the parameter values.

Table 1

Side Channels Included in Study

Name	No.	River Mile Extremes*	River Mile Station Locations		
			1	2	3
Jefferson Barracks	1	168.8-166.5L	166.6	167.5	168.6
Calico	2	148.3-147.4L	147.5	147.9	148.1
Osborne	3	146.3-144.3L	144.6	145.3	145.8
Harlow	4	143.0-141.7R	142.0	142.3	142.7
Salt Lake	5	141.5-136.8L	137.8	138.8	139.9
Fort Chartres	6	134.3-132.3L	132.8	133.1	134.1
Establishment	7	132.5-130.1R	130.9	131.5	132.3
Moro	8	122.6-120.1L	120.0	121.7	122.3
Kaskaskia	9	118.0-115.8R	116.5	117.2	117.4
Crains	10	105.6-104.4R	104.5	105.1	105.4
Liberty	11	102.8-99.9L	100.4	101.3	102.0
Jones	12	98.3-95.0R	95.6	96.4	98.2
Grand Tower	13	78.5-77.8R	--	--	--
Crawford	14	73.7-71.6L	72.2	72.6	73.6
Schenimann	15	62.5-57.1R	57.7	59.1	61.7
Picayune	16	60.6-54.8L	54.9	58.0	60.1
Cape Bend	17	51.4-47.6L	48.0	48.8	50.7
Santa Fe	18	40.4-35.4L	35.6	--	37.3
Billings	19	34.0-32.7R	33.0	33.5	33.9
Buffalo	20	26.8-24.7R	25.0	25.5	26.0
Browns	21	24.7-21.7L	22.1	22.8	24.2
Thompson	22	18.7-15.3R	15.9	17.7	18.6
Sister	23	14.4-11.9R	12.5	13.0	14.0
Boston	24	10.4-7.7L	8.3	8.8	10.1
Angelo	25	5.0-1.2L	2.6	4.0	4.8

* R and L indicate that the side channel is on the right or left of the river, respectively, when facing downstream.

Table 2
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Jefferson Barracks

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.45 MILES = 3.95 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.08 MILES = 0.12 KILOMETERS = 396.26 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							STATION 1		
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	RIVER STAGE, FT.	AREA SQUARE FEET	
398	23.5	1023	6.1	108.4	6.4	4.2	559	36			
396	21.0	839	6.1	96.7	5.3	4.5	608	41			
394	19.0	656	6.2	85.1	4.3	4.8	685	47			
392	17.5	398	6.2	74.7	4.1	5.2	792	53			
390	15.5	365	6.2	65.5	4.8	5.5	948	61			
388	13.5	232	6.2	56.3	5.5	5.9	1281	70			
386	11.5	154	6.2	43.6	6.2	6.8	1495	88			
384	9.0	76	5.8	30.9	6.9	7.8	2150	120			
382	7.0	30	4.6	19.8	6.6	7.1	3528	150			
380	4.5	15	2.5	10.3	5.2	4.9	3551	155			
378	2.5	1	0.4	0.9	3.9	2.7	4174	202			

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

STATION 2		STATION 3	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT
398	23.5	398	23.0
396	21.0	396	20.5
394	17.5	394	18.5
392	15.5	392	17.0
390	13.5	390	15.0
386	9.0	386	11.0
384	7.0	384	9.5
382		382	6.5
		380	4.0
		378	2.0

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES										
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT				
		ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	V	L	A	
398	23.5	9.6	12.3	9.2	17.9	29.6	23.2	1.3	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	398
396	21.0	9.2	11.7	9.1	16.9	27.6	21.6	1.3	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT	D = L/(2-A/V)	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	396
394	17.5	8.8	11.1	8.7	15.9	24.5	19.5	1.3	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2-A/V)	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE	L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	394
392	15.5	8.4	10.6	8.3	14.9	22.9	18.6	1.3				392
390	13.5	8.0	10.1	7.9	13.9	20.9	16.6	1.3				390
386	9.0	7.6	9.6	7.5	12.9	18.9	14.6	1.3				386
384	7.0	7.2	9.2	7.1	11.9	16.9	12.6	1.3				384
382	4.5	6.8	8.8	6.7	10.9	14.9	10.6	1.3				382
380	2.5	6.4	8.4	6.3	9.9	12.9	9.6	1.3				380
		6.0	8.0	5.9	8.9	10.9	8.6	1.3				

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

Table 3
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Calico

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 0.90 MILES = 1.45 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.07 MILES = 0.11 KILOMETERS = 375.09 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A			
388	25.0	417	2.5	17.5	1.9	2.9	475	43			
386	22.5	353	2.5	13.6	1.9	1.1	506	47			
384	20.0	289	2.5	10.1	1.9	3.2	551	52			
382	18.0	233	2.4	26.5	1.9	3.4	600	59			
380	16.0	186	2.4	22.9	1.8	3.6	650	67			
378	14.0	139	2.4	19.4	1.7	3.8	704	78			
376	11.5	109	2.4	16.3	1.6	4.3	784	93			
374	9.5	78	2.4	13.2	1.5	4.7	901	114			
372	7.5	55	2.2	10.4	1.4	4.9	1005	136			
370	5.5	40	1.9	7.9	1.2	5.1	1038	158			
368	3.5	25	1.7	5.3	1.0	5.2	1111	201			
366	1.5	20	1.2	3.8	0.8	4.0	1022	174			
364	-1.5	14	0.4	2.5	0.6	3.2	705	144			
362	-3.5	9	0.3	1.2	0.3	2.1	728	171			
360	-5.5	6	0.3	0.9	0.1	1.9	721	184			
358	"										

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

DEFINITIONS
V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT
L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2πA)^{1/2}
A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

STATION 1				AREA	
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET		
388	25.0	25.0	8891		
386	23.0	23.0	7691		
384	21.0	21.0	6596		
382	18.5	18.5	5599		
380	16.0	16.0	4751		
378	14.0	14.0	4250		
376	12.0	12.0	3793		
374	10.0	10.0	3361		
372	7.5	7.5	2953		
370	5.5	5.5	2578		
368	3.0	3.0	2211		
366	0.5	0.5	1878		
364	-1.5	-1.5	1567		
362	-3.5	-3.5	1279		
360	"	"	1015		
358	"	"	773		
356	"	"	584		
354	"	"	382		
352	"	"	182		
350	"	"	35		

STATION 2				SQUARE FEET	
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET		
388	25.0	25.0	1754		
386	22.5	22.5	1486		
384	20.0	20.0	1040		
382	18.0	18.0	717		
380	16.0	16.0	439		
378	14.0	14.0	213		
376	11.5	11.5	49		

STATION 3				SQUARE FEET	
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET		
388	25.0	25.0	858		
386	22.5	22.5	692		
384	20.0	20.0	530		
382	18.0	18.0	377		
380	16.0	16.0	233		
378	14.0	14.0	113		
376	11.5	11.5	56		
374	9.5	9.5	2		

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT.		>2-4 FT.		>4-6 FT.		>6-10 FT.		>10-15 FT.		>15-20 FT.		>20 FT.	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
388	25.0	3.7	10	3.2	9	3.4	9	7.0	19	7.6	21	5.9	16	5.7	15
386	22.5	3.5	11	3.6	11	3.1	9	6.9	20	6.9	21	5.2	16	4.0	12
384	20.0	3.3	11	4.1	14	2.8	9	6.4	22	6.3	21	4.4	15	2.4	8
382	18.0	3.1	12	4.1	16	2.7	10	5.9	23	5.6	21	3.4	15	1.4	6
380	16.0	3.0	13	3.6	16	2.7	12	5.2	23	4.8	21	2.0	9	1.2	5
378	14.0	2.9	15	3.2	17	2.8	15	4.6	24	4.1	21	0.7	4	0.9	5
376	11.5	2.9	17	2.5	19	2.5	18	4.0	25	2.7	17	0.5	3	0.8	5
374	9.5	2.9	20	2.5	21	1.7	18	3.4	26	1.4	10	0.4	3	0.7	5
372	7.5	2.5	24	2.2	21	1.1	18	2.6	28	0.8	6	0.3	3	0.6	6
370	5.5	2.2	27	2.1	26	1.1	18	2.6	28	0.8	6	0.3	3	0.6	6
368	3.0	1.8	33	1.9	34	0.5	8	0.5	6	0.3	5	0.2	4	0.4	7
366	0.5	1.2	31	1.3	31	0.3	9	0.4	10	0.3	6	0.2	6	0.3	7
364	-1.5	0.6	27	0.6	25	0.2	9	0.3	11	0.2	10	0.2	10	0.2	8
362	-3.5	0.3	20	0.2	16	0.1	10	0.2	14	0.2	16	0.2	15	0.1	9
360	-5.5	0.2	18	0.2	14	0.1	10	0.2	16	0.2	20	0.2	16	0.1	6
358	"	0.1	14	0.1	11	0.1	10	0.2	21	0.2	27	0.1	16	0.0	1
356	"														

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

Table 4

Results of Calculations for Side Channel Osborne

A. Side Channel Osborne

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.72 MILES = 2.76 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.14 MILES = 0.23 KILOMETERS = 792.06 FEET

SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A
21.0	383	21.0	2149	4.8	140.8	3.8	2.9	346	22
18.5	381	18.5	1678	4.8	133.7	2.8	3.0	376	23
16.5	379	16.5	1606	4.8	126.6	1.8	3.0	416	24
14.5	377	14.5	1351	4.8	119.6	1.9	3.1	469	26
12.0	375	12.0	1137	4.8	112.8	3.7	3.3	539	28
8.0	371	8.0	686	5.0	104.1	6.2	3.7	725	34
5.5	369	5.5	495	5.0	80.7	7.7	4.0	860	40
3.5	367	3.5	348	4.6	65.2	8.1	4.1	990	45
1.0	365	1.0	242	3.7	47.6	7.6	3.9	1038	50
-1.5	363	-1.5	157	2.9	30.1	7.0	3.7	1159	61
-3.5	361	-3.5	102	1.4	12.8	3.3	2.9	1504	73
-5.5	359	-5.5	43	1.0	7.3	1.9	2.6	2084	85
	355		32	0.8	5.9	1.2	2.4	2895	90
	353		21	0.6	3.7	0.4	2.1	422	100
	351		16	0.4	2.7	0.4	1.8	565	101
	349		8	0.2	1.1	0.2	1.2	887	106
	345		6	0.2	0.8	0.1	1.2	741	111
	343		3	0.1	0.7	0.0	1.1	837	117
	341		2	0.1	0.6	0.0	1.1	946	127
	339		1	0.1	0.5	0.0	1.1	1105	141
	337		1	0.1	0.5	0.0	1.2	1302	169
	335		1	0.1	0.5	0.0	1.2	1561	201
	333		0	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.2	2761	241

DEFINITIONS
 V = WATER VOLUME, L. MILES
 L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
 A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
 RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
 D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(W-A/P)
 A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
 WATER VOLUME, L/MILE
 L/A = WATER SURFACE AREA, L/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	2-4 FT	4-6 FT	6-10 FT	10-15 FT	15-20 FT	20-25 FT	25-30 FT	30-35 FT	35-40 FT
21.0	383	7.0	5	6.1	4	12.5	9	34.6	24	45.1	31
18.5	381	6.0	5	6.6	5	19.7	14	38.0	26	36.0	26
16.5	379	6.2	5	6.5	5	27.0	21	43.0	38	26.9	21
14.5	377	7.9	7	12.1	10	31.4	26	31.4	27	18.6	10
12.0	375	12.1	10	13.5	12	31.4	26	31.4	27	18.6	10
8.0	371	16.0	14	17.6	16	36.9	33	22.3	20	5.0	5
5.5	369	12.6	13	17.4	18	16.4	17	28.4	29	4.0	4
3.5	367	16.1	19	18.7	22	13.2	18	18.9	24	6.5	10
1.0	365	16.7	25	17.0	25	12.5	19	13.1	20	4.5	7
-1.5	363	12.4	20	12.5	20	4.2	13	5.5	17	2.5	6
-3.5	361	18.4	38	5.1	23	3.0	13	2.2	12	1.7	6
-5.5	359	4.8	32	2.7	20	1.8	13	2.2	16	1.0	8
	357	2.5	32	1.4	18	1.1	14	1.6	20	0.6	7
	355	1.8	30	1.2	20	0.9	16	1.0	20	0.5	6
	353	0.6	27	0.6	22	0.5	18	0.3	19	0.3	5
	351	0.5	27	0.5	22	0.5	14	0.3	11	0.2	4
	349	0.5	27	0.5	17	0.5	14	0.3	15	0.3	14
	347	0.3	26	0.2	13	0.1	11	0.3	22	0.2	19
	345	0.2	23	0.2	13	0.1	13	0.2	22	0.1	17
	343	0.1	17	0.1	17	0.1	19	0.2	26	0.2	21
	341	0.1	17	0.1	17	0.1	19	0.2	26	0.2	21
	339	0.1	17	0.1	21	0.1	18	0.1	26	0.0	2
	337	0.1	28	0.1	24	0.1	18	0.1	26	0.0	4
	335	0.1	33	0.1	28	0.1	18	0.1	19	0.0	2
	333	0.1	43	0.1	37	0.0	18	0.0	3	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

STATION 1		
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT
21.0	383	21.0
18.5	381	18.5
16.5	379	16.5
14.5	377	14.5
12.0	375	12.0
8.0	371	8.0
5.5	369	5.5
3.5	367	3.5
1.0	365	1.0
-1.5	363	-1.5
-3.5	361	-3.5
-5.5	359	-5.5

STATION 2		
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT
21.0	383	21.0
18.5	381	18.5
16.5	379	16.5
14.5	377	14.5
12.0	375	12.0
8.0	371	8.0
5.5	369	5.5
3.5	367	3.5
1.0	365	1.0
-1.5	363	-1.5
-3.5	361	-3.5
-5.5	359	-5.5

STATION 3		
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT
21.0	383	21.0
18.5	381	18.5
16.5	379	16.5
14.5	377	14.5
12.0	375	12.0
8.0	371	8.0
5.5	369	5.5
3.5	367	3.5
1.0	365	1.0
-1.5	363	-1.5
-3.5	361	-3.5
-5.5	359	-5.5

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

(Sheet 1 of 6)

(Continued)

Table 4 (Continued)
B. Side Channel Osborne, Pool 1

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.72 MILES = 2.76 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.14 MILES = 0.23 KILOMETERS = 792.06 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, $D = L/(2\pi A)^{1/2}$ A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
383	21.0	2149	4.3	140.6	3.6	2.9	346	22		
381	18.5	1878	4.8	133.7	3.6	3.0	376	23		
379	16.5	1606	4.8	126.6	3.4	3.0	416	24		
377	14.5	1351	4.8	120.0	3.2	3.1	469	26		
375	12.0	1114	4.8	113.9	3.0	3.2	540	27		
373	10.0	877	4.9	107.8	2.8	3.4	650	29		

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES											
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT	
383	21.0	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
381	18.5	7.0	5	7.6	5	6.1	4	12.5	9	34.6	24	45.1	31
379	16.5	6.6	5	7.0	5	6.6	5	19.7	14	38.8	28	36.0	26
377	14.5	6.2	5	6.5	5	7.1	5	27.0	21	43.0	33	26.9	21
375	12.0	6.6	5	8.2	7	9.5	8	31.8	26	40.6	33	18.8	15
373	10.0	7.9	7	12.1	10	13.5	12	34.4	29	31.4	27	11.9	10
		9.2	8	16.0	14	17.6	16	36.9	33	22.3	20	5.0	5
												3.9	4

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 6)

Table 4 (Continued)
C. Side Channel Osborne, Pool 2

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 0.31 MILES = 0.50 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.15 MILES = 0.23 KILOMETERS = 770.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A			
373	10.0	261	1.0	23.6	0.4	1.5	479	27			
371	8.0	216	1.1	22.0	0.9	1.7	537	32			
369	5.5	172	1.2	20.3	1.4	1.9	624	36			
367	3.5	134	1.2	17.9	1.7	2.0	706	43			
365	1.5	102	1.1	14.7	1.7	2.1	867	48			
363	-1.5	55	0.8	13.4	1.7	2.1	867	56			
361	-3.0	32	0.5	5.7	1.4	1.6	760	62			
359	-4.5	29	0.4	3.8	1.1	1.5	694	66			
357	"	23	0.3	2.9	0.5	1.4	833	89			
355	"	17	0.3	2.0	0.2	1.3	642	93			
353	"	11	0.2	1.3	0.1	1.2	687	100			
351	"	6	0.2	1.1	0.1	1.2	741	111			
349	"	5	0.1	0.7	0.1	1.1	837	117			
347	"	3	0.1	0.6	0.1	1.1	946	127			
345	"	2	0.1	0.5	0.0	1.1	1165	141			
343	"	1	0.1	0.4	0.0	1.1	1302	160			
341	"	1	0.1	0.4	0.0	1.1	1302	160			
339	"	0	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.2	596	297			
337	"	0	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.2	596	297			
335	"	0	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.2	596	297			

DEFINITIONS
V - WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT
L - SHOEBELINE LENGTH, MILES
A - WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
DAS - DISTANCE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
RESPECT TO WATER SURFACE AREA
D - SHOEBELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L(2πA/V)^{1/2}
A/V - RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
L/A - RATIO OF SHOEBELINE LENGTH TO
WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES															
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT									
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
373	10.0	1.0	4	1.6	7	3.0	12	6.6	27	7.3	30	2.5	10	2.1	9		
371	8.0	1.7	8	2.2	10	4.3	16	5.9	26	5.4	24	1.8	8	1.6	8		
369	5.5	2.4	12	2.7	13	4.3	21	5.3	25	3.5	17	1.2	6	1.4	7		
367	3.5	3.0	16	2.8	15	4.1	23	4.3	23	2.2	12	0.8	4	1.1	6		
365	1.5	3.4	23	2.5	17	3.1	21	2.9	19	1.5	10	0.6	4	1.0	6		
363	-1.5	3.9	33	2.2	19	2.1	18	1.6	13	0.9	7	0.4	4	0.8	7		
361	-3.0	2.9	32	1.6	18	1.5	17	1.2	13	0.7	8	0.4	4	0.7	7		
359	-4.5	1.9	32	1.0	17	0.9	15	0.8	13	0.5	9	0.4	6	0.5	9		
357	"	1.2	38	0.6	16	0.5	13	0.6	14	0.4	10	0.3	8	0.4	10		
355	"	0.9	28	0.5	13	0.5	15	0.5	15	0.4	12	0.3	9	0.3	9		
353	"	0.5	23	0.3	14	0.2	12	0.3	16	0.3	16	0.3	13	0.2	9		
351	"	0.4	21	0.2	14	0.2	12	0.3	20	0.3	20	0.3	13	0.1	7		
349	"	0.2	15	0.2	14	0.2	12	0.3	22	0.2	22	0.2	12	0.1	4		
347	"	0.2	15	0.2	15	0.1	13	0.3	22	0.2	22	0.2	12	0.1	4		
345	"	0.2	16	0.2	16	0.1	14	0.2	24	0.2	22	0.1	8	0.0	1		
343	"	0.1	17	0.1	17	0.1	16	0.2	26	0.2	21	0.0	2	0.0	0		
341	"	0.1	20	0.1	19	0.1	17	0.2	27	0.1	17	0.0	2	0.0	0		
339	"	0.1	24	0.1	21	0.1	18	0.1	28	0.0	9	0.0	0	0.0	0		
337	"	0.1	28	0.1	24	0.1	18	0.1	26	0.0	4	0.0	0	0.0	0		
335	"	0.1	33	0.1	26	0.0	18	0.0	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0		
333	"	0.1	43	0.1	37	0.0	18	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0		

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)
(Sheet 3 of 6)

Table 4 (Continued)

D. Side Channel Osborne, Pool 3

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.41 MILES = 2.26 KILOMETERS		AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.13 MILES = 0.21 KILOMETERS = 704.00 FEET							
RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS					DEFINITIONS		
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2gA ^{1/2}) A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE
373	10.0	612	4.0	64.0	4.0	3.1	724	30	
371	8.0	467	3.8	76.0	4.0	3.1	859	32	
369	5.5	322	3.7	68.0	4.0	3.2	1117	35	

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	ACRES	%	ACRES
373	10.0	8.1	14.3	17	18.6	17	30.0	35	15.0	17	2.5
371	8.0	10.9	15.1	20	12.7	17	22.2	30	10.0	13	2.1
369	5.5	13.6	15.8	25	10.9	17	14.5	23	5.0	8	1.8

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 4 of 6)

Table 4 (Continued)

E. Side Channel Osborne, Pool 4

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 0.38 MILES = 0.61 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.13 MILES = 0.20 KILOMETERS = 671.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
368	4.5	117	1.1	19.4	2.2	1.8	874	36	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	
366	2.5	87	1.0	15.6	2.1	1.9	944	41	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT	
364	-0.5	57	0.9	11.7	2.0	2.0	1087	51	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, $D = L/(2\pi A^{1/2})$	
362	-2.5	36	0.8	8.4	1.8	1.9	1224	59	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE	
360	<-3.5	25	0.6	5.6	1.5	1.7	1178	63	L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
358	"	14	0.3	2.8	1.1	1.4	1060	76		
356	"	10	0.3	2.2	0.8	1.3	1168	81		
354	"	6	0.2	1.6	0.5	1.3	1415	88		

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
368	4.5	3.0	15	4.3	22	4.4	23	4.9	25	1.5	8	1.2	6	0.2	1
366	2.5	3.5	22	3.5	22	3.0	19	3.4	21	1.4	9	0.8	5	0.1	1
364	-0.5	4.0	33	2.7	23	1.7	14	1.9	16	1.3	11	0.4	3	0.0	0
362	-2.5	3.5	41	2.0	23	0.9	10	1.1	13	1.0	12	0.2	2	0.0	0
360	<-3.5	2.2	37	1.3	22	0.6	11	1.1	18	0.6	11	0.1	1	0.0	0
358	"	0.8	27	0.5	18	0.4	13	1.0	35	0.2	7	0.0	0	0.0	0
356	"	0.6	27	0.5	22	0.5	19	0.6	26	0.1	5	0.0	0	0.0	0
354	"	0.5	28	0.5	26	0.5	30	0.2	12	0.0	2	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 5 of 6)

Table 4 (Concluded)

F. Side Channel Osborne, Pool 5

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.03 MILES = 1.65 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.14 MILES = 0.22 KILOMETERS = 724.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS								DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING SEA ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V	L	A
368	4.5	131	2.7	35.0	7.1	3.2	1407	49	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
366	2.5	89	2.0	24.5	5.1	2.9	1456	52	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT		
364	-0.5	47	1.3	14.1	3.2	2.5	1594	60	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, $D = L/(2\sqrt{A})$		
362	-2.5	21	0.8	7.3	2.0	2.3	1835	74	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE		
360	-3.5	12	0.6	4.2	1.4	2.2	1831	87			
358	"	3	0.3	1.1	0.8	2.0	1801	173			
356	"	2	0.2	0.8	0.6	1.7	2012	175			
354	"	1	0.1	0.5	0.3	1.4	2713	180			

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
368	4.5	11.6	32	11.8	33	5.5	15	5.8	16	1.0	3	0.3	1	0.0	0
366	2.5	8.7	34	8.3	33	3.7	15	3.7	15	0.7	3	0.2	1	0.0	0
364	-0.5	5.8	39	4.7	32	2.0	14	1.6	11	0.5	3	0.1	0	0.0	0
362	-2.5	3.6	47	2.4	31	0.9	12	0.5	7	0.3	4	0.0	0	0.0	0
360	<-3.5	2.1	47	1.3	29	0.5	12	0.4	9	0.1	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
358	"	0.6	49	0.2	19	0.2	13	0.3	20	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
356	"	0.5	49	0.2	23	0.1	11	0.2	17	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
354	"	0.3	50	0.2	34	0.0	6	0.1	10	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Sheet 6 of 6)

Table 6

Results of Calculations for Side Channel Fort Chartres

A. Side Channel Fort Chartres

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH * 1.91 MILES * 3.07 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH * 0.11 MILES * 0.17 KILOMETERS * 560.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A			
383	28.0	281.6	5.3	165.2	3.1	3.0	31.0	21			
381	26.0	252.4	5.5	159.4	2.8	3.1	31.4	22			
379	24.0	223.1	5.7	153.7	2.6	3.3	32.4	25			
377	22.0	188.7	5.9	148.3	2.4	3.5	44.8	26			
375	20.0	142.2	6.1	138.3	2.4	3.7	51.4	28			
373	18.0	118.9	6.0	133.1	2.4	3.7	59.1	29			
371	16.0	95.7	6.0	127.8	2.3	3.8	70.5	30			
369	14.0	74.7	6.0	121.4	2.2	3.9	85.9	32			
367	12.0	57.1	6.1	115.4	2.1	4.0	105.4	32			
365	10.0	42.6	6.1	109.4	2.0	4.2	129.4	37			
363	8.0	30.1	6.1	103.4	1.9	4.2	151.3	42			
361	6.0	26.4	4.9	79.8	1.8	4.2	151.0	53			
359	4.0	15.6	3.7	45.2	1.7	4.1	151.0	66			
357	2.0	9.0	2.7	25.5	1.6	3.8	150.1	70			
355	0.0	5.0	1.8	16.8	1.5	3.4	148.4	70			
353	-2.0	2.0	0.9	8.1	1.4	2.5	150.0	86			
351	-4.0	1.3	0.8	4.5	1.0	2.6	166.3	108			
349	-6.0	0.7	0.6	2.9	0.7	2.5	222.9	130			
347	-8.0	0.4	0.4	1.6	0.6	2.1	215.8	143			
345	-10.0	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	1.7	165.4	272			
343	-12.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	1.7	165.4	272			

DEFINITIONS
 V - WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT
 L - SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
 A - WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 DAS - DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
 RESPECT TO ST. LOUIS GAGE READING, ACRES/FT
 D - SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, 0.1-1.0 (MPH)
 A/V - RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
 WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
 L/A - RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
 WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT			
ACRES	N	ACRES	N	ACRES	N	ACRES	N	ACRES	N	ACRES	N
383	28.0	5.7	4	4.9	3	5.3	3	12.1	6	16.8	11
381	26.0	5.7	4	5.4	4	5.6	4	12.8	9	20.7	14
379	24.0	5.7	4	5.8	4	6.0	4	13.4	9	24.6	17
377	22.0	5.8	4	6.2	5	6.5	5	13.5	11	28.9	27
375	20.0	6.0	5	6.7	5	6.8	5	13.8	11	31.9	23
373	18.0	6.0	5	7.0	5	7.0	5	14.0	11	34.8	14
371	16.0	7.5	6	8.4	7	10.7	9	21.5	15	41.4	15
369	14.0	8.4	8	10.1	9	13.3	12	31.5	27	44.6	12
367	12.0	11.0	11	13.5	13	15.0	15	39.3	38	49.4	4
365	10.0	15.2	17	18.6	20	19.6	17	27.4	30	53.2	2
363	8.0	14.4	24	23.7	29	16.3	20	15.3	19	56.8	1
361	6.0	12.4	18	18.1	22	16.1	18	15.3	14	59.4	0
359	4.0	12.4	18	17.4	20	15.3	14	15.3	14	61.4	0
357	2.0	8.8	7	7.1	30	3.1	13	2.4	10	61.4	0
355	0.0	5.2	3	4.2	28	2.2	15	1.9	13	61.4	0
353	-2.0	1.0	2	1.3	20	1.3	20	1.4	21	61.4	0
351	-4.0	1.4	2	1.0	21	1.0	20	1.7	11	61.4	0
349	-6.0	0.9	1	0.8	23	0.4	18	0.5	9	61.4	0
347	-8.0	0.7	1	0.4	24	0.2	15	0.0	0	61.4	0
345	-10.0	0.5	1	0.3	32	0.0	0	0.0	0	61.4	0
343	-12.0	0.5	1	0.3	32	0.0	0	0.0	0	61.4	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

STATION 1		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	FEET
383	28.0	383	28.0	18296	18296
381	26.0	381	26.0	16880	16880
379	24.0	379	24.0	15880	15880
377	22.0	377	22.0	14880	14880
375	20.0	375	20.0	13880	13880
373	18.0	373	18.0	12880	12880
371	16.0	371	16.0	11880	11880
369	14.0	369	14.0	10880	10880
367	12.0	367	12.0	9880	9880
365	10.0	365	10.0	8880	8880
363	8.0	363	8.0	7880	7880
361	6.0	361	6.0	6880	6880
359	4.0	359	4.0	5880	5880
357	2.0	357	2.0	4880	4880
355	0.0	355	0.0	3880	3880
353	-2.0	353	-2.0	2880	2880
351	-4.0	351	-4.0	1880	1880
349	-6.0	349	-6.0	880	880
347	-8.0	347	-8.0	0	0
345	-10.0	345	-10.0	0	0
343	-12.0	343	-12.0	0	0

STATION 2		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	FEET
383	28.0	383	28.0	18266	18266
381	26.0	381	26.0	16866	16866
379	24.0	379	24.0	15866	15866
377	22.0	377	22.0	14866	14866
375	20.0	375	20.0	13866	13866
373	18.0	373	18.0	12866	12866
371	16.0	371	16.0	11866	11866
369	14.0	369	14.0	10866	10866
367	12.0	367	12.0	9866	9866
365	10.0	365	10.0	8866	8866
363	8.0	363	8.0	7866	7866
361	6.0	361	6.0	6866	6866
359	4.0	359	4.0	5866	5866
357	2.0	357	2.0	4866	4866
355	0.0	355	0.0	3866	3866
353	-2.0	353	-2.0	2866	2866
351	-4.0	351	-4.0	1866	1866
349	-6.0	349	-6.0	866	866
347	-8.0	347	-8.0	0	0
345	-10.0	345	-10.0	0	0
343	-12.0	343	-12.0	0	0

STATION 3		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	FEET
383	28.0	383	28.0	18266	18266
381	26.0	381	26.0	16866	16866
379	24.0	379	24.0	15866	15866
377	22.0	377	22.0	14866	14866
375	20.0	375	20.0	13866	13866
373	18.0	373	18.0	12866	12866
371	16.0	371	16.0	11866	11866
369	14.0	369	14.0	10866	10866
367	12.0	367	12.0	9866	9866
365	10.0	365	10.0	8866	8866
363	8.0	363	8.0	7866	7866
361	6.0	361	6.0	6866	6866
359	4.0	359	4.0	5866	5866
357	2.0	357	2.0	4866	4866
355	0.0	355	0.0	3866	3866
353	-2.0	353	-2.0	2866	2866
351	-4.0	351	-4.0	1866	1866
349	-6.0	349	-6.0	866	866
347	-8.0	347	-8.0	0	0
345	-10.0	345	-10.0	0	0
343	-12.0	343	-12.0	0	0

(Sheet 1 of 4)

Table 6 (Continued)

B. Side Channel Fort Chartres, Pool 1

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.91 MILES = 3.07 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.11 MILES = 0.17 KILOMETERS = 566.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS					
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	L/A
383	28.0	2816	5.3	165.2	3.0	3.0	21
381	26.0	2524	5.5	159.3	3.0	3.1	22
379	24.0	2231	5.6	153.3	3.0	3.2	23

DEFINITIONS

V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT
 L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
 A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
 RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
 D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = $L/(2 \cdot A^{1/2})$
 A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
 WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
 L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
 WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
383	28.0	5.7	4	4.9	3	5.3	3	12.1	8	16.8	11	26.6	17	81.3	53
381	26.0	5.7	4	5.4	4	5.6	4	12.8	9	20.7	14	37.2	25	60.1	41
379	24.0	5.7	4	5.8	4	6.0	4	13.4	9	24.6	17	47.8	34	38.9	27

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 4)

Table 6 (Continued)
C. Side Channel Port Chartres, Pool 2

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A			
378	23.0	433	1.8	33.2	1.0	2.3	405	36			
376	21.0	373	1.9	31.1	1.0	2.4	441	39			
374	18.0	312	1.9	29.0	0.9	2.5	490	42			
372	16.0	256	1.9	26.8	1.0	2.6	552	46			
370	14.0	204	1.8	24.5	1.1	2.7	633	48			
368	11.5	152	1.8	22.2	1.3	2.7	768	52			
366	9.5	112	1.8	19.5	1.5	3.0	893	60			
364	7.5	72	1.8	15.7	1.7	3.3	1156	73			
362	5.0	42	1.5	11.4	2.1	3.0	1443	82			
360	2.5	22	0.8	6.0	2.7	2.1	1454	85			
358	0.0	2	0.1	0.5	3.3	1.3	1731	158			

DEFINITIONS
V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT
L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2πA)^{1/2}
A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
376	23.0	1.8	6	1.7	5	1.7	5	3.4	10	7.0	22	14.0	43	2.8	9
374	21.0	1.8	6	1.7	6	1.7	6	4.4	14	9.8	32	9.5	31	1.7	5
372	18.0	1.7	6	1.7	6	1.8	6	5.5	19	12.6	44	5.0	17	0.6	2
370	16.0	1.7	6	1.9	7	2.3	8	7.2	26	11.8	43	2.2	8	0.0	0
368	14.0	1.9	8	2.4	9	3.3	13	9.5	37	7.3	29	1.1	4	0.0	0
366	11.5	2.1	9	2.8	12	4.3	18	11.8	49	2.8	12	0.0	0	0.0	0
364	9.5	3.0	14	4.0	19	5.1	24	7.3	35	1.7	8	0.0	0	0.0	0
362	7.5	3.9	21	5.1	28	5.8	32	2.9	16	0.6	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
360	5.0	3.9	28	4.6	33	4.9	35	0.6	4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
358	2.5	3.2	38	2.5	30	2.5	29	0.3	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
356	0.0	2.4	86	0.4	13	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

Table 6 (Concluded)

D. Side Channel Fort Chartres, Pool 3

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.27 MILES = 2.05 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.13 MILES = 0.20 KILOMETERS = 666.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	
378	23.0	1644	3.9	117.6	1.4	2.6	378	21	
376	21.0	1441	4.0	114.7	1.3	2.7	420	22	
374	19.0	1238	4.1	111.8	1.2	2.8	477	23	
372	17.0	1046	4.1	108.9	1.1	2.8	550	24	
370	15.0	867	4.2	106.0	1.0	2.9	646	25	
368	13.0	687	4.2	103.0	1.0	3.0	792	26	
366	11.5	540	4.2	98.7	0.8	3.1	965	28	
364	9.5	393	4.3	94.4	0.7	3.1	1269	29	
362	7.5	276	4.0	79.7	0.4	3.4	1524	32	
360	5.0	190	3.5	54.5	0.0	3.7	1918	42	
358	2.5	103	3.0	29.4	0.6	4.0	1502	66	
356	0.0	74	2.2	20.9	0.5	3.4	1491	68	
354	-2.0	45	1.4	12.4	3.4	2.7	1465	71	
352	-3.5	26	0.9	7.2	1.7	2.4	1485	80	
350	"	17	0.8	5.4	1.2	2.6	1673	95	
348	"	8	0.7	3.6	0.8	2.7	2246	126	
346	"	5	0.5	2.3	0.7	2.3	2203	134	
344	"	2	0.2	1.0	0.6	1.9	2058	163	

DEFINITIONS
 V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT
 L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
 A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
 RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
 D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2πA)^{1/2}
 A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
 WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
 L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
 WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
378	23.0	3.8	4	4.3	4	4.5	4	10.2	10	19.3	18	38.9	37	25.5	24
376	21.0	4.1	4	4.5	4	5.2	5	12.5	12	27.1	27	31.0	30	17.8	17
374	19.0	4.4	4	4.8	5	5.9	6	14.9	15	35.0	36	23.1	24	10.2	10
372	17.0	5.0	5	5.5	6	7.0	7	19.5	21	34.9	37	16.0	17	5.6	6
370	15.0	5.8	7	6.7	8	8.6	10	26.5	30	27.0	30	9.8	11	4.2	5
368	13.0	6.7	8	8.0	10	10.2	12	33.4	40	19.1	23	3.6	4	2.7	3
366	11.5	10.0	13	12.0	16	10.2	13	25.9	34	12.9	17	3.0	4	1.9	3
364	9.5	13.3	18	16.0	24	10.2	15	18.5	27	6.7	10	2.3	3	1.2	2
362	7.5	13.6	24	16.1	28	8.9	16	12.4	22	3.3	6	1.2	3	0.6	1
360	5.0	10.9	27	12.2	30	6.2	15	7.6	18	2.6	6	0.8	3	0.0	0
358	2.5	8.3	32	8.2	32	3.6	14	2.7	11	1.9	8	0.5	3	0.0	0
356	0.0	5.6	31	5.5	31	2.6	15	2.2	12	1.5	8	0.5	3	0.0	0
354	-2.0	3.0	29	2.7	26	1.7	17	1.6	16	1.0	10	0.2	2	0.0	0
352	-3.5	1.5	27	1.2	21	1.1	20	1.2	21	0.6	11	0.0	0	0.0	0
350	"	1.3	30	0.9	21	0.8	20	0.8	20	0.3	7	0.0	0	0.0	0
348	"	1.0	38	0.6	23	0.6	20	0.5	19	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
346	"	0.8	42	0.5	24	0.3	18	0.3	16	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
344	"	0.6	52	0.3	28	0.1	11	0.1	9	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

Table 7
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Moro

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.35 MILES = 3.78 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.24 MILES = 0.38 KILOMETERS = 1242.05 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS								
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAUGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A		
37.3	25.0	5662	7.3	372.7	2.6	2.7	348	12		
37.1	24.5	4448	7.6	352.6	5.0	2.9	367	14		
369	20.0	4230	8.4	352.6	7.4	3.2	440	15		
365	18.5	3956	9.0	337.7	9.3	3.5	501	17		
363	16.5	2924	9.4	318.0	9.8	3.8	574	19		
360	14.5	2292	9.8	298.3	10.7	4.1	687	21		
358	12.0	1766	10.0	273.6	15.8	4.5	816	23		
356	10.0	1401	10.2	253.1	21.9	4.6	1061	26		
354	8.0	1086	10.4	231.1	28.1	4.9	1244	30		
352	6.0	849	10.6	208.1	35.4	5.3	1453	38		
350	4.0	647	10.8	183.9	42.7	5.7	1696	52		
348	2.0	482	11.0	158.6	50.0	6.2	1970	72		
346	0.0	353	11.2	132.3	57.3	6.9	2301	102		
344	-1.0	255	11.4	105.0	64.9	7.7	2699	141		
342	-3.0	186	11.6	76.6	72.7	8.6	2966	195		
340	-5.0	135	11.8	46.4	80.9	9.7	3503	284		
338	-7.0	93	12.0	25.7	88.6	10.9	4188	402		
336	-9.0	66	12.2	14.4	96.6	12.5	5001	561		
334	-11.0	46	12.4	8.1	105.0	14.1	5929	784		
332	-13.0	31	12.6	4.4	113.3	16.0	7000	1080		
330	-15.0	21	12.8	2.6	121.7	18.2	8351	1488		
328	-17.0	14	13.0	1.4	130.2	20.7	10022	2035		
326	-19.0	9	13.2	0.8	138.8	23.5	11953	2809		
324	-21.0	6	13.4	0.5	147.6	26.6	14066	3862		
322	-23.0	4	13.6	0.3	156.6	30.0	16488	5293		
320	-25.0	2	13.8	0.2	165.8	33.7	19262	7299		

DEFINITIONS

V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT
L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(A^{0.5})
A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
VOLUME, ACRES/ACRES-FT
L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAUGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	2-4 FT	4-6 FT	6-10 FT	10-15 FT	15-20 FT	20-25 FT	25-30 FT	30-35 FT	35-40 FT
37.3	25.0	4.9	9.5	23.3	6	35.9	10	60.1	16	163.1	45
37.1	24.5	11.6	12.6	22.0	6	41.3	12	101.3	28	122.7	34
369	20.0	12.6	13.6	20.8	7	46.6	13	124.9	34	146.3	24
365	18.5	22.3	20.8	27.4	9	106.7	14	125.5	35	151.3	24
363	16.5	22.8	23.2	32.2	11	146.1	16	125.5	35	151.3	24
360	14.5	30.2	28.4	44.8	17	99.7	37	38.2	14	2.0	1
358	12.0	37.5	35.6	57.4	23	54.3	22	14.4	6	1.5	1
356	10.0	42.9	40.8	67.4	26	25.6	13	2.8	1	1.2	1
354	8.0	49.8	47.2	76.4	28	13.6	12	1.3	2	1.0	1
352	6.0	56.4	53.4	84.4	30	7.4	10	0.8	2	0.9	1
350	4.0	62.4	58.4	91.4	32	4.4	8	0.5	1	0.8	1
348	2.0	67.4	62.4	97.4	34	2.4	6	0.3	1	0.7	1
346	0.0	71.4	65.4	102.4	36	1.4	4	0.2	1	0.6	1
344	-1.0	74.4	67.4	105.4	37	0.8	3	0.1	1	0.5	1
342	-3.0	76.4	68.4	106.4	38	0.5	2	0.1	1	0.4	1
340	-5.0	77.4	68.4	106.4	38	0.3	1	0.1	1	0.3	1
338	-7.0	77.4	68.4	106.4	38	0.2	1	0.1	1	0.2	1
336	-9.0	76.4	67.4	105.4	37	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
334	-11.0	74.4	65.4	102.4	36	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
332	-13.0	71.4	62.4	97.4	34	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
330	-15.0	67.4	58.4	91.4	32	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
328	-17.0	62.4	53.4	84.4	30	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
326	-19.0	56.4	47.4	76.4	28	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
324	-21.0	49.8	38.4	67.4	26	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
322	-23.0	42.9	29.4	57.4	23	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1
320	-25.0	35.6	20.4	47.4	20	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

STATION 1		STATION 2		STATION 3	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAUGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAUGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAUGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT
37.3	25.0	37.3	25.0	37.3	25.0
37.1	24.5	37.1	24.5	37.1	24.5
369	20.0	369	20.0	369	20.0
365	18.5	365	18.5	365	18.5
363	16.5	363	16.5	363	16.5
360	14.5	360	14.5	360	14.5
358	12.0	358	12.0	358	12.0
356	10.0	356	10.0	356	10.0
354	8.0	354	8.0	354	8.0
352	6.0	352	6.0	352	6.0
350	4.0	350	4.0	350	4.0
348	2.0	348	2.0	348	2.0
346	0.0	346	0.0	346	0.0
344	-1.0	344	-1.0	344	-1.0
342	-3.0	342	-3.0	342	-3.0
340	-5.0	340	-5.0	340	-5.0
338	-7.0	338	-7.0	338	-7.0
336	-9.0	336	-9.0	336	-9.0
334	-11.0	334	-11.0	334	-11.0
332	-13.0	332	-13.0	332	-13.0
330	-15.0	330	-15.0	330	-15.0
328	-17.0	328	-17.0	328	-17.0
326	-19.0	326	-19.0	326	-19.0
324	-21.0	324	-21.0	324	-21.0
322	-23.0	322	-23.0	322	-23.0
320	-25.0	320	-25.0	320	-25.0

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

Table 8
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Kaskaskia

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.48 MILES = 4.00 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.08 MILES = 0.13 KILOMETERS = 428.18 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS										DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A					
373	27.5	1839	6.7	140.5	1.5	4.0	403	30					V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT
371	26.0	1574	6.7	114.4	3.3	4.2	451	32					L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
369	23.0	1308	6.8	128.4	5.1	4.3	518	34					A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
367	21.0	1063	7.0	119.2	6.0	4.6	592	38					DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
365	19.0	838	7.2	107.1	6.1	5.0	675	43					D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(W/A) ^{1/2}
363	17.0	612	7.4	95.0	6.1	5.4	819	50					A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
361	15.0	461	7.1	82.4	7.2	5.6	944	55					L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE
359	13.0	309	6.7	69.8	8.3	5.8	1192	62					
357	10.5	197	5.6	53.4	8.4	5.3	1432	67					
355	8.5	124	3.6	33.2	7.4	4.3	1411	69					
353	6.0	52	1.6	13.0	6.4	3.2	1384	79					
351	3.5	36	1.2	9.4	4.3	2.9	1384	84					
349	1.5	20	0.9	5.9	2.2	2.6	1512	97					
347	-1.0	10	0.6	3.4	1.0	2.6	1751	120					
345	-3.0	6	0.5	2.2	0.5	2.7	2002	149					
343	<-3.5	1	0.4	0.9	0.0	2.8	4184	254					

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES											
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	2-4 FT	4-6 FT	6-10 FT	10-15 FT	15-20 FT	20 FT					
373	27.5	5.2	4	9.3	7	32.9	24	48.2	25	13.5	10		
371	26.0	7.4	6	12.7	10	39.0	29	32.6	25	9.8	7		
369	23.0	9.7	8	16.1	13	45.1	36	17.0	13	6.2	5		
367	21.0	11.8	10	17.5	15	40.4	34	8.0	7	3.7	3		
365	19.0	13.7	13	16.8	16	33.2	31	5.6	5	2.4	2		
363	17.0	15.7	17	16.2	17	24.8	23	3.2	3	1.1	1		
361	15.0	15.9	19	14.8	18	9.2	10	2.3	3	0.7	1		
359	12.5	16.1	24	13.4	20	6.8	8	1.5	2	0.3	0		
357	10.5	14.0	27	18.7	26	4.4	6	0.9	2	0.0	0		
355	8.0	9.5	29	10.6	32	3.5	11	0.5	1	0.0	0		
353	6.0	5.1	37	2.6	19	2.8	21	0.1	0	0.0	0		
351	3.5	3.8	39	1.9	19	1.5	15	0.0	0	0.0	0		
349	1.5	2.6	42	1.2	20	1.1	18	0.0	0	0.0	0		
347	-1.0	1.7	45	0.8	22	0.6	15	0.0	0	0.0	0		
345	-3.0	1.1	46	0.6	25	0.4	15	0.0	0	0.0	0		
343	<-3.5	0.6	50	0.4	35	0.2	14	0.0	0	0.0	0		

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

STATION 1		STATION 2	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.
373	28.0	373	27.5
371	26.0	371	26.0
369	23.0	369	23.0
367	21.0	367	21.0
365	19.5	365	19.0
363	17.5	363	17.0
361	15.5	361	15.0
359	13.0	359	12.5
357	11.0	357	10.5
355	8.5	355	8.0
353	6.5	353	6.0
		349	3.5
		347	1.5
		345	-1.0
		343	-3.0
		341	<-3.5

STATION 1		STATION 2	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT
373	27.5	373	27.5
371	26.0	371	26.0
369	23.0	369	23.0
367	21.0	367	21.0
365	19.0	365	19.0
363	17.0	363	17.0
361	15.0	361	15.0
359	12.5	359	12.5
357	10.5	357	10.5
355	8.0	355	8.0
353	6.0	353	6.0
349	3.5	349	3.5
347	1.5	347	1.5
345	-1.0	345	-1.0
343	-3.0	343	-3.0
341	<-3.5	341	<-3.5

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

Table 9
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Crains

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.72 MILES = 2.76 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.06 MILES = 0.10 KILOMETERS = 330.48 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
328	19.5	305	3.6	52.7	6.9	3.5	913	44	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
326	17.0	222	3.5	41.4	5.7	4.1	982	54	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2πA) ^{1/2}	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
324	15.0	140	3.4	30.1	4.5	4.6	1131	73	L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
322	13.0	82	3.2	21.3	3.4	5.0	1365	95		
320	11.0	49	2.7	15.1	2.6	5.2	1636	116		
318	9.5	15	2.3	8.8	1.8	5.5	3132	165		
316	8.0	9	1.6	5.5	1.5	5.5	3239	186		
314	6.5	3	0.9	2.2	1.1	5.5	3744	267		

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES											
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES
328	19.5	15.5	27	10.1	18	8.0	14	13.9	25	8.2	14	0.8	1
326	17.0	12.4	28	8.7	20	7.3	16	10.4	23	5.2	12	0.5	1
324	15.0	9.3	26	7.4	23	6.6	20	7.0	21	2.3	7	0.2	0
322	13.0	7.2	31	5.8	25	5.3	23	4.3	18	0.6	3	0.0	0
320	11.0	6.2	39	4.1	25	3.2	20	2.3	14	0.3	2	0.0	0
318	9.5	5.1	58	2.3	26	1.2	14	0.3	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
316	8.0	3.4	59	1.4	25	0.7	13	0.2	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
314	6.5	1.6	67	0.5	21	0.2	10	0.1	2	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

STATION 1		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	SQUARE FEET
328	19.5	328	19.5	3279	3279
326	17.0	326	17.0	2622	2622
324	15.0	324	15.0	1710	1710
322	13.0	322	13.0	1062	1062
320	11.0	320	11.0	475	475
318	9.5	318	9.5	18	18
316	8.0	316	8.0	0	0

STATION 2		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	SQUARE FEET
328	19.5	328	19.5	1519	1519
326	17.0	326	17.0	1051	1051
324	15.0	324	15.0	695	695
322	13.0	322	13.0	410	410
320	11.0	320	11.0	196	196
318	9.5	318	9.5	58	58
316	8.0	316	8.0	2	2

STATION 3		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	SQUARE FEET
328	19.5	328	19.5	591	591
326	17.0	326	17.0	320	320
324	15.0	324	15.0	107	107
322	13.0	322	13.0	0	0

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

Table 10

Results of Calculations for Side Channel Liberty

A. Side Channel: Liberty

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.81 MILES = 4.92 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.10 MILES = 0.16 KILOMETERS = 526.59 FEET

SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS								
	V	I	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	
363	2838	7.9	184.0	7.6	4.2	342	2.7	27
361	2497	8.0	170.8	6.8	4.4	361	3.0	30
359	2156	8.0	157.2	5.6	4.6	385	3.5	35
357	1845	8.1	145.6	4.9	5.0	417	3.8	38
355	1561	8.1	135.8	4.6	5.1	459	4.1	41
353	1278	8.0	126.0	4.3	5.3	520	4.4	44
351	1046	8.0	117.0	4.8	5.3	590	4.7	47
349	814	7.9	108.0	5.4	5.4	701	5.1	51
347	610	7.7	96.1	6.3	5.6	832	5.6	56
345	434	7.3	81.3	8.3	5.9	1090	6.1	61
343	278	6.9	68.3	10.0	6.1	1382	6.7	67
341	172	6.1	49.7	10.9	6.4	1489	7.2	72
339	88	5.1	33.7	13.0	6.4	1650	8.2	82
337	39	4.0	21.0	10.3	4.4	1848	11.0	110
335	20	1.9	7.1	6.1	4.1	3180	13.5	135
333	5	0.9	3.1	2.0	3.8	5180	19.1	191

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

DEFINITIONS
 V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT.
 L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
 A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
 RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT.
 D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/D(A/V)
 A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
 SHORELINE LENGTH
 L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
 WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

STATION 1			RIVER STAGE, FT.	AREA
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET		
363	26.0	6313		
361	24.0	5684		
359	22.5	4940		
357	21.0	4060		
355	19.0	3586		
353	18.5	3248		
351	17.5	2907		
349	16.5	2587		
347	15.5	1958		
345	8.0	1195		
343	5.5	779		
341	3.0	451		
339	1.0	173		
337	-1.5	14		

STATION 2			SQUARE FEET
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT		
363	26.0	13867	
361	24.0	9218	
359	22.0	8160	
357	20.0	7239	
355	18.5	6562	
353	16.0	5828	
351	14.0	5139	
349	12.0	4501	
347	9.5	3985	
345	7.5	3539	
343	5.0	3166	
341	2.5	2858	
339	0.0	2600	

STATION 3			SQUARE FEET
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT		
363	25.0	6964	
361	23.0	6187	
359	21.0	5458	
357	20.0	4780	
355	18.0	4153	
353	16.0	3563	
351	13.5	3004	
349	11.5	2496	
347	9.5	2038	
345	7.0	1535	
343	4.5	1082	
341	2.0	685	
339	-0.5	357	
337	-2.5	142	
335	<-3.5	26	

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

(Sheet 1 of 6)

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES												
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT.	>2-4 FT.	>4-6 FT.	>6-10 FT.	>10-15 FT.	>15-20 FT.	>20 FT.	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
363	26.0	8.9	15.0	11.4	19.4	22.2	35.4	70.7	39					
361	24.0	9.4	13.3	10.5	18.1	21.7	40.5	81.8	26					
359	22.0	9.9	10.9	9.2	16.1	21.2	44.3	88.6	10					
357	20.0	9.8	9.6	8.0	14.3	20.3	41.1	82.2	10					
355	18.0	9.8	7.7	6.7	12.3	18.4	38.4	76.8	10					
353	16.0	8.8	6.7	5.7	10.3	16.4	34.4	68.8	10					
351	14.0	8.7	6.7	5.7	9.3	15.4	32.4	64.8	10					
349	12.0	9.5	11.0	13.0	15.0	21.0	37.9	75.8	2					
347	9.5	10.1	13.3	18.1	16.1	21.0	37.9	75.8	2					
345	7.0	12.0	16.5	20.5	17.4	20.5	37.9	75.8	2					
343	5.0	15.2	18.1	20.5	17.4	20.5	37.9	75.8	2					
341	2.5	18.4	20.5	24.6	17.4	20.5	37.9	75.8	2					
339	0.0	14.1	29.9	16.2	11.0	22.2	35.4	70.7	39					
337	-2.0	9.9	37.7	7.7	29.9	3.2	6.8	13.6	0					
335	<-3.5	6.6	49.9	3.0	22.2	2.0	4.4	8.8	0					
		4.2	50.0	2.2	14.4	1.7	3.6	7.2	0					
		1.8	55.0	0.4	13.0	0.1	3.0	6.0	0					

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

Table 10 (Continued)

B. Side Channel: Liberty, Pool 1

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 3.11 MILES = 5.00 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.11 MILES = 0.18 KILOMETERS = 577.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
363	26.0	2838	7.9	184.0	7.6	4.2	342	27	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
361	24.0	2497	8.0	170.6	6.9	4.4	361	30	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/12(A ^{1/2})	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
359	22.0	2156	8.0	157.2	6.2	4.6	385	33	L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
357	21.0	1845	8.1	145.6	5.4	4.8	417	35		
355	18.0	1561	8.1	135.6	4.7	5.0	459	38		
353	16.0	1278	8.1	126.0	4.0	5.1	520	41		

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	ACRES	%	ACRES
363	26.0	8.9	15.6	9	11.4	6	19.4	11	22.2	12	35.4
361	24.0	9.4	13.3	8	10.5	6	18.7	11	27.5	16	43.1
359	22.0	9.9	10.9	7	9.5	6	18.1	11	32.7	21	50.9
357	21.0	9.8	9.5	6	9.2	6	20.3	14	39.2	27	46.3
355	18.0	9.3	9.1	7	9.5	7	25.3	18	47.0	34	29.4
353	16.0	8.8	8.7	7	9.7	8	30.3	24	54.8	43	12.5

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 6)

Table 10 (Continued)

C. Side Channel: Liberty, Pool 2

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 0.45 MILES = 0.72 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.06 MILES = 0.10 KILOMETERS = 339.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
353	16.0	71	1.4	11.2	0.8	3.0	833	80	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
351	14.0	54	1.3	9.4	1.0	3.0	930	86	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, $D = L/(2\pi A)^{1/2}$	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
349	12.0	36	1.1	7.7	1.3	3.0	1119	95	L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
347	9.5	23	0.9	5.8	1.3	2.7	1306	103		
345	7.0	15	0.6	3.8	1.2	2.2	1317	106		
343	5.0	7	0.3	1.7	1.1	1.7	1356	116		
341	2.5	5	0.2	1.3	0.7	1.6	1400	124		
339	0.0	3	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.4	1507	141		

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES												
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
353	16.0	1.6	15	1.6	15	3.9	37	1.5	14	0.5	4	0.1	1	0.1
351	14.0	1.7	18	1.5	16	2.8	30	1.1	12	0.3	4	0.1	1	0.1
349	12.0	1.7	22	1.4	19	1.6	21	0.7	9	0.2	2	0.0	0	0.0
347	9.5	1.5	26	1.8	31	0.9	15	0.4	7	0.1	2	0.0	0	0.0
345	7.0	1.2	29	1.1	28	0.6	15	0.3	7	0.1	1	0.0	0	0.0
343	5.0	0.8	39	0.4	18	0.3	15	0.1	5	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0
341	2.5	0.6	40	0.3	17	0.2	15	0.1	5	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0
339	0.0	0.4	43	0.1	15	0.1	14	0.0	4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 3 of 6)

D. Side Channel: Liberty, Pool 3

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.66 MILES = 4.28 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.12 MILES = 0.19 KILOMETERS = 620.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS						
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING SEA EQUALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A
353	16.0	1205	6.6	114.7	3.6	4.4	502	37
351	14.0	991	6.7	107.5	3.6	4.6	573	40
349	12.0	776	6.7	100.3	3.6	4.8	682	43

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
353	16.7	7.2	6	7.2	6	8.1	7	26.3	22	53.1	45	12.1	10	3.2	3
349	14.0	7.8	7	9.2	8	12.3	11	33.4	30	36.7	33	8.4	8	2.0	2
340	12.0	8.4	8	11.3	11	16.6	16	40.4	39	20.3	20	4.8	5	0.8	1

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(continued)

(Sheet 4 of 6)

Table 10 (Continued)

E. Side Channel: Liberty, Pool 4

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 0.92 MILES = 1.49 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.12 MILES = 0.20 KILOMETERS = 656.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
348	10.5	114	2.4	25.3	2.3	3.4	1170	62	A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
346	8.5	82	2.3	20.8	2.5	3.7	1348	71	D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2(A/V))	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
344	6.0	49	2.2	16.4	2.7	4.0	1760	81	L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
342	4.0	27	1.9	12.2	2.6	3.8	2365	99		
340	1.5	15	1.3	8.1	2.3	3.2	2773	104		
338	-1.0	4	0.8	4.1	1.9	2.7	5720	118		
336	-3.0	3	0.6	3.0	1.4	2.6	6261	130		
334	<-3.5	1	0.5	2.0	0.8	2.5	7795	155		

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
348	10.5	2.4	12	3.9	19	5.2	25	7.0	34	1.9	9	0.2	1	0.1	0
346	8.5	5.0	16	3.8	22	4.3	23	4.6	27	1.2	7	0.2	1	0.0	0
344	6.0	3.6	27	3.6	27	3.3	25	2.1	16	0.6	4	0.1	1	0.0	0
342	4.0	3.4	35	2.9	30	2.3	24	0.7	8	0.2	2	0.0	0	0.0	0
340	1.5	2.4	41	1.6	27	1.2	21	0.4	8	0.1	2	0.0	0	0.0	0
338	-1.0	1.5	68	0.3	15	0.1	7	0.2	8	0.1	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
336	-3.0	0.9	66	0.2	16	0.1	14	0.1	6	0.0	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
334	<-3.5	0.4	58	0.1	19	0.1	14	0.0	7	0.0	2	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Continued)

(Sheet 5 of 6)

Table 10 (Concluded)

F. Side Channel: Liberty, Pool 5

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.74 MILES = 2.79 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.12 MILES = 0.19 KILOMETERS = 621.00 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS								DEFINITIONS	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A		V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT	L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
348	10.5	536	4.3	71.5	2.1	3.7	704	39		A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES	DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
346	8.5	404	4.4	63.1	6.0	4.0	624	45		D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = $L/(2\pi A)^{1/2}$	A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
344	6.0	272	4.4	54.7	10.0	4.3	1062	52		L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE	
342	4.0	171	3.8	42.1	11.7	4.3	1298	58			
340	1.5	102	2.6	25.3	11.1	3.8	1312	66			
338	-1.0	32	1.4	8.4	10.5	3.4	1388	105			
336	-3.0	21	1.0	5.7	6.9	3.2	1469	117			
334	<-3.5	9	0.7	3.0	3.2	3.0	1755	149			

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES												
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
348	10.5	6.1	8	15.4	18	36.8	48		9.6	13	2.3	3	0.2	0
346	8.5	9.1	13	13.4	20	24.4	36		6.6	10	1.4	2	0.1	0
344	6.0	12.1	20	13.3	22	12.1	20		3.7	6	0.6	1	0.0	0
342	4.0	12.1	26	11.0	23	5.0	11		1.8	4	0.1	0	0.0	0
340	1.5	8.9	30	6.4	22	3.2	11		1.0	3	0.1	0	0.0	0
338	-1.0	5.8	49	2.7	23	1.5	12		0.2	1	0.0	0	0.0	0
336	-3.0	4.0	50	1.9	23	0.9	11		0.1	1	0.0	0	0.0	0
334	>-3.5	2.3	52	1.1	26	0.3	8		0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

(Sheet 6 of 6)

Table 11
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Jones

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.97 MILES = 4.77 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.12 MILES = 0.19 KILOMETERS = 630.34 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS						
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A
328	24.0	2725	7.8	210.3	4.1	3.8	408	24
326	22.0	2329	7.7	199.9	4.2	3.9	453	25
324	20.0	1933	7.6	189.5	4.3	4.0	518	26
322	17.5	1589	7.5	176.9	5.6	4.1	595	27
320	15.5	1236	7.4	162.1	8.2	4.2	692	29
348	13.5	906	7.3	147.4	10.8	4.3	858	32
346	11.5	667	7.1	120.5	11.9	4.8	953	38
344	9.5	428	7.0	93.5	12.9	5.3	1153	48
342	7.0	261	6.2	68.9	12.3	5.4	1395	58
340	5.0	165	4.8	46.5	9.9	5.1	1492	66
338	2.5	68	3.4	24.1	7.5	4.9	1858	89
336	0.0	50	2.3	16.7	5.4	3.7	1769	87
334	-2.0	31	1.2	9.4	3.2	2.5	1576	81
332	-3.5	18	0.6	5.0	1.9	1.8	1448	74
330	"	11	0.5	3.7	1.3	1.7	1811	78
328	"	3	0.5	2.5	0.6	1.5	3726	87

DEFINITIONS
V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT
L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(πA)^{1/2}
A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

STATION 1		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	SQUARE FEET
328	24.0	328	24.0	8666	8666
326	22.5	326	22.5	7636	7636
324	21.0	324	21.0	6635	6635
322	18.0	322	18.0	5665	5665
320	16.0	320	16.0	4795	4795
348	14.0	348	14.0	3816	3816
346	12.0	346	12.0	2934	2934
344	10.0	344	10.0	2148	2148
342	8.0	342	8.0	1397	1397
340	5.5	340	5.5	795	795
338	3.5	338	3.5	112	112
336	1.0	336	1.0	0	0

STATION 2		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	SQUARE FEET
328	23.5	328	23.5	5579	5579
326	21.5	326	21.5	4790	4790
324	20.0	324	20.0	4034	4034
322	17.5	322	17.5	3359	3359
320	15.5	320	15.5	2731	2731
348	13.5	348	13.5	2160	2160
346	11.5	346	11.5	1639	1639
344	9.5	344	9.5	1167	1167
342	7.5	342	7.5	751	751
340	5.0	340	5.0	398	398
338	2.5	338	2.5	109	109
336	0.0	336	0.0	0	0

STATION 3		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	SQUARE FEET
328	22.5	328	22.5	1007	1007
326	21.0	326	21.0	776	776
324	19.0	324	19.0	549	549
322	17.0	322	17.0	346	346
320	14.5	320	14.5	167	167
348	12.5	348	12.5	84	84
346	10.5	346	10.5	0	0

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	
328	24.0	10.3	5	10.3	5	15.5	6	28.9	14	66.2	32	59.1	28	21.6	10
326	22.0	12.2	6	11.7	6	14.2	7	40.7	20	63.4	32	41.9	21	15.1	8
324	20.0	14.0	7	13.1	7	15.0	8	52.5	28	60.5	32	24.7	13	8.7	5
322	17.5	15.3	9	17.1	10	19.3	11	55.4	31	50.5	29	13.6	8	4.8	3
320	15.5	16.0	10	23.6	15	27.3	17	49.4	31	33.3	21	8.5	5	3.4	2
348	13.5	16.7	11	30.0	20	35.2	24	43.4	30	16.1	11	3.5	2	2.0	1
346	11.5	21.2	18	25.4	21	30.0	25	28.7	24	11.0	9	2.9	2	1.2	1
344	9.5	25.6	27	20.8	22	24.8	26	13.9	15	6.0	6	2.3	2	0.5	0
342	7.0	24.8	36	15.4	22	18.1	26	5.8	8	3.2	5	1.6	2	0.0	0
340	5.0	18.6	41	9.1	20	9.8	22	4.3	10	2.6	6	0.8	2	0.0	0
338	2.5	12.4	57	2.9	13	1.5	7	2.8	13	2.0	9	0.1	0	0.0	0
336	0.0	7.9	52	2.2	14	1.7	11	2.1	14	1.2	8	0.0	0	0.0	0
334	-2.0	3.5	40	1.5	17	1.9	21	1.4	16	0.4	5	0.0	0	0.0	0
332	-3.5	1.3	27	1.0	22	1.6	33	0.8	17	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0
330	"	1.3	37	0.8	23	0.9	27	0.4	12	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
328	"	1.2	62	0.5	26	0.2	12	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

Table 12

Results of Calculations for Side Channel Picayune

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 7.83 MILES = 12.60 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.09 MILES = 0.15 KILOMETERS = 484.39 FEET

SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A
34.3	31.0	31.0	8560	19.2	442.2	1.3	6.5	273	28
34.1	28.0	28.0	7925	19.3	430.4	7.9	6.6	266	29
33.9	26.0	26.0	6324	19.5	387.6	14.0	6.9	317	31
33.7	24.0	24.0	5878	19.6	377.6	18.0	7.1	330	33
33.5	22.0	22.0	5122	19.7	337.5	13.2	7.3	347	35
33.3	20.0	20.0	3989	19.8	286.2	11.5	7.4	407	36
33.1	18.0	18.0	3085	19.9	245.5	10.5	7.6	449	41
32.9	16.0	16.0	2772	18.1	200.6	8.5	7.7	502	44
32.7	14.0	14.0	2244	18.0	169.7	24.5	8.4	502	44
32.5	12.0	12.0	1892	17.4	142.4	15.6	8.4	502	44
32.3	10.0	10.0	1599	15.9	111.7	17.7	8.7	776	55
32.1	8.0	8.0	1260	15.0	126.7	17.9	8.6	891	56
31.9	6.0	6.0	988	14.1	101.1	13.3	8.6	891	56
31.7	4.0	4.0	760	13.5	80.8	13.3	8.6	891	56
31.5	2.0	2.0	595	12.8	63.8	8.5	9.2	726	77
31.3	0.0	0.0	452	12.0	50.0	5.2	4.1	617	73
31.1	-2.0	-2.0	322	11.2	38.5	2.4	2.4	461	81
30.9	-4.0	-4.0	222	11.0	31.0	1.0	2.3	476	82
30.7	-6.0	-6.0	152	11.0	24.0	0.6	2.2	498	83
30.5	-8.0	-8.0	102	10.9	19.6	0.6	2.2	498	83
30.3	-10.0	-10.0	84	10.8	16.0	0.4	2.2	577	76
30.1	-12.0	-12.0	68	10.8	13.0	0.4	2.2	649	76
29.9	-14.0	-14.0	55	10.8	10.0	0.3	2.4	683	87
29.7	-16.0	-16.0	44	10.8	8.0	0.3	2.5	737	104
29.5	-18.0	-18.0	34	10.9	6.0	0.3	2.5	797	104
29.3	-20.0	-20.0	25	10.9	4.0	0.4	2.2	842	113
29.1	-22.0	-22.0	13	10.9	2.2	0.3	1.8	931	110
28.9	-24.0	-24.0	9	10.9	1.7	0.3	1.8	962	121
28.7	-26.0	-26.0	5	10.9	1.1	0.3	1.7	1113	144
28.5	-28.0	-28.0	2	10.9	0.7	0.3	1.7	1113	144
28.3	-30.0	-30.0	1	10.9	0.4	0.3	1.7	1113	144
28.1	-32.0	-32.0	0	10.9	0.2	0.3	1.7	1113	144
27.9	-34.0	-34.0	0	10.9	0.2	0.3	1.7	1113	144

DEFINITIONS

- V = WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT.
- L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
- A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
- DAS = DISTANCE FROM RIVER STAGE ACROSS WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE ACROSS
- D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(A/V)
- A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT
- L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

CALCULATED PARAMETERS									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT.	2-4 FT.	4-6 FT.	6-10 FT.	10-15 FT.	15-20 FT.	20 FT.
34.3	31.0	31.0	0.3	1	24.3	3	33.0	7	58.5
34.1	28.0	28.0	18.1	4	26.2	6	30.7	7	49.9
33.9	26.0	26.0	39.6	7	28.0	7	24.3	10	45.6
33.7	24.0	24.0	54.7	7	29.6	7	22.0	10	43.4
33.5	22.0	22.0	64.7	7	30.8	7	20.0	12	40.8
33.3	20.0	20.0	70.7	6	32.6	5	18.1	12	38.6
33.1	18.0	18.0	75.2	6	34.4	5	16.1	12	36.4
32.9	16.0	16.0	79.2	6	36.2	5	14.1	12	34.2
32.7	14.0	14.0	82.7	6	38.0	5	12.1	12	32.0
32.5	12.0	12.0	85.7	6	39.8	5	10.1	12	29.8
32.3	10.0	10.0	88.2	6	41.6	5	8.1	12	27.6
32.1	8.0	8.0	90.2	6	43.4	5	6.1	12	25.4
31.9	6.0	6.0	91.7	6	45.2	5	4.1	12	23.2
31.7	4.0	4.0	92.7	6	47.0	5	2.1	12	21.0
31.5	2.0	2.0	93.2	6	48.8	5	0.1	12	18.8
31.3	0.0	0.0	93.7	6	50.6	5	0.1	12	16.6
31.1	-2.0	-2.0	94.2	6	52.4	5	0.1	12	14.4
30.9	-4.0	-4.0	94.7	6	54.2	5	0.1	12	12.2
30.7	-6.0	-6.0	95.2	6	56.0	5	0.1	12	10.0
30.5	-8.0	-8.0	95.7	6	57.8	5	0.1	12	7.8
30.3	-10.0	-10.0	96.2	6	59.6	5	0.1	12	5.6
30.1	-12.0	-12.0	96.7	6	61.4	5	0.1	12	3.4
29.9	-14.0	-14.0	97.2	6	63.2	5	0.1	12	1.2
29.7	-16.0	-16.0	97.7	6	65.0	5	0.1	12	0.0
29.5	-18.0	-18.0	98.2	6	66.8	5	0.1	12	0.0
29.3	-20.0	-20.0	98.7	6	68.6	5	0.1	12	0.0
29.1	-22.0	-22.0	99.2	6	70.4	5	0.1	12	0.0
28.9	-24.0	-24.0	99.7	6	72.2	5	0.1	12	0.0
28.7	-26.0	-26.0	100.2	6	74.0	5	0.1	12	0.0
28.5	-28.0	-28.0	100.7	6	75.8	5	0.1	12	0.0
28.3	-30.0	-30.0	101.2	6	77.6	5	0.1	12	0.0
28.1	-32.0	-32.0	101.7	6	79.4	5	0.1	12	0.0
27.9	-34.0	-34.0	102.2	6	81.2	5	0.1	12	0.0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

- 0-2 FT.
- 2-4 FT.
- 4-6 FT.
- 6-10 FT.
- 10-15 FT.
- 15-20 FT.
- 20 FT.

STATION 2									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	AREA	ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	AREA	ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	AREA	ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	AREA
34.3	31.0	9774	34.3	31.0	9774	34.3	31.0	9774	34.3
34.1	28.0	9231	34.1	28.0	9231	34.1	28.0	9231	34.1
33.9	26.0	8688	33.9	26.0	8688	33.9	26.0	8688	33.9
33.7	24.0	8145	33.7	24.0	8145	33.7	24.0	8145	33.7
33.5	22.0	7602	33.5	22.0	7602	33.5	22.0	7602	33.5
33.3	20.0	7059	33.3	20.0	7059	33.3	20.0	7059	33.3
33.1	18.0	6516	33.1	18.0	6516	33.1	18.0	6516	33.1
32.9	16.0	5973	32.9	16.0	5973	32.9	16.0	5973	32.9
32.7	14.0	5430	32.7	14.0	5430	32.7	14.0	5430	32.7
32.5	12.0	4887	32.5	12.0	4887	32.5	12.0	4887	32.5
32.3	10.0	4344	32.3	10.0	4344	32.3	10.0	4344	32.3
32.1	8.0	3801	32.1	8.0	3801	32.1	8.0	3801	32.1
31.9	6.0	3258	31.9	6.0	3258	31.9	6.0	3258	31.9
31.7	4.0	2715	31.7	4.0	2715	31.7	4.0	2715	31.7
31.5	2.0	2172	31.5	2.0	2172	31.5	2.0	2172	31.5
31.3	0.0	1629	31.3	0.0	1629	31.3	0.0	1629	31.3
31.1	-2.0	1086	31.1	-2.0	1086	31.1	-2.0	1086	31.1
30.9	-4.0	543	30.9	-4.0	543	30.9	-4.0	543	30.9
30.7	-6.0	0	30.7	-6.0	0	30.7	-6.0	0	30.7
30.5	-8.0	0	30.5	-8.0	0	30.5	-8.0	0	30.5
30.3	-10.0	0	30.3	-10.0	0	30.3	-10.0	0	30.3
30.1	-12.0	0	30.1	-12.0	0	30.1	-12.0	0	30.1
29.9	-14.0	0	29.9	-14.0	0	29.9	-14.0	0	29.9
29.7	-16.0	0	29.7	-16.0	0	29.7	-16.0	0	29.7
29.5	-18.0	0	29.5	-18.0	0	29.5	-18.0	0	29.5
29.3	-20.0	0	29.3	-20.0	0	29.3	-20.0	0	29.3
29.1	-22.0	0	29.1	-22.0	0	29.1	-22.0	0	29.1
28.9	-24.0	0	28.9	-24.0	0	28.9	-24.0	0	28.9
28.7	-26.0	0	28.7	-26.0	0	28.7	-26.0	0	28.7
28.5	-28.0	0	28.5	-28.0	0	28.5	-28.0	0	28.5
28.3	-30.0	0	28.3	-30.0	0	28.3	-30.0	0	28.3
28.1	-32.0	0	28.1	-32.0	0	28.1	-32.0	0	28.1
27.9	-34.0	0	27.9	-34.0	0	27.9	-34.0	0	27.9

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

- STATION 3

Table 13

Results of Calculations for Side Channel Cape Bend

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 3.67 MILES = 5.91 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.43 MILES = 0.69 KILOMETERS = 2259.08 FEET

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 3.67 MILES = 5.91 KILOMETERS									
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.43 MILES = 0.69 KILOMETERS = 2259.08 FEET									
RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	
333	24.0	12513	12.8	972.2	50.5	2.9	410	8	DEFINITIONS
331	22.0	10086	13.4	767.3	43.4	3.2	487	10	V. WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT.
329	20.0	7557	13.3	703.5	39.9	3.6	491	12	L. SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
327	18.0	6238	12.6	626.4	36.0	3.7	532	13	L. WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
325	16.5	4908	12.3	553.3	32.1	3.7	595	14	DAS. DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT.
323	14.5	3958	11.8	495.2	31.6	3.8	661	15	D. SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D. L/12(A^0.5)
321	12.0	3007	11.3	437.2	31.2	3.9	768	17	A.V. - RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
319	9.5	2196	11.0	373.6	32.4	4.1	898	19	L/A - RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
317	6.5	1524	10.8	304.4	35.3	4.9	1456	23	
315	4.0	893	10.6	235.2	38.3	4.9	1469	33	
313	1.5	583	8.3	162.3	32.4	4.8	1469	33	
311	-0.5	314	5.9	89.4	26.4	4.7	1207	59	
309	-3.0	149	4.0	44.0	19.8	3.3	1587	82	
307	<-3.5	86	2.3	26.8	12.4	2.4	1202	98	
305	"	54	1.8	6.0	3.4	2.4	1826	87	
303	"	17	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
301	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
299	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
297	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
295	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
293	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
291	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
289	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
287	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
285	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
283	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
281	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
279	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
277	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
275	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
273	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
271	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
269	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
267	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
265	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
263	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
261	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
259	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
257	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
255	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
253	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
251	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
249	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
247	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
245	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
243	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
241	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
239	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
237	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
235	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
233	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
231	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
229	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
227	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
225	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
223	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
221	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
219	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
217	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
215	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
213	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
211	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
209	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
207	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
205	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
203	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
201	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
199	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
197	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
195	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
193	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
191	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
189	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
187	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
185	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
183	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
181	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
179	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
177	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
175	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
173	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
171	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
169	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
167	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
165	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
163	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
161	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
159	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
157	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
155	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
153	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
151	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
149	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
147	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
145	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
143	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
141	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
139	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
137	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
135	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
133	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
131	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
129	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
127	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
125	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
123	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
121	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
119	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
117	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
115	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
113	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
111	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
109	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
107	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
105	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
103	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
101	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
99	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
97	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
95	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
93	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
91	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
89	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
87	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
85	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
83	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
81	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
79	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
77	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
75	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
73	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
71	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
69	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
67	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
65	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
63	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
61	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
59	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
57	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
55	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
53	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
51	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
49	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
47	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
45	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
43	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
41	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
39	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
37	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
35	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
33	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
31	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
29	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
27	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
25	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
23	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
21	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205	106	
19	"	8	0.6	3.4	2.0	2.2	2205		

STATION 1		STATION 2	
RIVER STAGE, FT.	AREA	RIVER STAGE, FT.	AREA
MEAN SEA LEVEL	SQUARE FEET	MEAN SEA LEVEL	SQUARE FEET
333	467304	333	30699
331	36507	331	225
329	30239	329	27478
327	25646	327	24443
325	21412	325	1855
323	17142	323	18818
321	14280	321	16340
319	11175	319	11921
317	8386	317	9822
315	5966	315	45
313	3798	313	20
311	1924	311	0
309	542	309	-2.5
307	825	307	<-3.5
305	0	305	1544
299	0	299	813

STATION 3	
RIVER STAGE, FT.	AREA
MEAN SEA LEVEL	SQUARE FEET
333	9556
331	6156
329	3587
327	1699
325	417
323	40
321	40

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
333	24.0	84.2	9	105.8	11	93.0	7	157.8	16	146.1	15	167.3	17	242.3	25
331	22.5	72.1	8	94.9	11	74.1	8	138.2	16	154.6	21	170.6	19	172.0	20
329	20.0	59.9	8	84.0	11	88.0	10	180.6	15	150.0	18	170.4	18	191.8	21
327	18.0	57.0	8	73.4	10	82.6	12	125.3	16	168.0	24	158.8	17	195.4	26
325	16.5	63.4	10	62.9	10	68.3	11	128.2	20	172.3	27	194.1	17	203.4	27
323	14.5	49.9	13	52.5	9	70.0	9	141.0	25	175.7	32	209.6	17	175.3	22
321	12.0	64.1	13	57.9	12	90.7	21	124.8	28	128.0	36	177.7	14	175.3	21
319	9.5	58.3	13	63.2	14	104.3	24	104.3	28	128.0	36	177.7	14	175.3	21
317	6.5	64.2	17	63.7	17	88.6	24	144.3	36	144.3	36	177.7	14	175.3	21
315	4.0	81.8	26	59.2	19	64.1	21	71.3	23	91.7	12	6.9	2	10.9	10
313	1.5	99.3	41	54.7	23	39.7	16	38.4	16	27.4	10	4.5	1	4.9	10
311	-0.5	72.8	42	40.3	23	26.9	16	25.0	15	21.0	3	2.2	1	0.1	0
309	-3.0	46.4	46	25.8	25	14.2	14	11.6	11	5.7	3	1.3	1	0.0	0
307	<-3.5	27.6	50	15.3	28	6.5	12	4.2	8	3.3	3	0.5	0	0.0	0
305	"	16.3	50	8.8	27	3.9	12	2.9	9	1.7	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
303	"	5.1	49	2.2	22	1.4	13	1.5	15	0.1	1	0.0	0	0.0	0
301	"	3.5	50	1.7	23	0.9	13	0.9	13	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
299	"	2.0	52	1.1	28	0.5	12	0.3	8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

Table 14
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Santa Fe

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 4.87 MILES = 7.84 KILOMETERS
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.22 MILES = 0.36 KILOMETERS = 1183.23 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	D/S	D	A/V	L/A			
33.3	35.0	15678	12.8	737.8	0.9	3.4	253	11			
33.1	30.0	14616	12.9	729.1	5.4	3.4	253	11			
32.9	27.5	13655	13.1	720.5	9.9	3.5	275	12			
32.7	25.0	12617	13.2	705.0	11.8	3.6	290	12			
32.5	22.5	11503	13.4	682.7	11.3	3.7	313	13			
32.3	20.0	10184	13.5	660.5	10.7	3.8	342	13			
32.1	17.5	8978	13.6	642.3	9.7	3.8	378	13			
31.9	15.0	7766	13.7	624.0	8.8	3.8	424	14			
31.7	12.5	6600	13.8	605.8	8.4	3.9	485	14			
31.5	10.0	5474	13.9	587.6	8.5	4.0	566	15			
31.3	7.5	4399	14.0	569.3	8.7	4.1	666	16			
31.1	5.0	3378	14.1	551.1	24.1	4.7	819	18			
30.9	2.5	2475	14.2	532.9	39.9	5.2	1114	21			
30.7	0.0	1578	14.3	514.7	49.1	5.5	1386	24			
30.5	-1.5	974	14.4	496.5	51.0	5.5	1488	25			
30.3	-3.0	570	14.5	478.3	54.7	5.6	1921	43			
30.1	-4.5	226	14.6	460.1	58.4	5.7	1910	44			
29.9	-6.0	82	14.7	441.9	62.1	5.8	2338	46			
29.7	-7.5	8	14.8	423.7	65.8	5.9	2858	93			
29.5	-9.0	5	14.9	405.5	69.5	6.0	3354	114			
29.3	-10.5	2	15.0	387.3	73.2	6.1	3858	157			

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	1-2 FT	2-4 FT	4-6 FT	6-10 FT	10-15 FT	15-20 FT	20-25 FT	25-30 FT	30-35 FT	35-40 FT
33.3	35.0	7.2	15.4	2	14.1	2	45.7	6	45.4	6	538.2
33.1	30.0	11.1	19.4	3	18.3	2	42.0	6	43.9	6	502.8
32.9	27.5	15.0	23.4	3	21.6	3	38.4	6	40.9	6	467.4
32.7	25.0	18.9	27.4	4	25.2	3	34.8	5	37.5	12	432.0
32.5	22.5	22.8	31.4	4	28.8	3	31.2	5	34.0	12	396.8
32.3	20.0	26.7	35.3	5	32.1	3	27.6	4	30.4	12	361.6
32.1	17.5	30.6	39.2	6	35.5	3	24.0	3	26.8	12	326.4
31.9	15.0	34.5	43.1	7	38.9	4	20.4	2	23.2	12	291.2
31.7	12.5	38.4	47.0	8	42.3	5	16.8	1	19.6	12	256.0
31.5	10.0	42.3	50.9	9	45.7	6	13.2	0	16.0	12	220.8
31.3	7.5	46.2	54.8	10	49.1	7	9.6	0	12.4	12	185.6
31.1	5.0	50.1	58.7	11	52.5	8	6.0	0	8.8	12	150.4
30.9	2.5	54.0	62.6	12	55.9	9	2.4	0	5.2	12	115.2
30.7	0.0	57.9	66.5	13	59.3	10	0.0	0	1.6	12	80.0
30.5	-1.5	61.8	70.4	14	62.7	11	0.0	0	0.0	12	44.8
30.3	-3.0	65.7	74.3	15	66.1	12	0.0	0	0.0	12	9.6
30.1	-4.5	69.6	78.2	16	69.5	13	0.0	0	0.0	12	0.0
29.9	-6.0	73.5	82.1	17	72.9	14	0.0	0	0.0	12	0.0
29.7	-7.5	77.4	86.0	18	76.3	15	0.0	0	0.0	12	0.0
29.5	-9.0	81.3	89.9	19	79.7	16	0.0	0	0.0	12	0.0
29.3	-10.5	85.2	93.8	20	83.1	17	0.0	0	0.0	12	0.0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

STATION 1		STATION 2		STATION 3	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.
33.3	37.5	33.3	37.5	33.3	37.5
33.1	32.5	33.1	32.5	33.1	32.5
32.9	27.5	32.9	27.5	32.9	27.5
32.7	22.5	32.7	22.5	32.7	22.5
32.5	17.5	32.5	17.5	32.5	17.5
32.3	12.5	32.3	12.5	32.3	12.5
32.1	7.5	32.1	7.5	32.1	7.5
31.9	2.5	31.9	2.5	31.9	2.5
31.7	-2.5	31.7	-2.5	31.7	-2.5
31.5	-7.5	31.5	-7.5	31.5	-7.5
31.3	-12.5	31.3	-12.5	31.3	-12.5
31.1	-17.5	31.1	-17.5	31.1	-17.5
30.9	-22.5	30.9	-22.5	30.9	-22.5
30.7	-27.5	30.7	-27.5	30.7	-27.5
30.5	-32.5	30.5	-32.5	30.5	-32.5
30.3	-37.5	30.3	-37.5	30.3	-37.5
30.1	-42.5	30.1	-42.5	30.1	-42.5
29.9	-47.5	29.9	-47.5	29.9	-47.5
29.7	-52.5	29.7	-52.5	29.7	-52.5
29.5	-57.5	29.5	-57.5	29.5	-57.5
29.3	-62.5	29.3	-62.5	29.3	-62.5

STATION 1		STATION 2		STATION 3	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	RIVER STAGE, FT.
33.3	37.5	33.3	37.5	33.3	37.5
33.1	32.5	33.1	32.5	33.1	32.5
32.9	27.5	32.9	27.5	32.9	27.5
32.7	22.5	32.7	22.5	32.7	22.5
32.5	17.5	32.5	17.5	32.5	17.5
32.3	12.5	32.3	12.5	32.3	12.5
32.1	7.5	32.1	7.5	32.1	7.5
31.9	2.5	31.9	2.5	31.9	2.5
31.7	-2.5	31.7	-2.5	31.7	-2.5
31.5	-7.5	31.5	-7.5	31.5	-7.5
31.3	-12.5	31.3	-12.5	31.3	-12.5
31.1	-17.5	31.1	-17.5	31.1	-17.5
30.9	-22.5	30.9	-22.5	30.9	-22.5
30.7	-27.5	30.7	-27.5	30.7	-27.5
30.5	-32.5	30.5	-32.5	30.5	-32.5
30.3	-37.5	30.3	-37.5	30.3	-37.5
30.1	-42.5	30.1	-42.5	30.1	-42.5
29.9	-47.5	29.9	-47.5	29.9	-47.5
29.7	-52.5	29.7	-52.5	29.7	-52.5
29.5	-57.5	29.5	-57.5	29.5	-57.5
29.3	-62.5	29.3	-62.5	29.3	-62.5

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

Table 15

Results of Calculations for

Side Channel Billings

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.34 MILES = 2.16 KILOMETERS

AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.21 MILES = 0.34 KILOMETERS = 1109.27 FEET

RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS						
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A
323	23.0	1606	4.2	163.9	8.9	2.3	539	16
321	21.5	1310	4.6	146.1	8.9	2.8	589	20
319	20.0	1013	5.1	128.4	9.0	3.2	669	25
317	18.0	769	5.3	110.6	9.1	3.6	760	31
315	16.5	578	5.4	92.9	9.1	4.0	848	37
313	14.5	387	5.4	75.1	9.1	4.4	1024	46
311	12.0	292	4.8	58.1	8.0	4.6	1048	52
309	10.0	198	4.1	41.0	6.9	4.7	1096	64
307	8.0	127	3.5	28.6	5.6	4.6	1188	77
305	5.5	81	2.8	20.8	4.2	4.5	1353	87
303	3.5	36	2.2	13.1	2.8	4.3	1943	107
301	1.0	24	1.5	8.7	2.2	3.4	1925	109
299	-1.5	12	0.8	4.4	1.6	2.5	1874	114
297	-3.5	5	0.4	1.9	1.1	2.1	1874	132
295	<-3.5	3	0.3	1.3	0.7	2.1	2275	160
293	"	1	0.3	0.7	0.3	2.2	5231	233

DEFINITIONS

V = WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT
 L = SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES
 A = WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 DAS = DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH
 RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT
 D = SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/(2 π A)^{1/2}
 A/V = RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO
 WATER VOLUME, 1/MILE
 L/A = RATIO OF SHORELINE LENGTH TO
 WATER SURFACE AREA, 1/MILE

STATION 2		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	
323	23.0	323	23.0	6598	
321	21.5	321	21.5	4378	
319	20.0	319	20.0	3382	
317	18.0	317	18.0	2499	
315	16.5	315	16.5	1784	
313	14.5	313	14.5	1069	
311	12.0	311	12.0	609	
309	10.0	309	10.0	375	
307	7.5	307	7.5	181	
305	5.5	305	5.5	31	
303	3.5	303	3.5	0	

STATION 3		RIVER STAGE, FT.		AREA	
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	SQUARE FEET	
323	22.5	323	22.5	5608	
321	21.0	321	21.0	3604	
319	19.5	319	19.5	2105	
317	18.0	317	18.0	1138	
315	16.0	315	16.0	616	
313	14.0	313	14.0	410	
311	12.0	311	12.0	247	
309	9.5	309	9.5	194	
307	7.5	307	7.5	44	
305	5.5	305	5.5	0	
303	3.0	303	3.0	0	

CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES													
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT		>2-4 FT		>4-6 FT		>6-10 FT		>10-15 FT		>15-20 FT		>20 FT	
		ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%
323	23.0	11.4	7	6.6	4	35.2	22	34.7	21	40.8	25	19.7	12	13.4	8
321	21.5	19.1	13	10.2	7	27.3	18	34.0	23	32.4	22	16.3	11	8.9	6
319	20.0	26.9	20	13.9	10	19.4	14	33.3	25	23.9	18	12.9	10	4.4	3
317	18.0	29.1	25	15.7	13	13.5	12	29.7	25	18.0	15	9.3	8	1.8	2
315	16.5	25.8	27	15.6	16	9.6	10	23.3	24	14.6	15	5.3	6	1.3	1
313	14.5	22.5	30	15.6	21	6.7	8	16.8	23	11.3	15	1.4	2	0.7	1
311	12.0	15.9	28	12.8	22	6.7	12	13.2	23	7.3	13	1.1	2	0.4	1
309	10.0	9.3	23	10.1	25	7.8	19	9.6	23	3.4	4	0.6	2	0.1	0
307	8.0	6.1	21	7.8	27	6.9	24	6.5	22	1.3	4	0.3	1	0.0	0
305	5.5	6.4	30	5.8	27	4.0	19	3.8	18	1.0	5	0.0	0	0.0	0
303	3.5	6.6	49	3.8	28	1.2	9	1.1	8	0.7	5	0.0	0	0.0	0
301	1.0	4.2	48	2.5	28	0.9	10	0.8	9	0.4	5	0.0	0	0.0	0
299	-1.5	1.8	42	1.2	27	0.6	14	0.6	14	0.1	3	0.0	0	0.0	0
297	-3.5	0.6	33	0.5	25	0.4	20	0.4	21	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
295	-5.5	0.6	45	0.3	26	0.2	14	0.2	15	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
293	-7.5	0.5	73	0.2	27	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

Table 16
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Buffalo

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.02 MILES = 3.24 KILOMETERS AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.12 MILES = 0.19 KILOMETERS = 634.05 FEET									
SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
RIVER STAGE FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A
22.5	318	22.5	1258	5.1	152.5	6.8	2.9	44.1	24
21.0	316	21.0	1278	5.1	157.8	5.1	3.4	48.3	24
19.5	314	19.5	1308	5.1	167.8	4.7	3.5	53.7	29
18.0	312	18.0	1347	5.4	176.7	4.6	3.7	60.9	32
16.0	310	16.0	1427	5.4	186.9	4.5	3.9	72.7	35
14.0	308	14.0	1506	5.4	197.2	4.5	4.1	84.6	40
11.5	306	11.5	1584	5.4	207.6	4.4	4.3	96.9	45
9.5	304	9.5	1662	5.3	218.1	4.3	4.5	109.7	50
7.5	302	7.5	1740	5.0	228.6	4.2	4.7	123.0	56
6.0	300	6.0	1818	4.7	239.1	4.1	5.0	136.8	61
3.5	298	3.5	1896	4.4	249.6	4.0	5.3	151.1	67
1.5	296	1.5	1974	4.1	260.1	3.9	5.6	165.9	73
-1.0	294	-1.0	2052	3.8	270.6	3.8	5.9	181.2	81
-3.5	292	-3.5	2130	3.5	281.1	3.7	6.2	196.9	88
-5.5	290	-5.5	2208	3.2	291.6	3.6	6.5	213.1	97
-8.0	288	-8.0	2286	2.9	302.1	3.5	6.8	229.6	107
-10.5	286	-10.5	2364	2.6	312.6	3.4	7.1	246.1	119
-13.0	284	-13.0	2442	2.3	323.1	3.3	7.4	262.6	133
-15.5	282	-15.5	2520	2.0	333.6	3.2	7.7	279.1	149
-18.0	280	-18.0	2598	1.7	344.1	3.1	8.0	295.6	167
-20.5	278	-20.5	2676	1.4	354.6	3.0	8.3	312.1	187
-23.0	276	-23.0	2754	1.1	365.1	2.9	8.6	328.6	209
-25.5	274	-25.5	2832	0.8	375.6	2.8	8.9	345.1	233
-28.0	272	-28.0	2910	0.5	386.1	2.7	9.2	361.6	259
-30.5	270	-30.5	2988	0.2	396.6	2.6	9.5	378.1	287
-33.0	268	-33.0	3066	0.0	407.1	2.5	9.8	394.6	317
-35.5	266	-35.5	3144	0.0	417.6	2.4	10.1	411.1	349
-38.0	264	-38.0	3222	0.0	428.1	2.3	10.4	427.6	383
-40.5	262	-40.5	3300	0.0	438.6	2.2	10.7	444.1	419
-43.0	260	-43.0	3378	0.0	449.1	2.1	11.0	460.6	457
-45.5	258	-45.5	3456	0.0	459.6	2.0	11.3	477.1	497
-48.0	256	-48.0	3534	0.0	470.1	1.9	11.6	493.6	539
-50.5	254	-50.5	3612	0.0	480.6	1.8	11.9	510.1	583
-53.0	252	-53.0	3690	0.0	491.1	1.7	12.2	526.6	629
-55.5	250	-55.5	3768	0.0	501.6	1.6	12.5	543.1	677
-58.0	248	-58.0	3846	0.0	512.1	1.5	12.8	559.6	727
-60.5	246	-60.5	3924	0.0	522.6	1.4	13.1	576.1	779
-63.0	244	-63.0	4002	0.0	533.1	1.3	13.4	592.6	833
-65.5	242	-65.5	4080	0.0	543.6	1.2	13.7	609.1	889
-68.0	240	-68.0	4158	0.0	554.1	1.1	14.0	625.6	947
-70.5	238	-70.5	4236	0.0	564.6	1.0	14.3	642.1	1007
-73.0	236	-73.0	4314	0.0	575.1	0.9	14.6	658.6	1069
-75.5	234	-75.5	4392	0.0	585.6	0.8	14.9	675.1	1133
-78.0	232	-78.0	4470	0.0	596.1	0.7	15.2	691.6	1199
-80.5	230	-80.5	4548	0.0	606.6	0.6	15.5	708.1	1267
-83.0	228	-83.0	4626	0.0	617.1	0.5	15.8	724.6	1337
-85.5	226	-85.5	4704	0.0	627.6	0.4	16.1	741.1	1409
-88.0	224	-88.0	4782	0.0	638.1	0.3	16.4	757.6	1483
-90.5	222	-90.5	4860	0.0	648.6	0.2	16.7	774.1	1559
-93.0	220	-93.0	4938	0.0	659.1	0.1	17.0	790.6	1637
-95.5	218	-95.5	5016	0.0	669.6	0.0	17.3	807.1	1717
-98.0	216	-98.0	5094	0.0	680.1	0.0	17.6	823.6	1799
-100.5	214	-100.5	5172	0.0	690.6	0.0	17.9	840.1	1883
-103.0	212	-103.0	5250	0.0	701.1	0.0	18.2	856.6	1969
-105.5	210	-105.5	5328	0.0	711.6	0.0	18.5	873.1	2057
-108.0	208	-108.0	5406	0.0	722.1	0.0	18.8	889.6	2147
-110.5	206	-110.5	5484	0.0	732.6	0.0	19.1	906.1	2239
-113.0	204	-113.0	5562	0.0	743.1	0.0	19.4	922.6	2333
-115.5	202	-115.5	5640	0.0	753.6	0.0	19.7	939.1	2429
-118.0	200	-118.0	5718	0.0	764.1	0.0	20.0	955.6	2527
-120.5	198	-120.5	5796	0.0	774.6	0.0	20.3	972.1	2627
-123.0	196	-123.0	5874	0.0	785.1	0.0	20.6	988.6	2729
-125.5	194	-125.5	5952	0.0	795.6	0.0	20.9	1005.1	2833
-128.0	192	-128.0	6030	0.0	806.1	0.0	21.2	1021.6	2939
-130.5	190	-130.5	6108	0.0	816.6	0.0	21.5	1038.1	3047
-133.0	188	-133.0	6186	0.0	827.1	0.0	21.8	1054.6	3157
-135.5	186	-135.5	6264	0.0	837.6	0.0	22.1	1071.1	3269
-138.0	184	-138.0	6342	0.0	848.1	0.0	22.4	1087.6	3383
-140.5	182	-140.5	6420	0.0	858.6	0.0	22.7	1104.1	3499
-143.0	180	-143.0	6498	0.0	869.1	0.0	23.0	1120.6	3617
-145.5	178	-145.5	6576	0.0	879.6	0.0	23.3	1137.1	3737
-148.0	176	-148.0	6654	0.0	890.1	0.0	23.6	1153.6	3859
-150.5	174	-150.5	6732	0.0	900.6	0.0	23.9	1170.1	3983
-153.0	172	-153.0	6810	0.0	911.1	0.0	24.2	1186.6	4109
-155.5	170	-155.5	6888	0.0	921.6	0.0	24.5	1203.1	4237
-158.0	168	-158.0	6966	0.0	932.1	0.0	24.8	1219.6	4367
-160.5	166	-160.5	7044	0.0	942.6	0.0	25.1	1236.1	4499
-163.0	164	-163.0	7122	0.0	953.1	0.0	25.4	1252.6	4633
-165.5	162	-165.5	7200	0.0	963.6	0.0	25.7	1269.1	4769
-168.0	160	-168.0	7278	0.0	974.1	0.0	26.0	1285.6	4907
-170.5	158	-170.5	7356	0.0	984.6	0.0	26.3	1302.1	5047
-173.0	156	-173.0	7434	0.0	995.1	0.0	26.6	1318.6	5189
-175.5	154	-175.5	7512	0.0	1005.6	0.0	26.9	1335.1	5333
-178.0	152	-178.0	7590	0.0	1016.1	0.0	27.2	1351.6	5479
-180.5	150	-180.5	7668	0.0	1026.6	0.0	27.5	1368.1	5627
-183.0	148	-183.0	7746	0.0	1037.1	0.0	27.8	1384.6	5777
-185.5	146	-185.5	7824	0.0	1047.6	0.0	28.1	1401.1	5929
-188.0	144	-188.0	7902	0.0	1058.1	0.0	28.4	1417.6	6083
-190.5	142	-190.5	7980	0.0	1068.6	0.0	28.7	1434.1	6239
-193.0	140	-193.0	8058	0.0	1079.1	0.0	29.0	1450.6	6397
-195.5	138	-195.5	8136	0.0	1089.6	0.0	29.3	1467.1	6557
-198.0	136	-198.0	8214	0.0	1100.1	0.0	29.6	1483.6	6719
-200.5	134	-200.5	8292	0.0	1110.6	0.0	29.9	1500.1	6883
-203.0	132	-203.0	8370	0.0	1121.1	0.0	30.2	1516.6	7049
-205.5	130	-205.5	8448	0.0	1131.6	0.0	30.5	1533.1	7217
-208.0	128	-208.0	8526	0.0	1142.1	0.0	30.8	1549.6	7387
-210.5	126	-210.5	8604	0.0	1152.6	0.0	31.1	1566.1	7559
-213.0	124	-213.0	8682	0.0	1163.1	0.0	31.4	1582.6	7733
-215.5	122	-215.5	8760	0.0	1173.6	0.0	31.7	1599.1	7909
-218.0	120	-218.0	8838	0.0	1184.1	0.0	32.0	1615.6	8087
-220.5	118	-220.5	8916	0.0	1194.6	0.0	32.3	1632.1	8267
-223.0	116	-223.0	8994	0.0	1205.1	0.0	32.6	1648.6	8449
-225.5	114	-225.5	9072	0.0	1215.6	0.0	32.9	1665.1	8633
-228.0	112	-228.0	9150	0.0	1226.1	0.0	33.2	1681.6	8819
-230.5	110	-230.5	9228	0.0	1236.6	0.0	33.5	1698.1	8997
-233.0	108	-233.0	9306	0.0	1247.1	0.0	33.8	1714.6	9177
-235.5	106	-235.5	9384	0.0	1257.6	0.0	34.1	1731.1	9359
-238.0	104	-238.0	9462	0.0	1268.1	0.0	34.4	1747.6	9543
-240.5	102	-240.5	9540	0.0	1278.6	0.0	34.7	1764.1	9729
-243.0	100	-243.0	9618	0.0	1289.1	0.0	35.0	1780.6	9917
-245.5	98	-245.5	9696	0.0	1299.6	0.0	35.3	1797.1	10107
-248.0	96	-248.0	9774	0.0	1310.1	0.0	35.6	1813.6	10299
-250.5	94	-250.5	9852	0.0	1320.6	0.0	35.9	1830.1	10493
-253.0	92	-253.0	9930	0.0	1331.1	0.0	36.2	1846.6	10689
-255.5	90	-255.5	10008	0.0	1341.6	0.0	36.5	1863.1	10887
-258.0	88	-258.0	10086	0.0	1352.1	0.0	36.8	1879.6	11087
-260.5	86	-260.5	10164	0.0	1362.6	0.0	37.1	1896.1	11289
-263.0	84	-263.0	10242	0.0	1373.1	0.0	37.4	1912.6	11493
-265.5	82	-265.5	10320	0.0	1383.6	0.0	37.7	1929.1	11699
-268.0	80	-268.0	10398	0.0	1394.1	0.0	38.0	1945.6	11907
-270.5	78	-270.5	10476	0.0	1404.6	0.0	38.3	1962.1	12117
-273.0	76	-273.0	10554	0.0	1415.1	0.0	38.6	1978.6	12329
-275.5	74	-275.5	10632	0.0	1425.6	0.0	38.9	1995.1	12543
-278.0	72	-278.0	10710	0.0	1436.1	0.0	39.2	2011.6	12759
-280.5	70	-280.5	1078						

Table 17

Results of Calculations for

Side Channel Browns

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 1.09 MILES * 1.75 KILOMETERS
 AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH * 0.12 MILES * 0.19 KILOMETERS * 514.87 FEET

RIVER STAGE FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A			
318	21.5	6.12	6.0	217.9	10.8	2.6	274	13			
316	20.5	5.975	6.0	200.5	8.1	2.8	280	15			
314	19.5	4.820	7.1	283.1	5.4	3.0	310	16			
312	18.5	4.610	7.1	261.0	4.0	3.1	379	17			
310	17.5	5.19	7.0	292.0	3.9	3.1	414	18			
308	16.5	2.855	7.2	241.6	5.5	3.3	499	19			
306	15.5	1.865	7.6	213.8	10.2	3.7	720	23			
304	14.5	1.135	8.1	189.3	14.9	4.2	862	27			
298	9.5	70.0	8.0	164.8	19.6	4.8	1244	33			
296	8.5	34.0	4.3	128.2	27.1	5.6	1547	38			
294	7.5	21.5	4.3	128.2	27.1	5.6	1547	38			
292	6.5	11.5	2.8	41.9	13.8	2.3	1040	43			
290	5.5	19.8	1.8	21.7	8.4	2.3	927	42			
288	4.5	18.2	0.7	13.9	2.0	1.5	679	42			
286	3.5	6.1	0.5	7.6	1.0	1.4	657	45			
284	2.5	4.6	0.4	5.6	0.9	1.3	644	50			
282	1.5	2.6	0.4	3.4	0.3	1.4	620	70			
280	0.5	2.0	0.3	2.9	0.3	1.5	751	78			
278	-0.5	1.4	0.3	2.3	0.2	1.5	865	90			
276	-1.5	0.8	0.3	1.8	0.2	1.8	1080	117			
274	-2.5	0.2	0.3	1.0	0.2	2.0	224	134			
272	-3.5	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.1	2.3	2659	220			
270	-4.5	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.1	2.7	4368	342			

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

RIVER STAGE FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUVALENT	0-2 FT.	2-4 FT.	4-6 FT.	6-10 FT.	10-15 FT.	15-20 FT.	20-25 FT.	25-30 FT.	30-35 FT.	35-40 FT.
318	21.5	13.7	4	9	19.4	6	29.7	9	76.8	22	165.5
316	20.5	15.7	5	10	21.9	6	29.7	9	107.7	26	120.9
314	19.5	17.8	6	10	24.3	6	29.7	9	154.6	32	165.5
312	18.5	19.7	6	10	26.8	6	29.7	9	201.5	37	181.1
310	17.5	21.6	6	10	29.2	6	29.7	9	248.4	42	206.6
308	16.5	23.5	6	10	31.6	6	29.7	9	295.3	47	232.1
306	15.5	25.4	6	10	34.0	6	29.7	9	342.2	52	257.6
304	14.5	27.3	6	10	36.4	6	29.7	9	389.1	57	283.1
302	13.5	29.2	6	10	38.8	6	29.7	9	436.0	62	308.6
300	12.5	31.1	6	10	41.2	6	29.7	9	482.9	67	334.1
298	11.5	33.0	6	10	43.6	6	29.7	9	529.8	72	359.6
296	10.5	34.9	6	10	46.0	6	29.7	9	576.7	77	385.1
294	9.5	36.8	6	10	48.4	6	29.7	9	623.6	82	410.6
292	8.5	38.7	6	10	50.8	6	29.7	9	670.5	87	436.1
290	7.5	40.6	6	10	53.2	6	29.7	9	717.4	92	461.6
288	6.5	42.5	6	10	55.6	6	29.7	9	764.3	97	487.1
286	5.5	44.4	6	10	58.0	6	29.7	9	811.2	102	512.6
284	4.5	46.3	6	10	60.4	6	29.7	9	858.1	107	538.1
282	3.5	48.2	6	10	62.8	6	29.7	9	905.0	112	563.6
280	2.5	50.1	6	10	65.2	6	29.7	9	951.9	117	589.1
278	1.5	52.0	6	10	67.6	6	29.7	9	998.8	122	614.6
276	0.5	53.9	6	10	70.0	6	29.7	9	1045.7	127	640.1
274	-0.5	55.8	6	10	72.4	6	29.7	9	1092.6	132	665.6
272	-1.5	57.7	6	10	74.8	6	29.7	9	1139.5	137	691.1
270	-2.5	59.6	6	10	77.2	6	29.7	9	1186.4	142	716.6
268	-3.5	61.5	6	10	79.6	6	29.7	9	1233.3	147	742.1
266	-4.5	63.4	6	10	82.0	6	29.7	9	1280.2	152	767.6
264	-5.5	65.3	6	10	84.4	6	29.7	9	1327.1	157	793.1

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES

STATION 1		STATION 2	
RIVER STAGE FT.	AREA	RIVER STAGE FT.	AREA
MEAN SEA LEVEL	SQUARE FEET	MEAN SEA LEVEL	SQUARE FEET
318	21.5	318	21.5
316	20.5	316	20.5
314	19.5	314	19.5
312	18.5	312	18.5
310	17.5	310	17.5
308	16.5	308	16.5
306	15.5	306	15.5
304	14.5	304	14.5
302	13.5	302	13.5
300	12.5	300	12.5
298	11.5	298	11.5
296	10.5	296	10.5
294	9.5	294	9.5
292	8.5	292	8.5
290	7.5	290	7.5
288	6.5	288	6.5
286	5.5	286	5.5
284	4.5	284	4.5
282	3.5	282	3.5
280	2.5	280	2.5
278	1.5	278	1.5
276	0.5	276	0.5
274	-0.5	274	-0.5
272	-1.5	272	-1.5
270	-2.5	270	-2.5
268	-3.5	268	-3.5
266	-4.5	266	-4.5
264	-5.5	264	-5.5

DEFINITIONS

V - WATER VOLUME, ACRES-FT.
 L - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
 A - SHORELINE AREA, ACRES
 DAS - DEPTH AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES
 D - DEPTH, FEET
 A/V - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/A - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
 D/A - DEPTH, FEET
 A/D - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/D - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
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 A/L - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/L - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
 D/D - DEPTH, FEET
 A/A - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/A - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
 D/A - DEPTH, FEET
 A/D - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/D - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
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 L/L - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
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 A/A - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/A - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
 D/A - DEPTH, FEET
 A/D - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
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 L/L - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
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 A/D - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.
 L/D - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
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 L/L - SHORELINE LENGTH, FEET
 D/D - DEPTH, FEET
 A/A - AVERAGE SURFACE AREA, ACRES-FT.

Table 18
Results of Calculations for
Side Channel Thompson

SIDE CHANNEL LENGTH = 2.63 MILES = 4.23 KILOMETERS									
AVERAGE CHANNEL WIDTH = 0.07 MILES = 0.11 KILOMETERS = 368.29 FEET									
RIVER STAGE, FT.		SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS							
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	DAS	D	A/V	L/A	
318	24.0	907	6.4	84.9	4.3	4.9	494	48	
316	23.0	776	6.2	74.7	4.3	5.2	506	53	
314	22.5	645	6.0	64.6	3.6	5.4	528	60	
312	21.5	531	5.9	56.7	2.9	5.6	563	67	
310	20.5	435	5.8	51.0	2.6	5.8	619	73	
308	19.0	339	5.7	45.4	2.4	6.0	707	80	
306	17.5	272	5.6	40.4	2.6	6.3	785	89	
304	15.5	204	5.5	35.4	2.7	6.6	916	100	
302	13.5	150	5.3	30.0	2.8	6.9	1056	112	
300	11.0	109	4.9	24.2	2.9	7.2	1170	129	
298	9.0	69	4.5	18.5	3.0	7.4	1416	155	
296	7.0	51	3.6	13.9	2.6	6.9	1438	166	
294	5.0	33	2.7	9.2	2.3	6.4	1484	187	

DEFINITIONS									
V	WATER VOLUME, ACRE-FT								
L	SHORELINE LENGTH, MILES								
A	WATER SURFACE AREA, ACRES								
DAS	DERIVATIVE OF WATER SURFACE AREA WITH RESPECT TO RIVER STAGE, ACRES/FT								
D	SHORELINE DEVELOPMENT, D = L/17.7 (mi/mi)								
A/V	RATIO OF WATER SURFACE AREA TO WATER VOLUME, 1 MILE								
L/A	WATER SURFACE AREA, 1 MILE								

CALCULATED PARAMETERS									
RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES							
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	
318	24.0	12.4	16	8.4	11	5.8	7	10.5	13
316	23.0	9.6	14	7.2	10	5.5	6	10.0	15
314	22.5	6.8	12	5.9	10	5.1	9	9.5	16
312	21.5	5.3	10	5.1	10	4.9	9	9.3	18
310	20.5	5.0	11	4.9	10	4.8	10	9.0	21
308	19.0	4.8	12	4.6	11	4.7	11	10.1	25
306	17.5	4.7	13	4.5	13	4.6	13	9.5	29
304	15.5	4.7	17	4.4	16	4.5	16	9.2	34
302	13.5	4.6	21	4.4	20	4.6	21	8.8	40
300	11.0	4.5	26	3.9	23	4.4	26	8.4	47
298	9.0	4.5	33	3.7	27	4.2	30	8.0	55
296	7.0	4.3	41	3.4	33	3.9	36	7.6	64
294	5.0	4.0	46	3.1	39	3.6	41	7.2	74

CALCULATED DEPTH CLASS RANGES									
RIVER STAGE, FT.		DEPTH CLASS RANGES							
MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	0-2 FT	>2-4 FT	>4-6 FT	>6-10 FT	>10-15 FT	>15-20 FT	>20 FT	
318	24.0	12.4	16	8.4	11	5.8	7	10.5	13
316	23.0	9.6	14	7.2	10	5.5	6	10.0	15
314	22.5	6.8	12	5.9	10	5.1	9	9.5	16
312	21.5	5.3	10	5.1	10	4.9	9	9.3	18
310	20.5	5.0	11	4.9	10	4.8	10	9.0	21
308	19.0	4.8	12	4.6	11	4.7	11	10.1	25
306	17.5	4.7	13	4.5	13	4.6	13	9.5	29
304	15.5	4.7	17	4.4	16	4.5	16	9.2	34
302	13.5	4.6	21	4.4	20	4.6	21	8.8	40
300	11.0	4.5	26	3.9	23	4.4	26	8.4	47
298	9.0	4.5	33	3.7	27	4.2	30	8.0	55
296	7.0	4.3	41	3.4	33	3.9	36	7.6	64
294	5.0	4.0	46	3.1	39	3.6	41	7.2	74

STATION 1									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	AREA SQUARE FEET						
24.0	318	24.0	3956						
23.0	316	23.0	3479						
22.5	314	22.5	3356						
21.5	312	21.5	2756						
21.0	310	21.0	2348						
19.5	308	19.5	1968						
18.0	306	18.0	1649						
16.0	304	16.0	1353						
14.0	302	14.0	1012						
12.0	300	12.0	718						
10.0	298	10.0	461						
8.0	296	8.0	243						
5.5	294	5.5	69						
3.0	292	3.0	0						

STATION 2									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	AREA SQUARE FEET						
24.0	318	24.0	2063						
22.0	316	22.0	2018						
22.0	314	22.0	1616						
21.0	312	21.0	1256						
20.0	310	20.0	918						
18.5	308	18.5	658						
17.0	306	17.0	418						
15.0	304	15.0	311						
12.5	302	12.5	46						

STATION 3									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	AREA SQUARE FEET						
21.5	318	21.5	3952						
21.5	316	21.5	2645						
21.0	314	21.0	2119						
20.0	312	20.0	1624						
20.0	310	20.0	1197						
18.0	308	18.0	885						
16.5	306	16.5	684						
15.0	304	15.0	409						
14.5	302	14.5	239						
9.5	300	9.5	115						
8.0	298	8.0	35						
6.0	296	6.0	1						

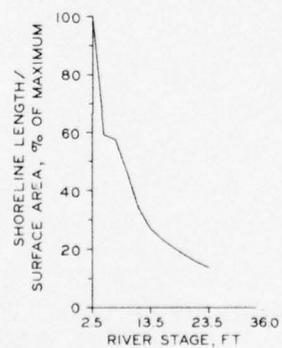
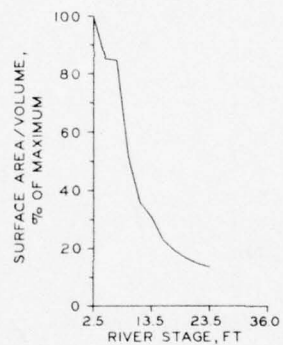
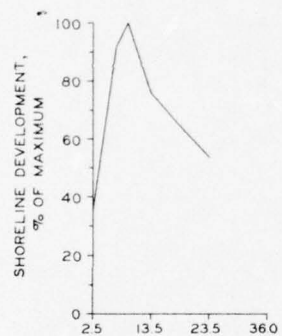
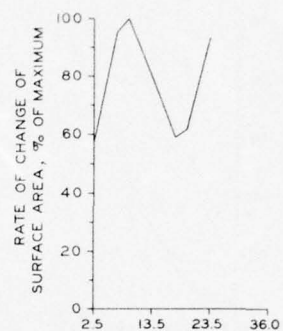
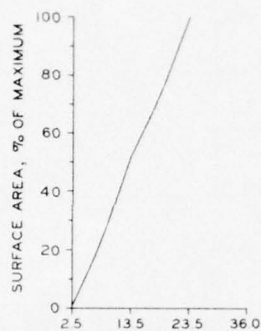
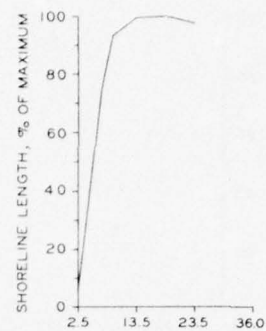
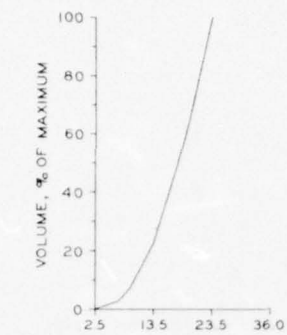
CALCULATIONS OF PROFILE CROSS SECTION

Table 19

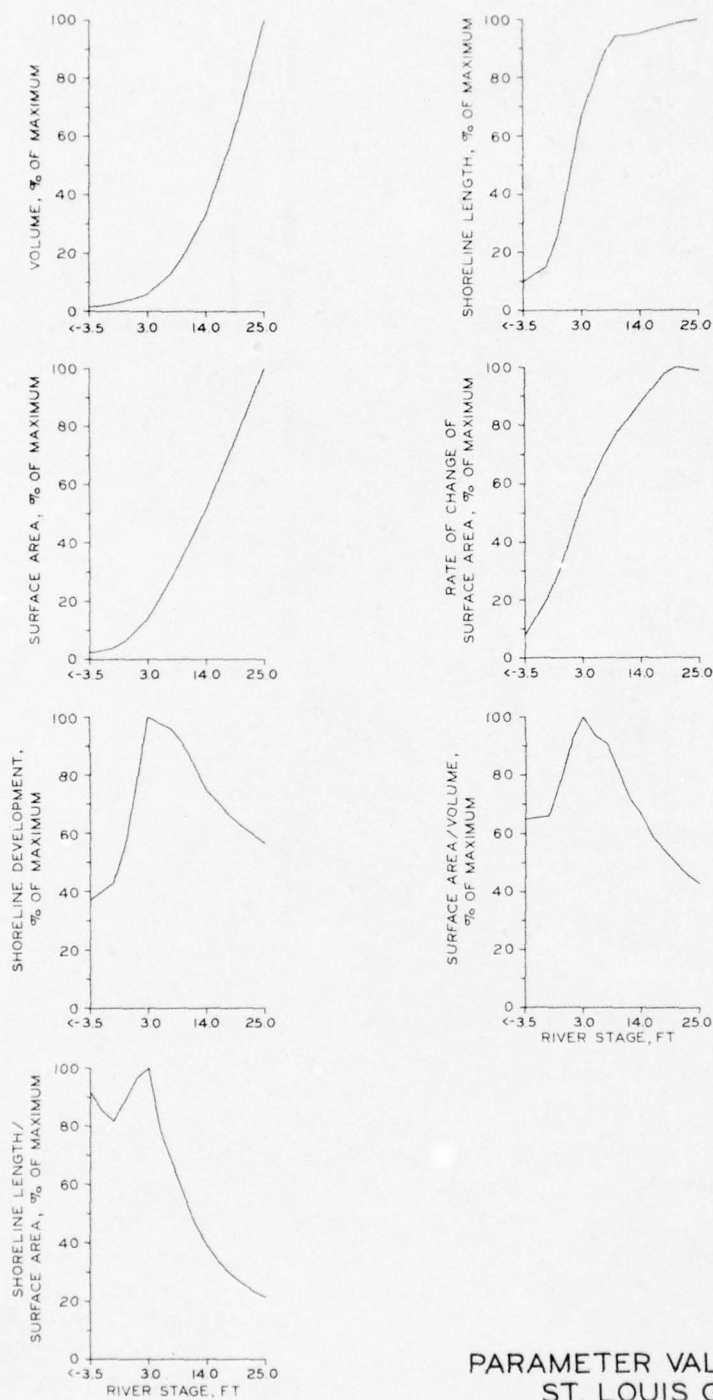
Results of Calculations for

Side Channel Sister

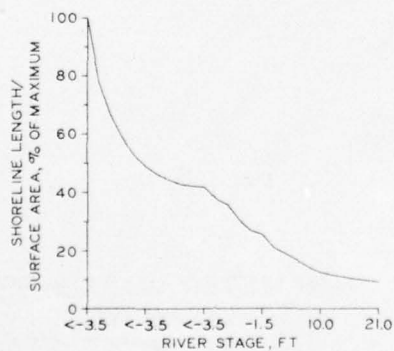
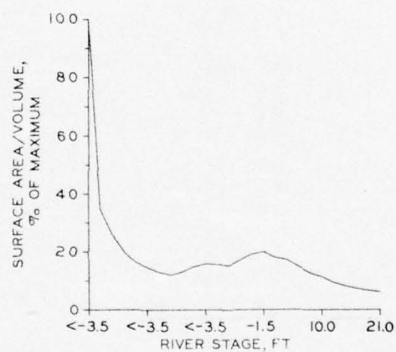
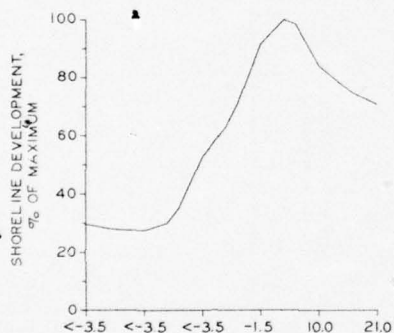
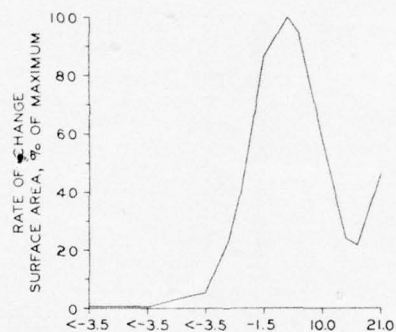
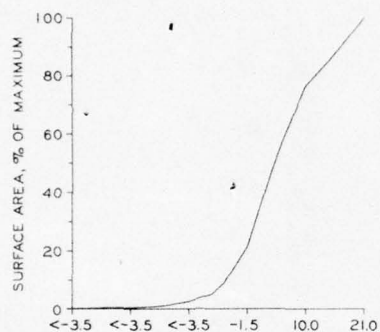
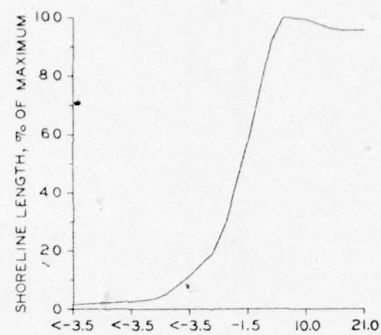
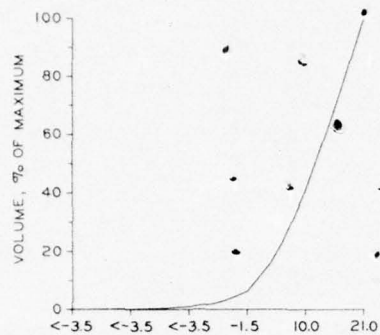
SIDE CHANNEL PARAMETERS									
RIVER STAGE, FT.	MEAN SEA LEVEL	GAGE READING ST. LOUIS EQUIVALENT	V	L	A	D45	D	A/V	L/A
25.0	318	24.5	2454	5.5	121.2	1.9	3.6	261	29
24.0	316	22.5	2218	5.5	115.1	1.8	3.7	279	30
23.0	314	20.5	1981	5.6	108.8	1.7	3.8	268	31
22.0	312	18.5	1794	5.6	102.6	1.6	3.9	256	32
21.0	310	16.5	1595	5.6	96.3	1.5	4.0	244	33
20.0	308	14.5	1395	5.6	90.0	1.4	4.1	232	34
19.0	306	12.5	1195	5.6	83.7	1.3	4.2	220	35
18.0	304	10.5	995	5.6	77.4	1.2	4.3	208	36
17.0	302	8.5	795	5.6	71.1	1.1	4.4	196	37
16.0	300	6.5	595	5.6	64.8	1.0	4.5	184	38
15.0	298	4.5	395	5.6	58.5	0.9	4.6	172	39
14.0	296	2.5	195	5.6	52.2	0.8	4.7	160	40
13.0	294	0.5	95	5.6	45.9	0.7	4.8	148	41
12.0	292	-1.5	-5	5.6	39.6	0.6	4.9	136	42
11.0	290	-3.5	-15	5.6	33.3	0.5	5.0	124	43
10.0	288	-5.5	-25	5.6	27.0	0.4	5.1	112	44
9.0	286	-7.5	-35	5.6	20.7	0.3	5.2	100	45
8.0	284	-9.5	-45	5.6	14.4	0.2	5.3	88	46
7.0	282	-11.5	-55	5.6	8.1	0.1	5.4	76	47
6.0	280	-13.5	-65	5.6	1.8	0.0	5.5	64	48
5.0	278	-15.5	-75	5.6	-4.5	-0.1	5.6	52	49
4.0	276	-17.5	-85	5.6	-10.2	-0.2	5.7	40	50
3.0	274	-19.5	-95	5.6	-15.9	-0.3	5.8	28	51
2.0	272	-21.5	-105	5.6	-21.6	-0.4	5.9	16	52
1.0	270	-23.5	-115	5.6	-27.3	-0.5	6.0	4	53
0.0	268	-25.5	-125	5.6	-33.0	-0.6	6.1	-8	54
-1.0	266	-27.5	-135	5.6	-38.7	-0.7	6.2	-20	55
-2.0	264	-29.5	-145	5.6	-44.4	-0.8	6.3	-32	56
-3.0	262	-31.5	-155	5.6	-50.1	-0.9	6.4	-44	57
-4.0	260	-33.5	-165	5.6	-55.8	-1.0	6.5	-56	58
-5.0	258	-35.5	-175	5.6	-61.5	-1.1	6.6	-68	59
-6.0	256	-37.5	-185	5.6	-67.2	-1.2	6.7	-80	60
-7.0	254	-39.5	-195	5.6	-72.9	-1.3	6.8	-92	61
-8.0	252	-41.5	-205	5.6	-78.6	-1.4	6.9	-104	62
-9.0	250	-43.5	-215	5.6	-84.3	-1.5	7.0	-116	63
-10.0	248	-45.5	-225	5.6	-90.0	-1.6	7.1	-128	64
-11.0	246	-47.5	-235	5.6	-95.7	-1.7	7.2	-140	65
-12.0	244	-49.5	-245	5.6	-101.4	-1.8	7.3	-152	66
-13.0	242	-51.5	-255	5.6	-107.1	-1.9	7.4	-164	67
-14.0	240	-53.5	-265	5.6	-112.8	-2.0	7.5	-176	68
-15.0	238	-55.5	-275	5.6	-118.5	-2.1	7.6	-188	69
-16.0	236	-57.5	-285	5.6	-124.2	-2.2	7.7	-200	70
-17.0	234	-59.5	-295	5.6	-129.9	-2.3	7.8	-212	71
-18.0	232	-61.5	-305	5.6	-135.6	-2.4	7.9	-224	72
-19.0	230	-63.5	-315	5.6	-141.3	-2.5	8.0	-236	73
-20.0	228	-65.5	-325	5.6	-147.0	-2.6	8.1	-248	74
-21.0	226	-67.5	-335	5.6	-152.7	-2.7	8.2	-260	75
-22.0	224	-69.5	-345	5.6	-158.4	-2.8	8.3	-272	76
-23.0	222	-71.5	-355	5.6	-164.1	-2.9	8.4	-284	77
-24.0	220	-73.5	-365	5.6	-169.8	-3.0	8.5	-296	78
-25.0	218	-75.5	-375	5.6	-175.5	-3.1	8.6	-308	79
-26.0	216	-77.5	-385	5.6	-181.2	-3.2	8.7	-320	80
-27.0	214	-79.5	-395	5.6	-186.9	-3.3	8.8	-332	81
-28.0	212	-81.5	-405	5.6	-192.6	-3.4	8.9	-344	82
-29.0	210	-83.5	-415	5.6	-198.3	-3.5	9.0	-356	83
-30.0	208	-85.5	-425	5.6	-204.0	-3.6	9.1	-368	84
-31.0	206	-87.5	-435	5.6	-209.7	-3.7	9.2	-380	85
-32.0	204	-89.5	-445	5.6	-215.4	-3.8	9.3	-392	86
-33.0	202	-91.5	-455	5.6	-221.1	-3.9	9.4	-404	87
-34.0	200	-93.5	-465	5.6	-226.8	-4.0	9.5	-416	88
-35.0	198	-95.5	-475	5.6	-232.5	-4.1	9.6	-428	89
-36.0	196	-97.5	-485	5.6	-238.2	-4.2	9.7	-440	90
-37.0	194	-99.5	-495	5.6	-243.9	-4.3	9.8	-452	91
-38.0	192	-101.5	-505	5.6	-249.6	-4.4	9.9	-464	92
-39.0	190	-103.5	-515	5.6	-255.3	-4.5	10.0	-476	93
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-41.0	186	-107.5	-535	5.6	-266.7	-4.7	10.2	-500	95
-42.0	184	-109.5	-545	5.6	-272.4	-4.8	10.3	-512	96
-43.0	182	-111.5	-555	5.6	-278.1	-4.9	10.4	-524	97
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-47.0	174	-119.5	-595	5.6	-300.9	-5.3	10.8	-572	101
-48.0	172	-121.5	-605	5.6	-306.6	-5.4	10.9	-584	102
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-50.0	168	-125.5	-625	5.6	-318.0	-5.6	11.1	-608	104
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-53.0	162	-131.5	-655	5.6	-335.1	-5.9	11.4	-644	107
-54.0	160	-133.5	-665	5.6	-340.8	-6.0	11.5	-656	108
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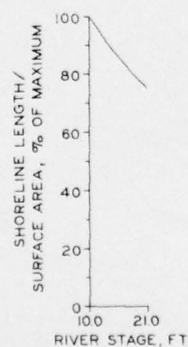
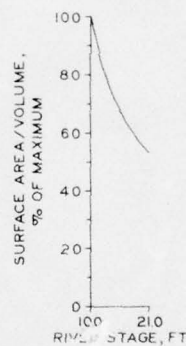
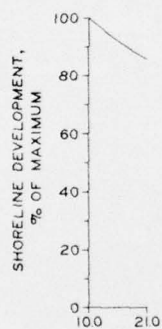
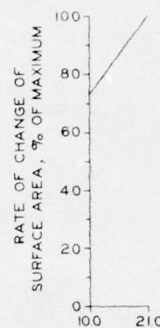
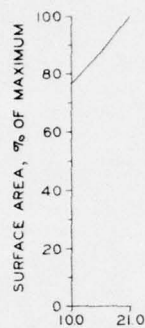
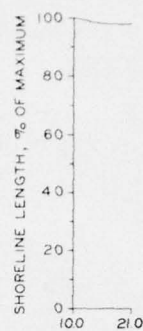
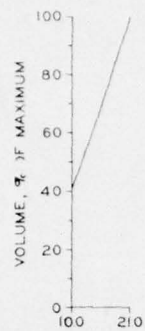
PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL
JEFFERSON BARRACKS



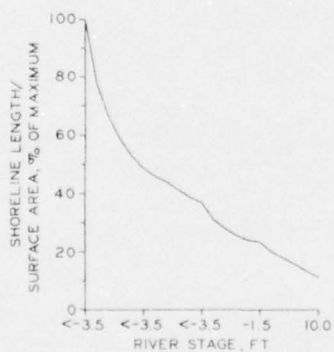
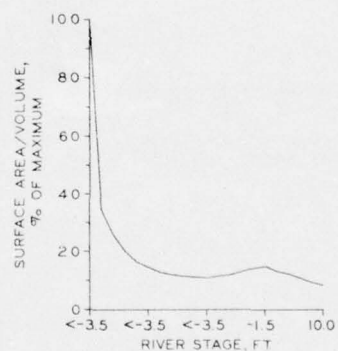
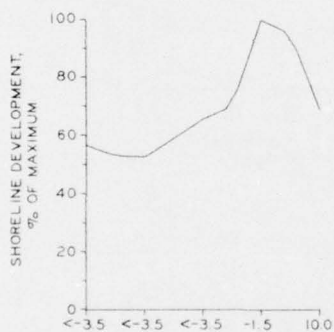
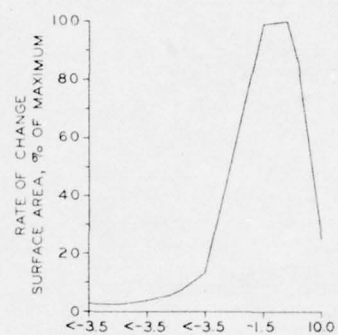
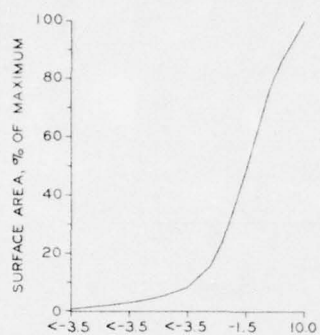
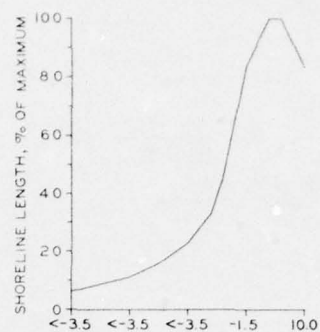
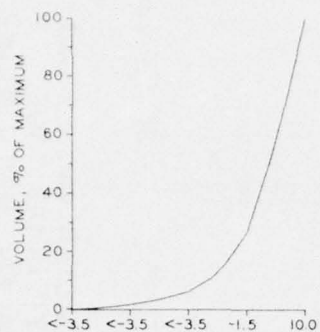
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EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL CALICO



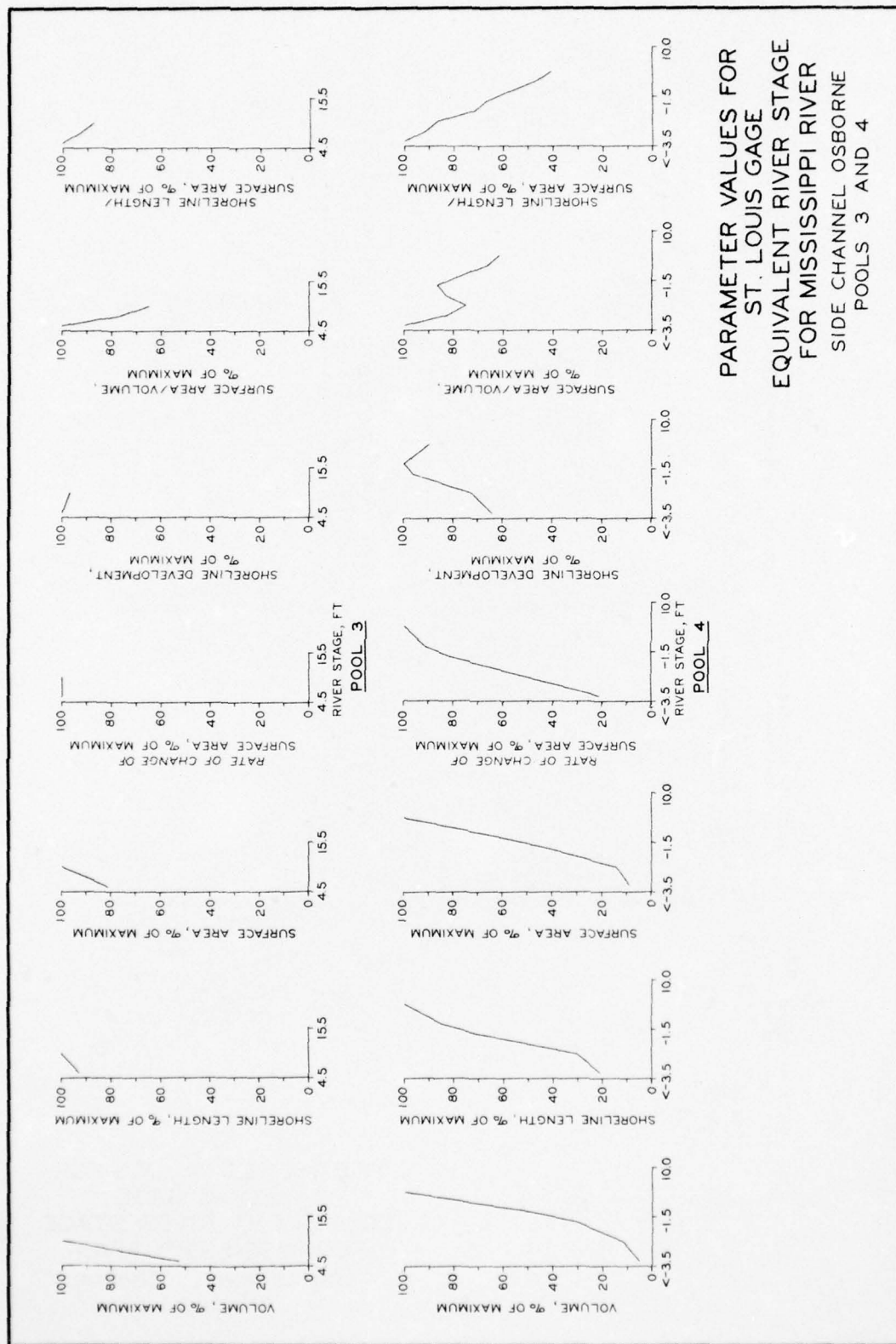
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EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL OSBORNE

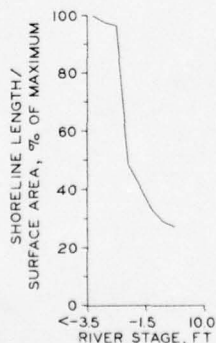
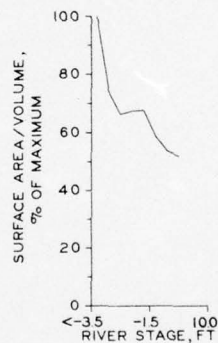
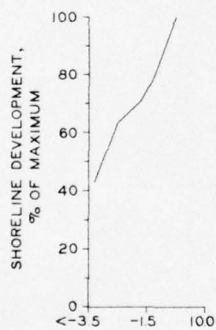
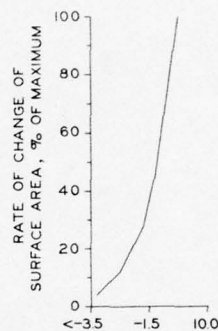
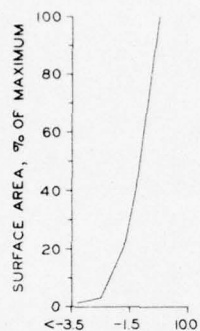
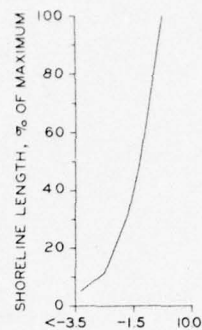
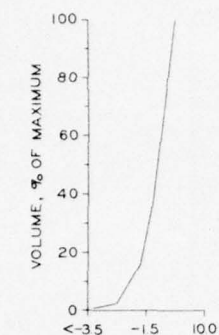


PARAMETER VALUES FOR
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EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL OSBORNE
POOL I

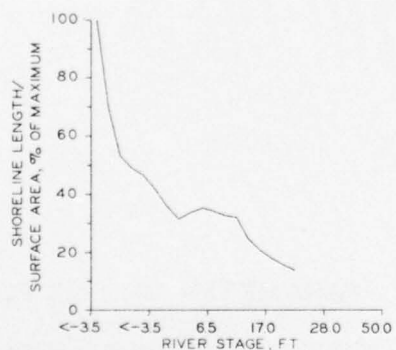
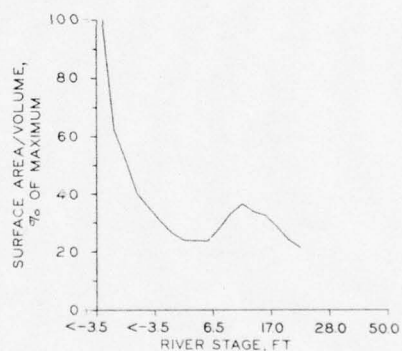
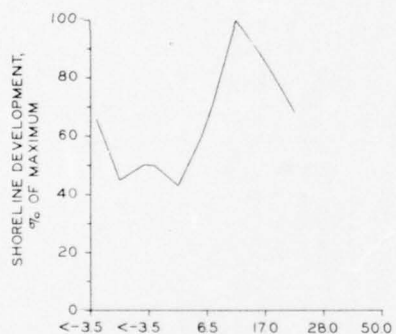
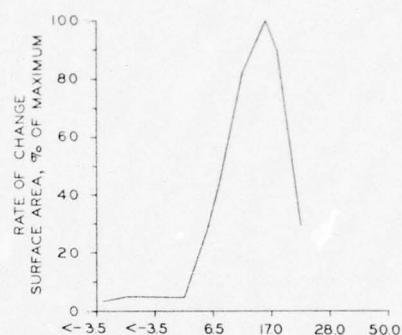
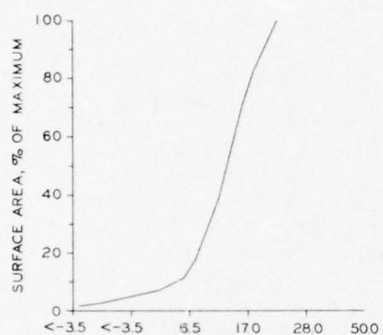
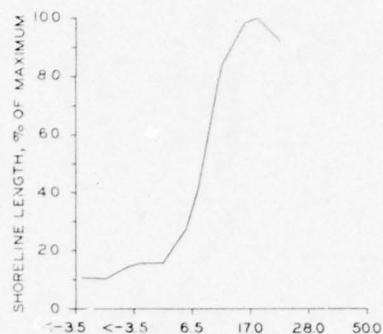
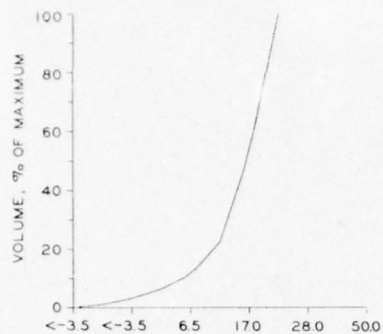


PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL OSBORNE
POOL 2

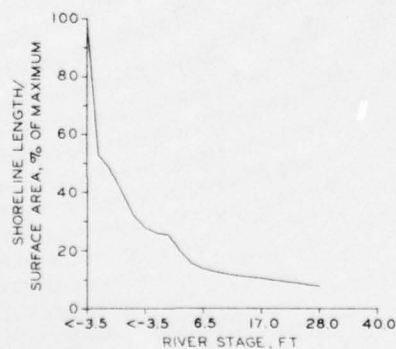
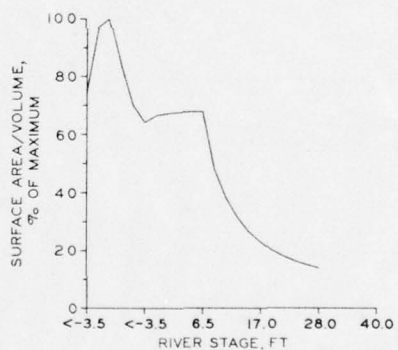
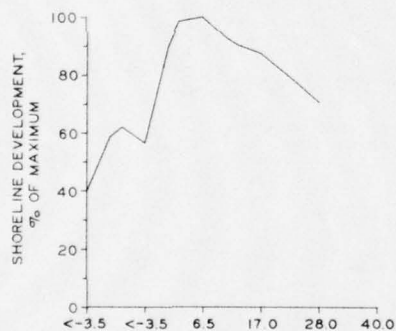
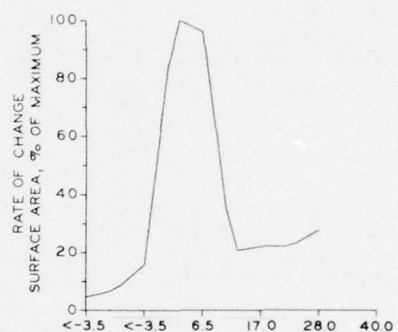
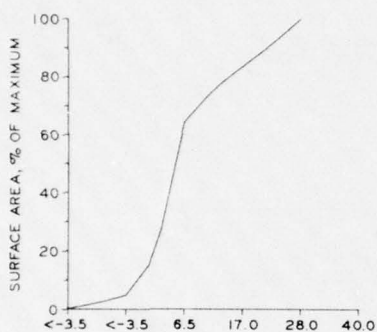
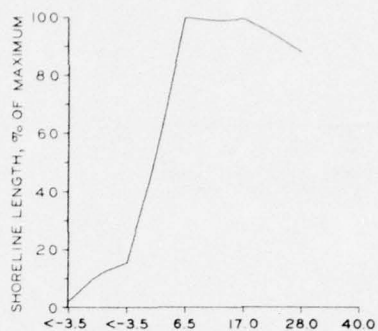
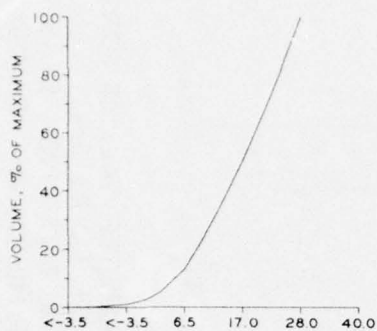




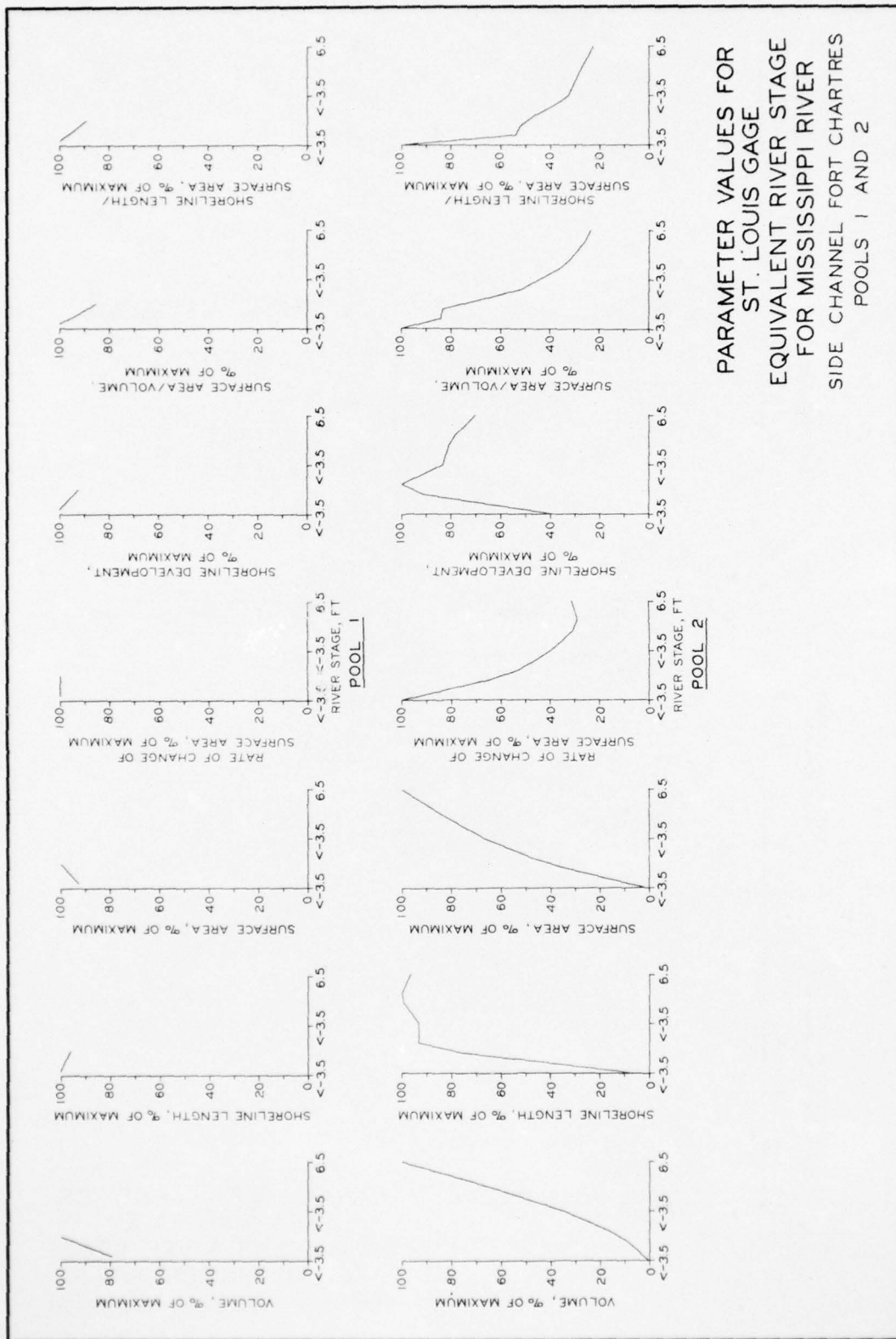
PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL OSBORNE
POOL 5

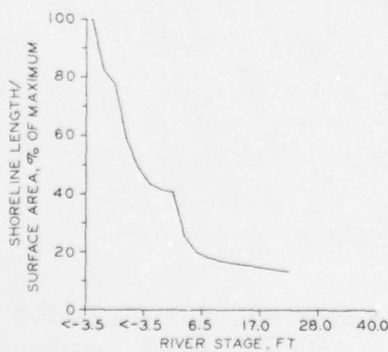
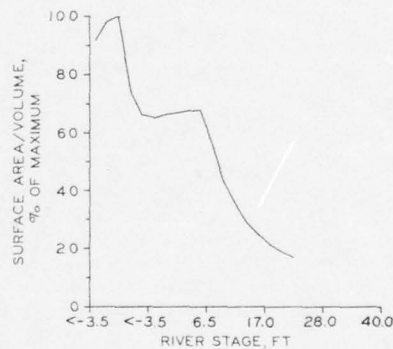
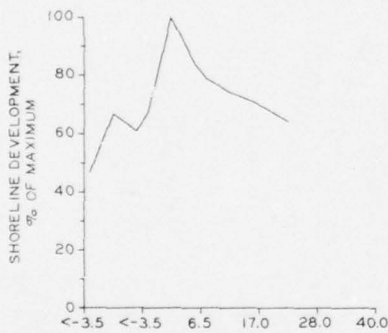
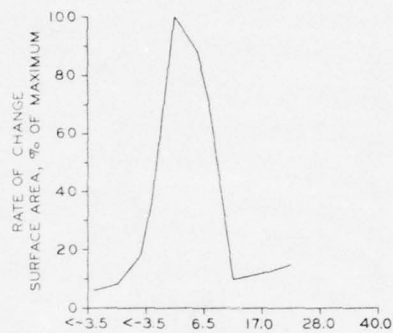
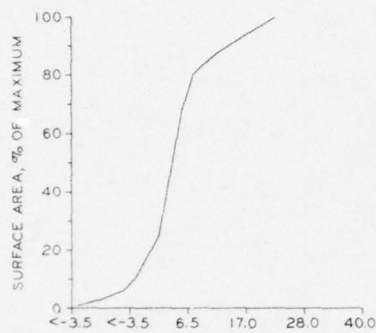
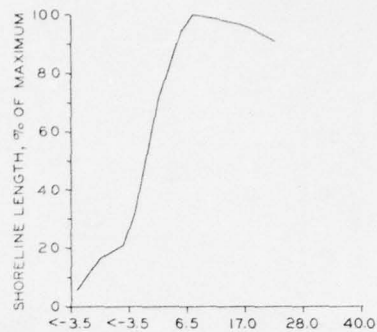
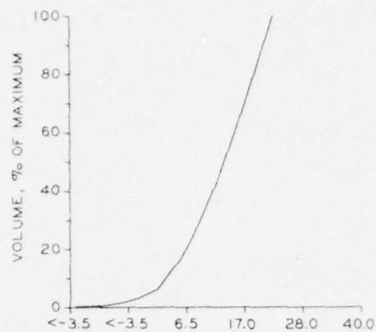


PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL HARLOW



PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL FORT CHARTRES





PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL
FORT CHARTRES POOL 3

AD-A031 773

ARMY ENGINEER WATERWAYS EXPERIMENT STATION VICKSBURG MISS F/G 8/8
COMPUTER-CALCULATED GEOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS OF MIDDLE MISSISS--ETC(U)
JUN 74 V E LAGARDE, S J WINFREY
WES-TR-M-74-5-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED

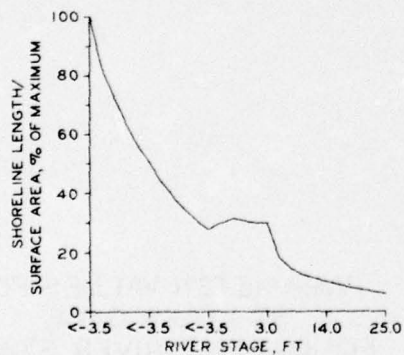
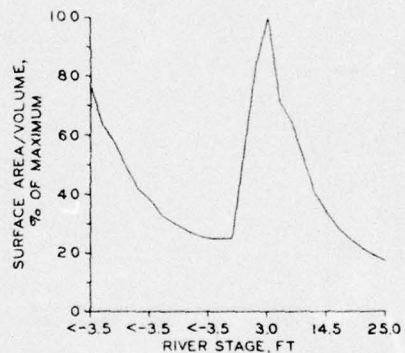
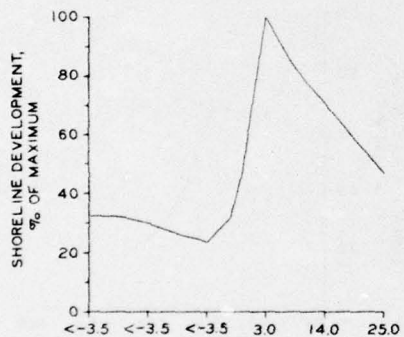
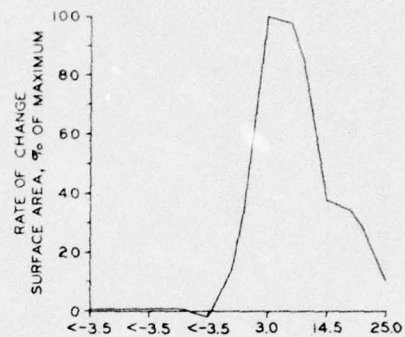
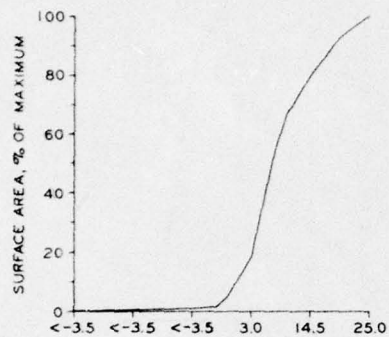
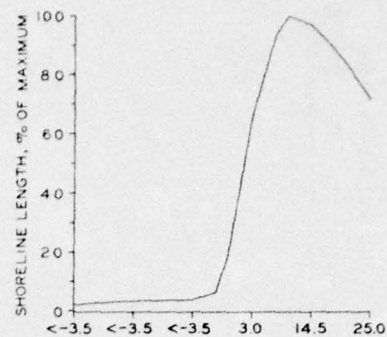
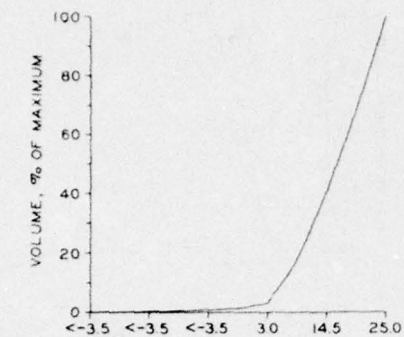
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2 OF 2
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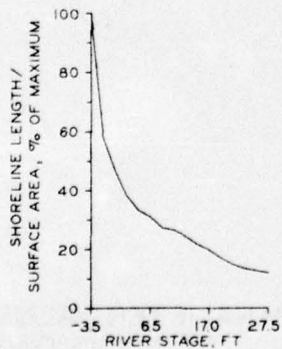
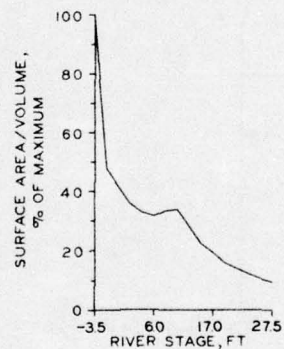
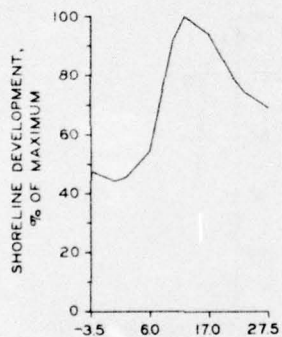
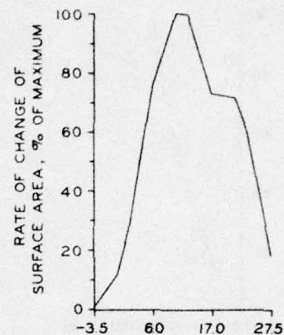
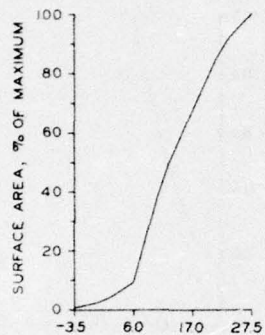
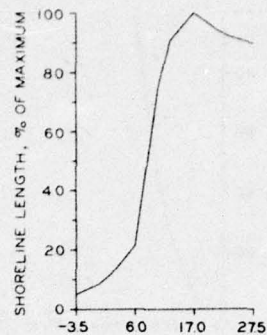
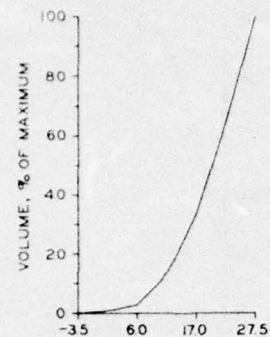


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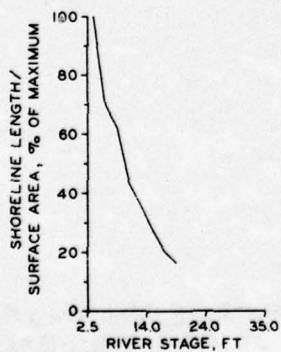
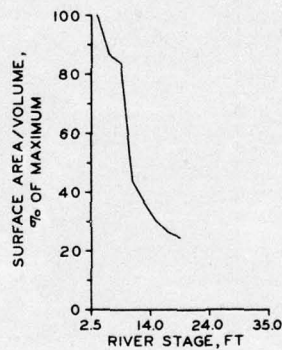
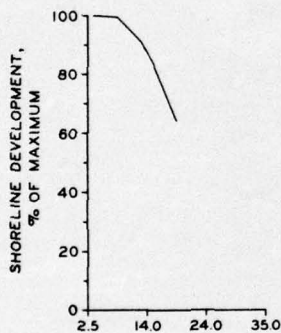
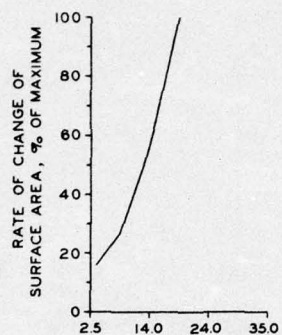
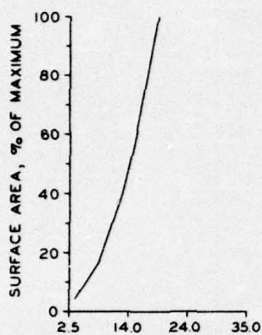
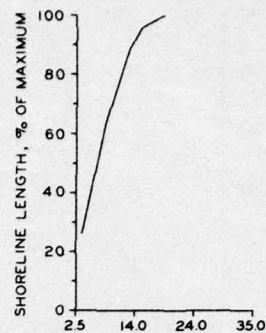
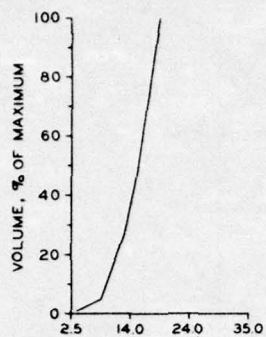
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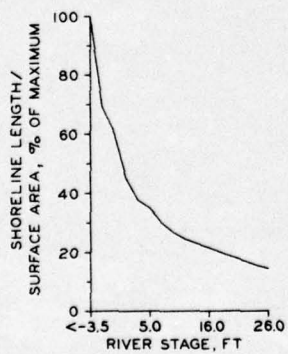
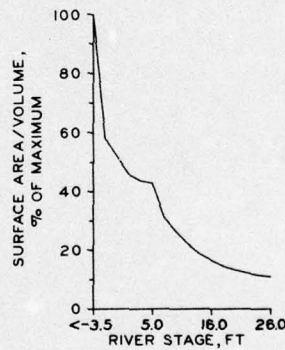
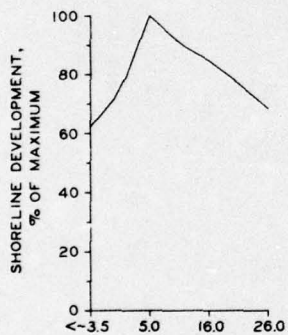
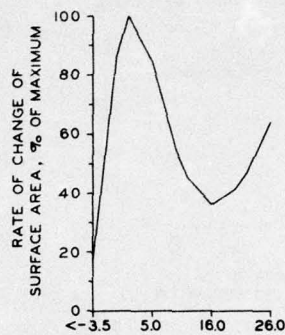
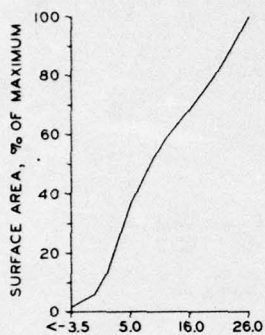
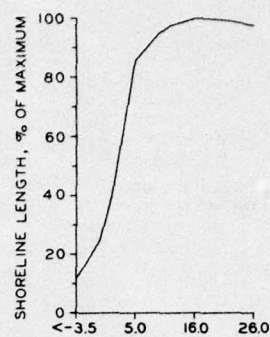
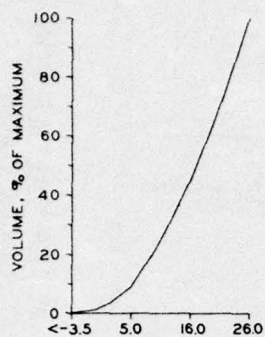
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FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
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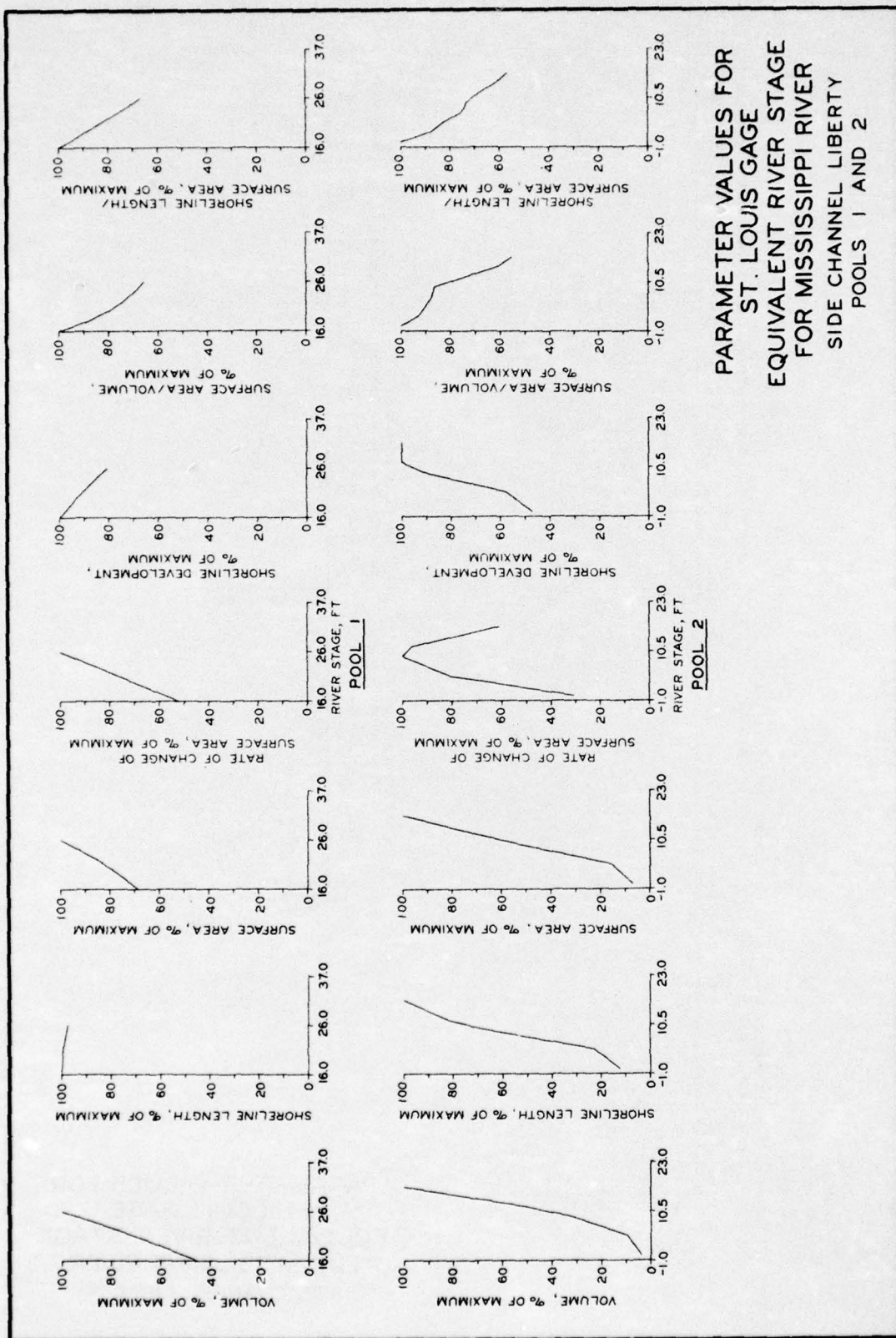
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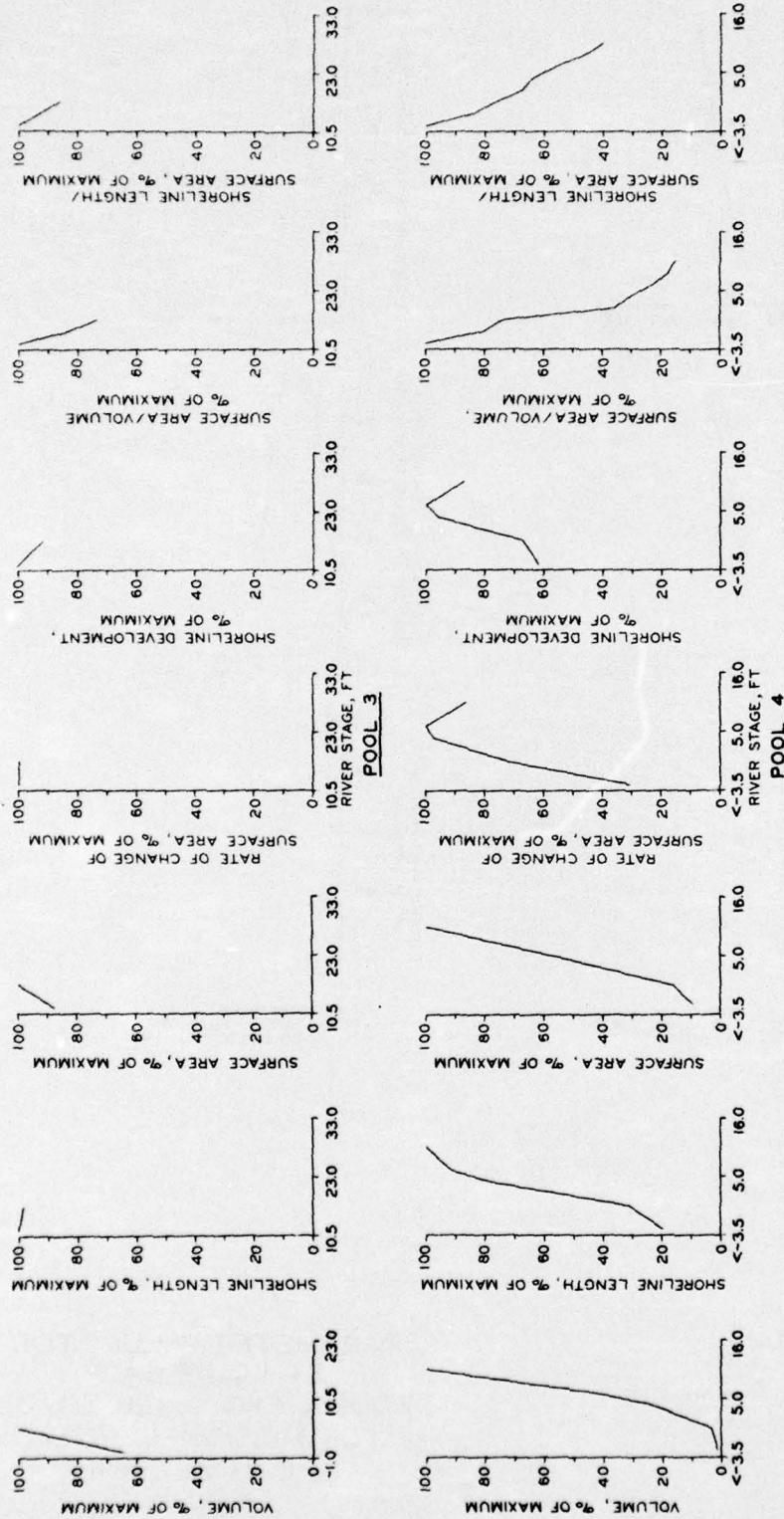
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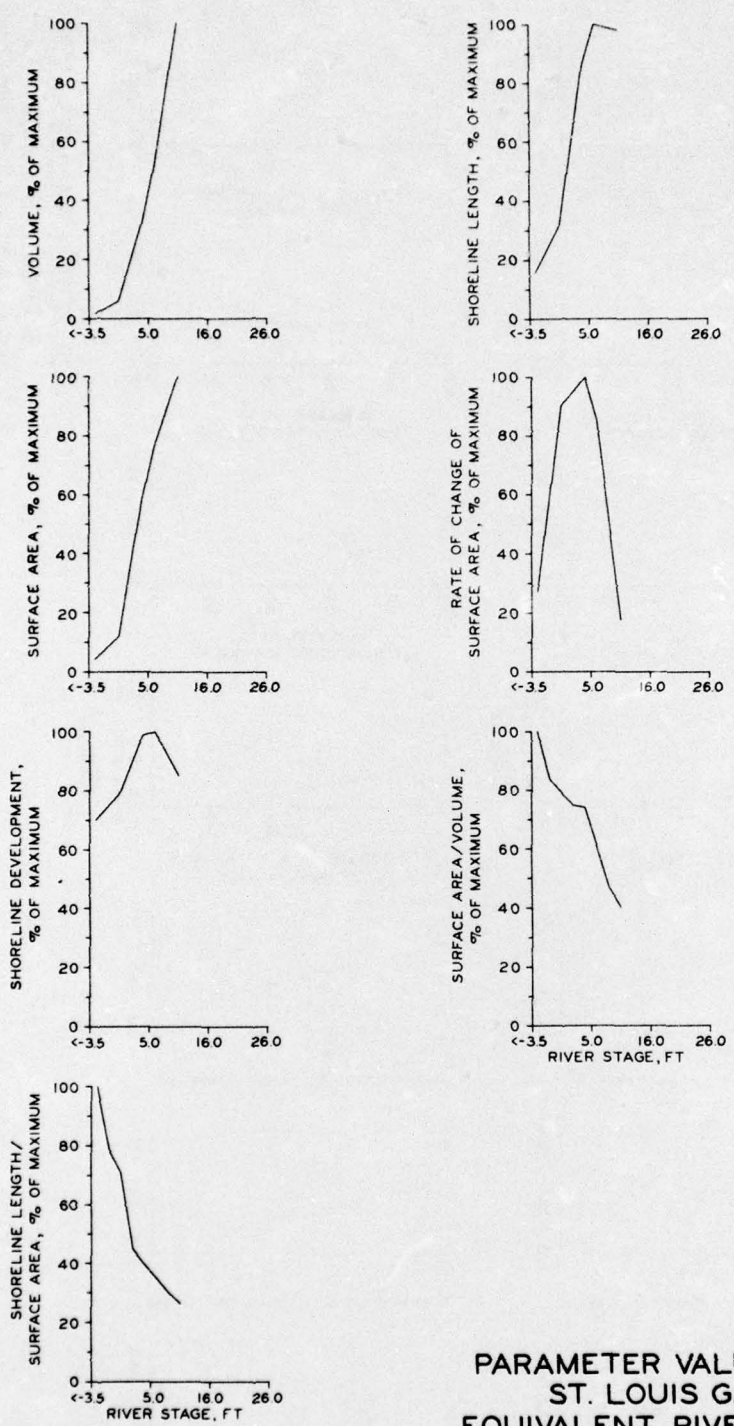


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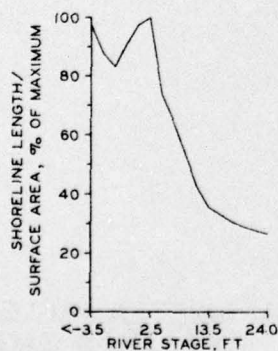
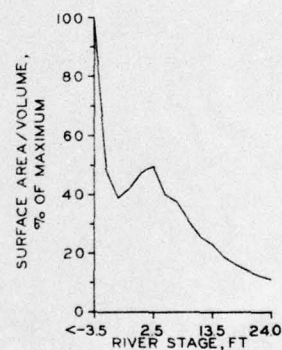
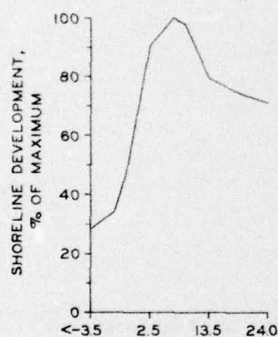
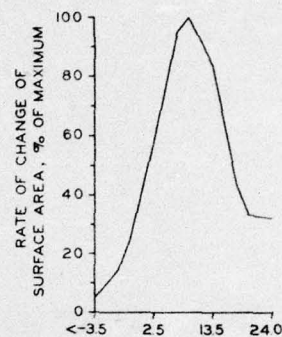
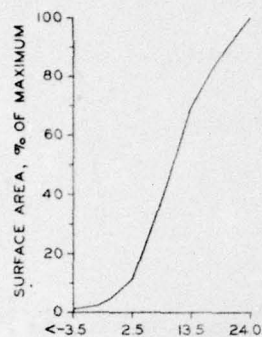
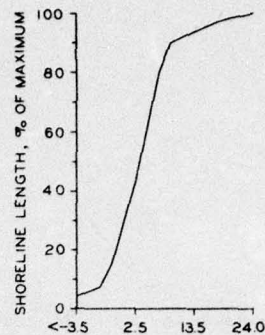
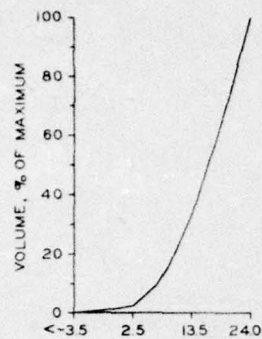


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SIDE CHANNEL LIBERTY
POOLS 3 AND 4

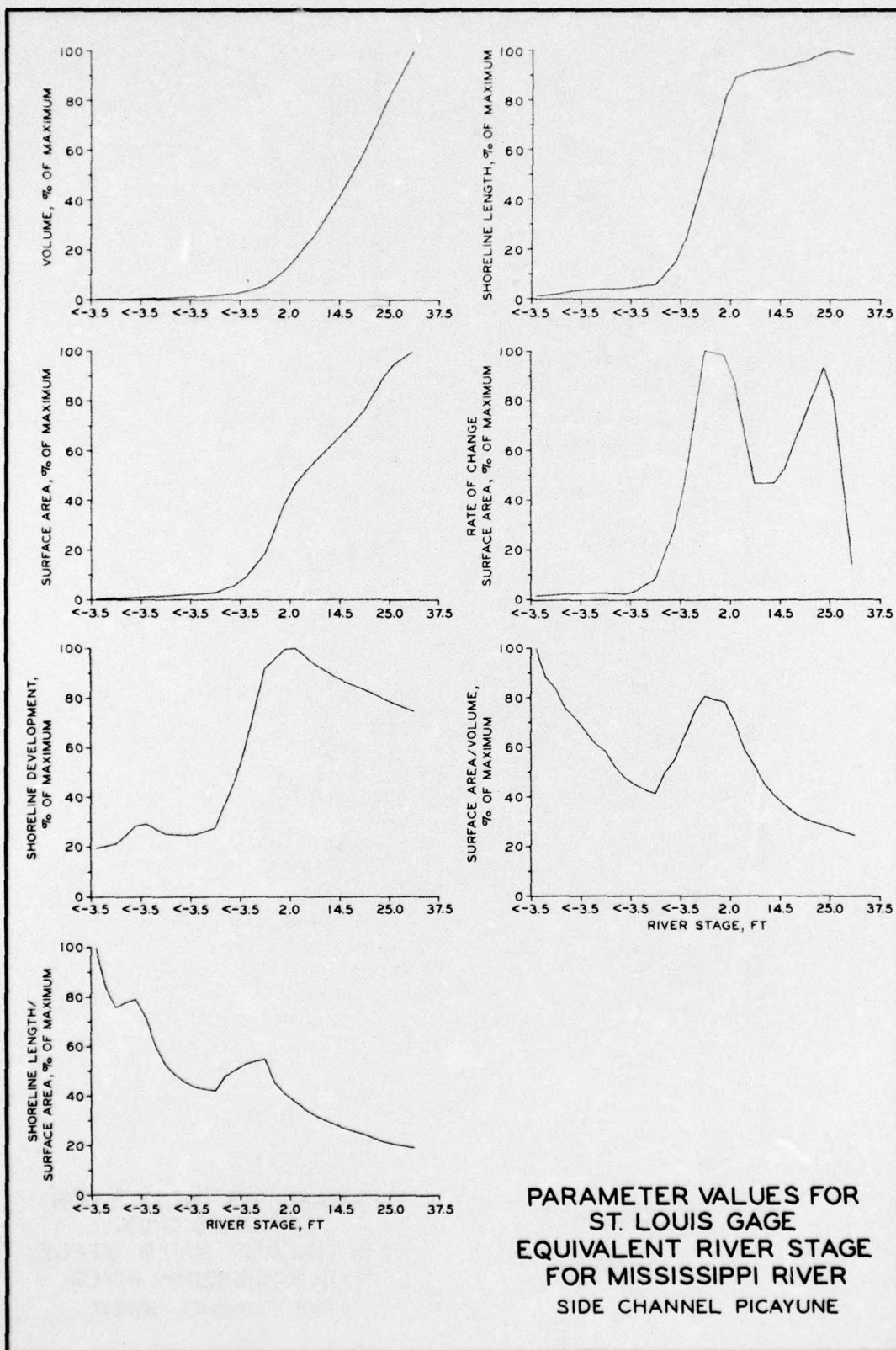


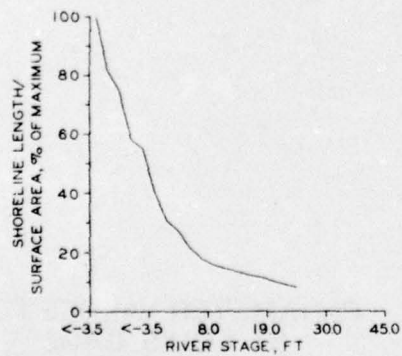
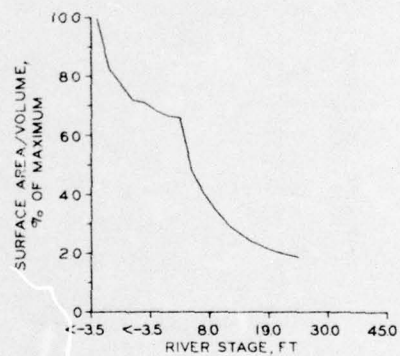
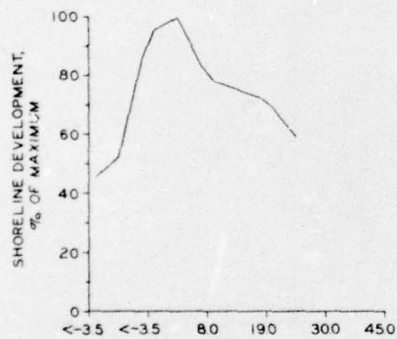
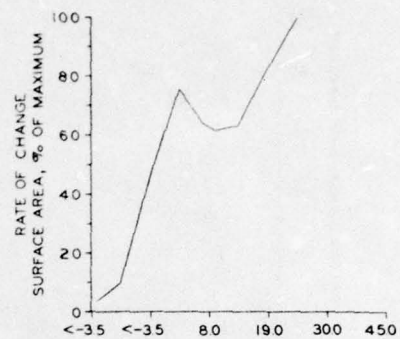
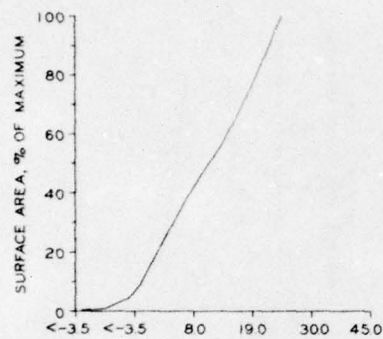
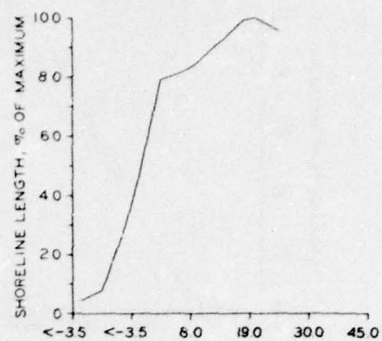
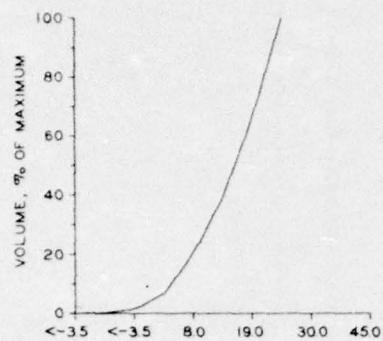


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SIDE CHANNEL LIBERTY
POOL 5

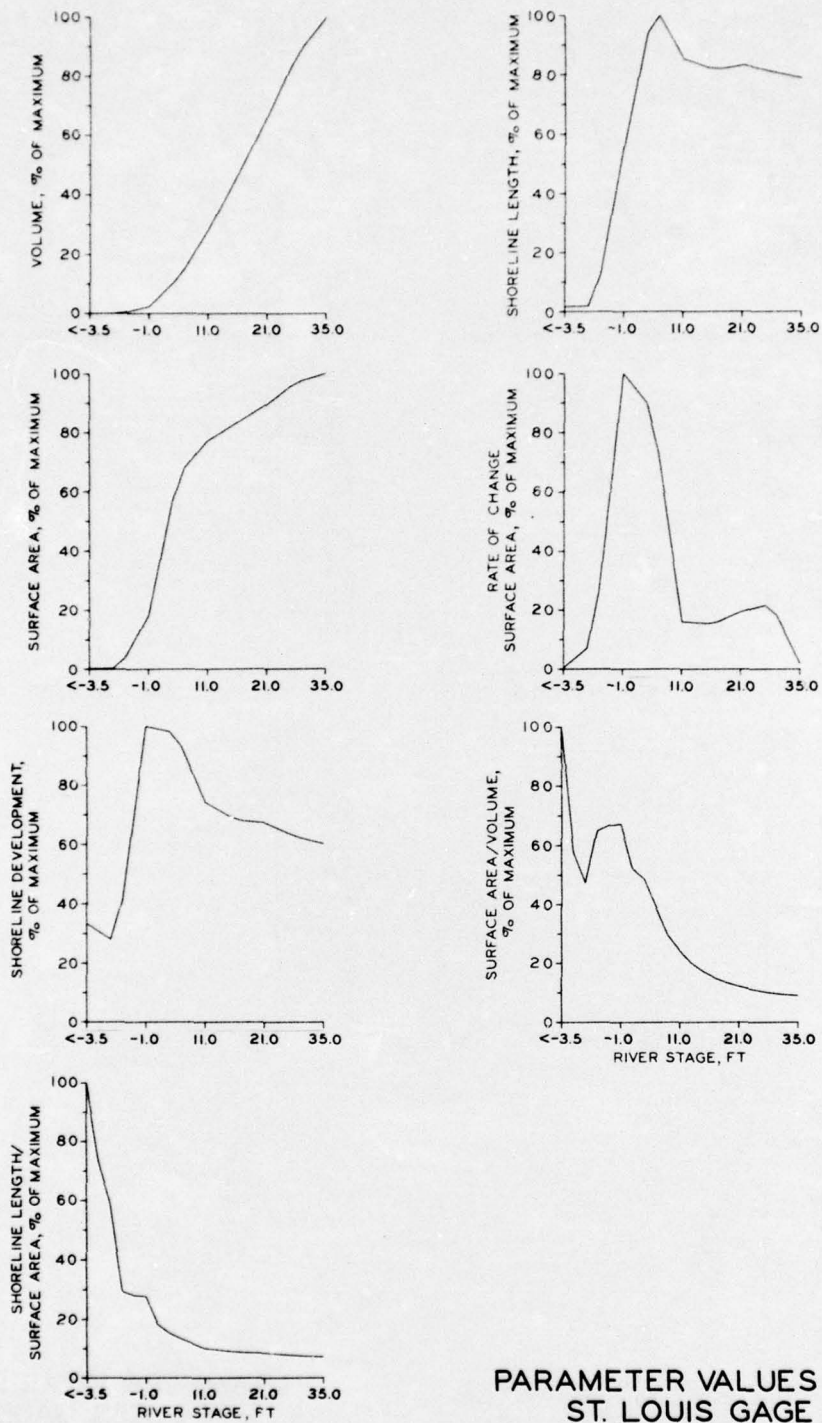


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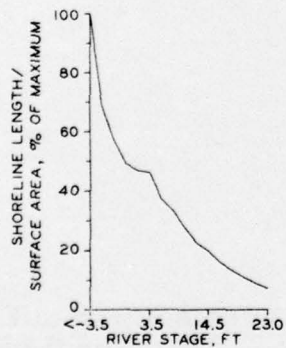
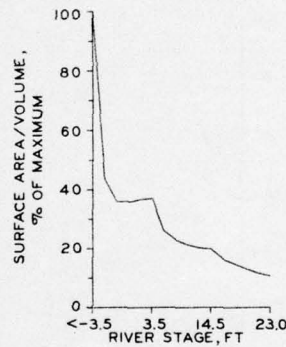
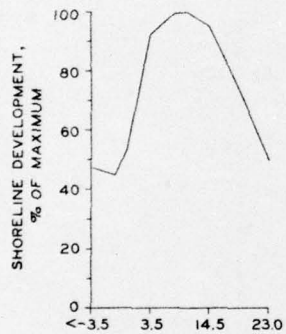
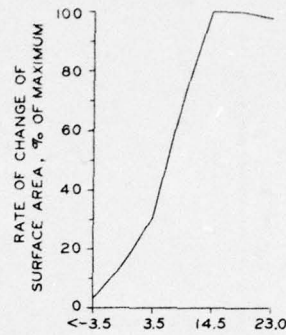
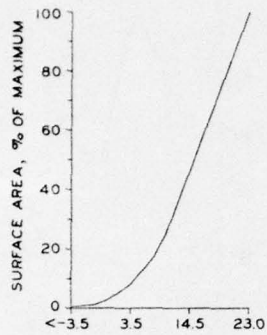
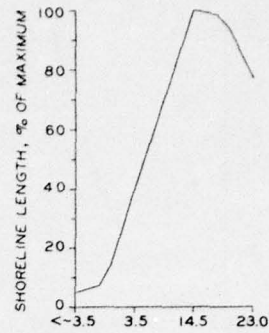
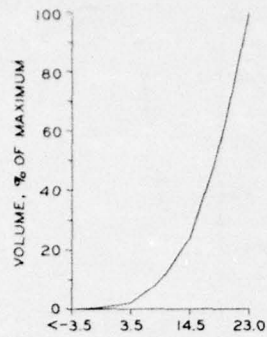




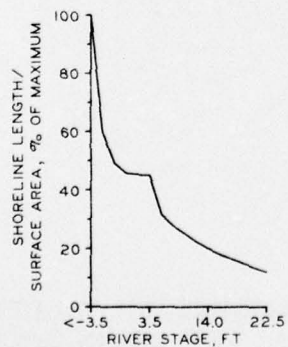
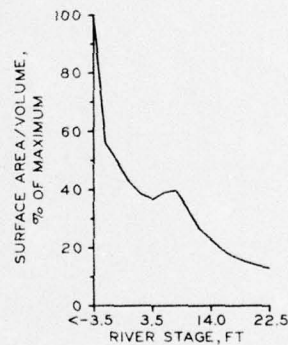
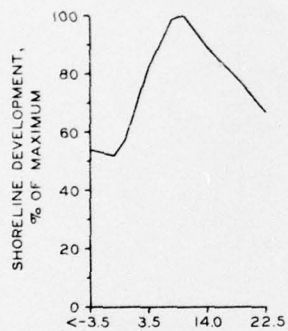
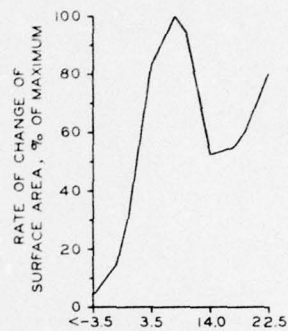
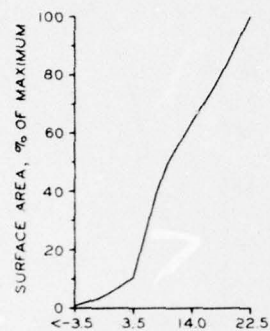
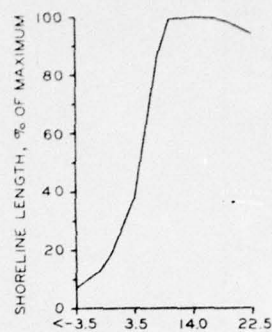
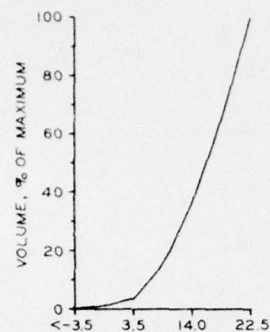
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SIDE CHANNEL CAPE BEND



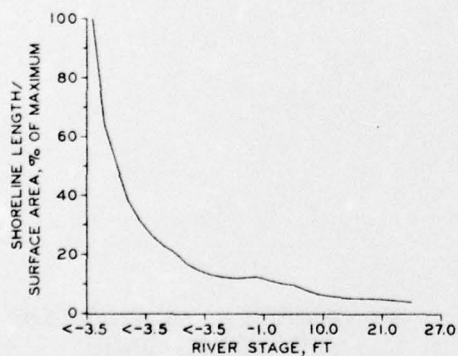
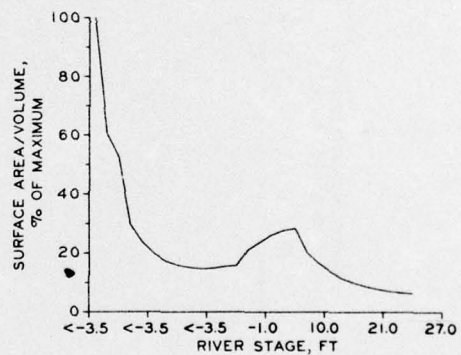
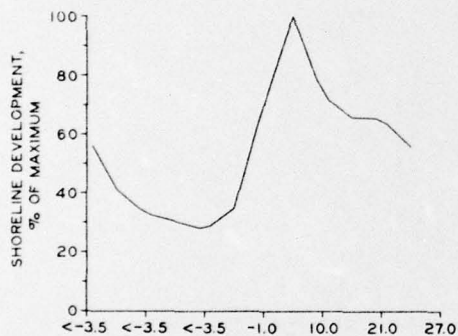
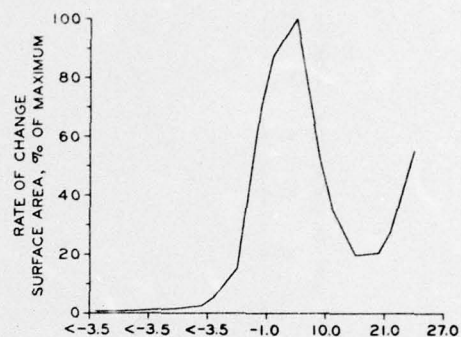
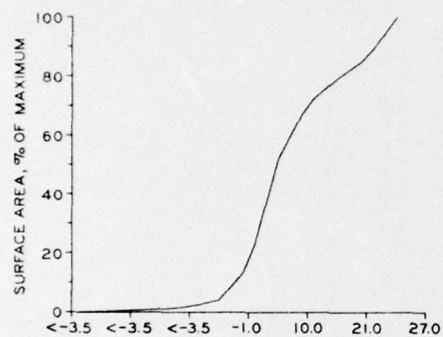
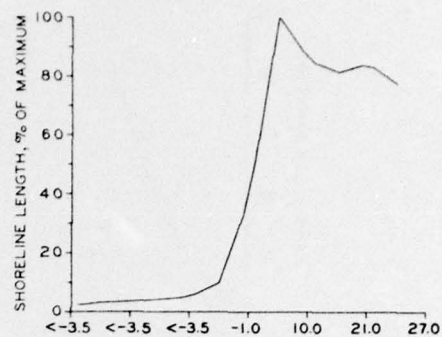
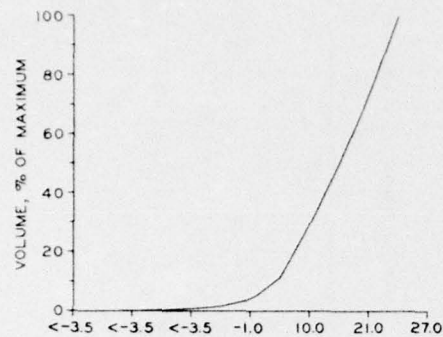
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SIDE CHANNEL SANTA FE



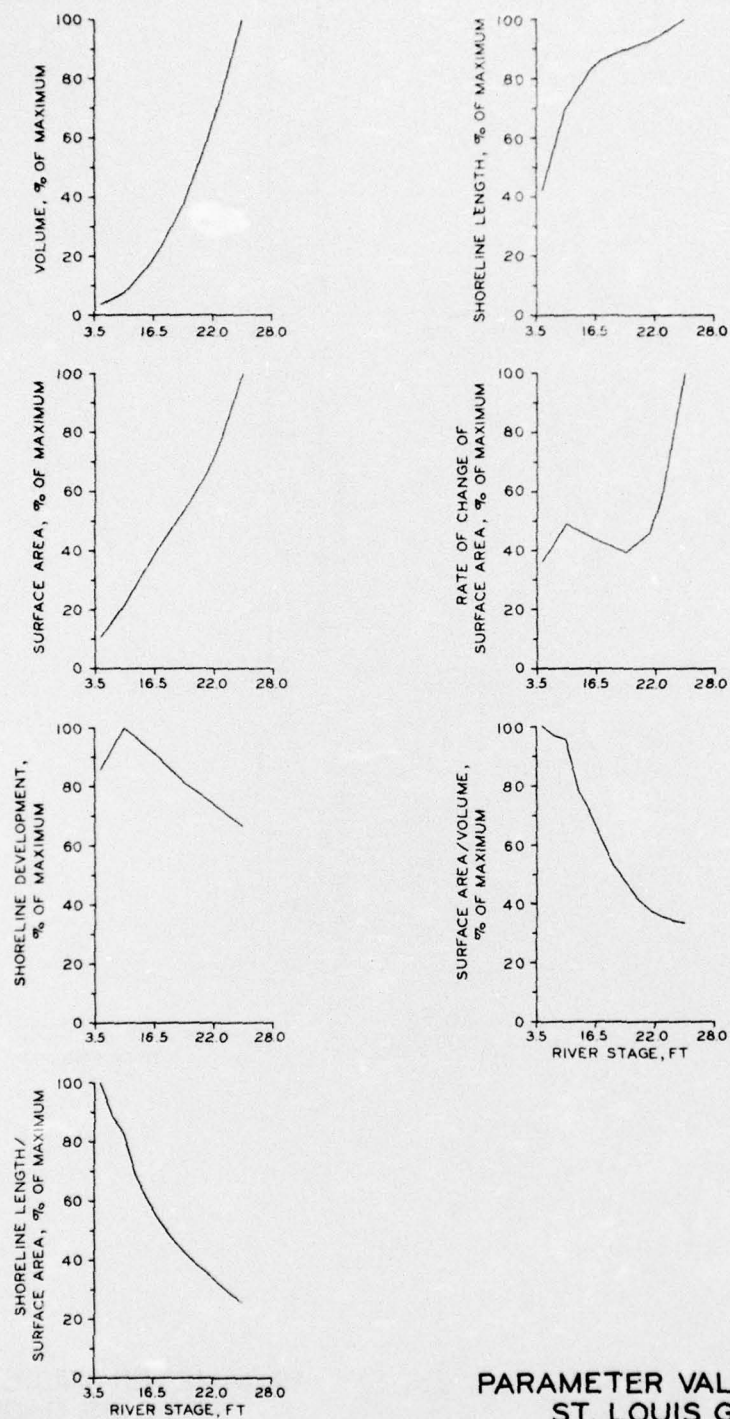
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FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL BILLINGS



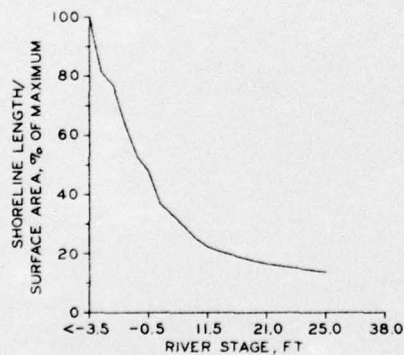
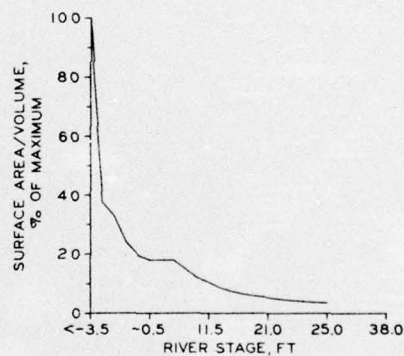
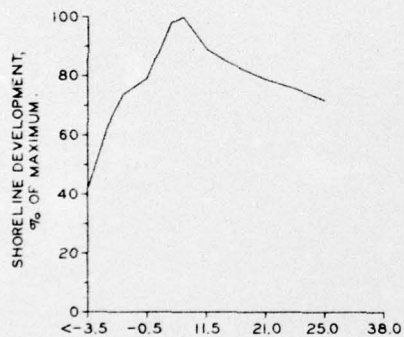
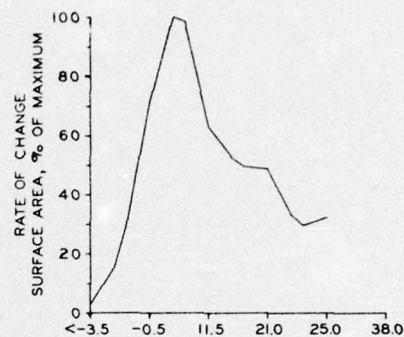
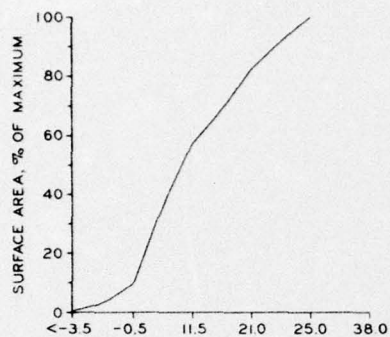
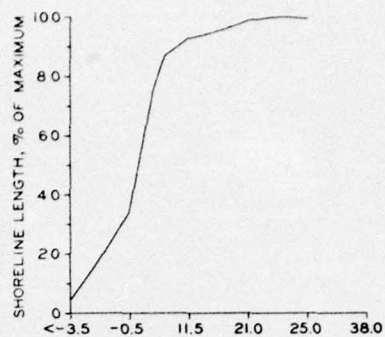
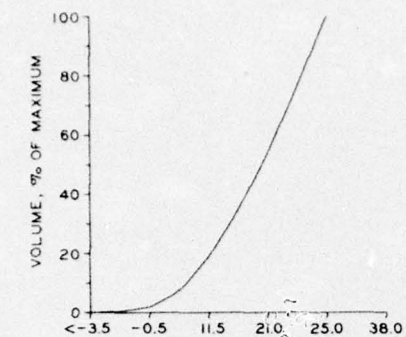
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EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL BUFFALO



PARAMETER VALUES FOR
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EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL BROWNS



PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL THOMPSON



PARAMETER VALUES FOR
ST. LOUIS GAGE
EQUIVALENT RIVER STAGE
FOR MISSISSIPPI RIVER
SIDE CHANNEL SISTER

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14. ABSTRACT Several geometric characteristics of water-basin regimes, including basin size and shape, area underwater at specific water depth, and cross-sectional area, are commonly associated with benthic, plankton, and fish community population structures, although little quantitative data are available to support the association. This two-volume report describes a general procedure that was developed to calculate values of selected parameters used to define the above-mentioned geometric characteristics of any water-basin regime. The procedure was successfully applied to yield quantitative information for those parameters for 18 side channels of the Middle Mississippi River. Which of the parameters selected as quantitative descriptors of the characteristics are best indicators of animal community population structures is expected to be determined as a result of other projects currently under way at the U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station. Volume I contains a description of the procedure and the results of implementing it; Volume II contains a set of computer-plotted contour maps for the 18 side channels.			

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